



# **Английский клуб**

# Domanghee 4 mensue

# Сомерсет Моэм ЧЕЛОВЕК СО ШРАМОМ и другие рассказы

Адаптация текста, словарь Г. К. Магидсон-Степановой Упражнения Л. Т. Добровольской

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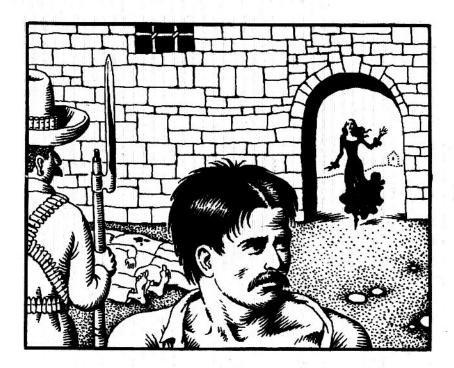
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## THE MAN WITH THE SCAR

It was on account of the scar that I first noticed him,<sup>1</sup> for it ran, broad and red, from his temple to his chin. This scar spoke of a terrible wound and I wondered whether it had been caused by a sabre or by a fragment of shell. It was unexpected on that round, fat and good-humoured face. He had small features and his face went oddly<sup>2</sup> with his large and fat body. He was a powerful man of more than common height. I never saw him in anything, but a very shabby grey suit, a khaki shirt and an old sombrero. He was far from clean. He used to come into the Palace Hotel at Guatemala

 $<sup>^{-1}</sup>$  it was on account of the scar that I first noticed him — из-за шрама я и заметил его впервые

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> his face went oddly — лицо его странно не соответствовало

City every day at cocktail time and tried to sell lottery tickets. I never saw anyone buy, but now and then I saw him offered a drink. He never refused it. He walked among the tables, pausing at each table, with a little smile offered the lottery tickets and when no notice was taken of him with the same smile passed on. I think he was the most part a little drunk.

I was standing at the bar one evening with an acquaintance when the man with the scar came up. I shook my head as for the twentieth time since my arrival he held out his lottery tickets to me. But my companion greeted him, kindly.

"How is life, general?"

"Not so bad. Business is not too good, but it might be worse."

"What will you have, general?"

"A brandy."

He drank it and put the glass back on the bar. He nodded to my acquaintance.

"Thank you."

Then he turned away and offered his tickets to the men who were standing next to us.

"Who is your friend?" I asked. "That's a terrific scar on his face."

"It doesn't add to his beauty, does it? He's an exile from Nicaragua. He's a ruffian of course and a bandit, but not a bad fellow. I give him a few pesos now and then. He took part in a rebellion and was general of the rebellious troops. If his ammunition hadn't given out he'd have upset the government and would be minister of war<sup>2</sup> now instead of selling lottery tickets in Guatemala. They captured him together with his staff, and tried him by court-martial. Such things are usually done without delay in these countries, you know, and he was sentenced to be shot at dawn. I think he knew what was coming to him<sup>3</sup> when he was caught. He spent the night in jail and he and the others, there were five of them altogether, passed the time playing poker. They used matches for chips. He

told me he'd never had such bad luck in his life: he lost and lost all the time. When the day broke and the soldiers came into the cell to fetch them for execution he had lost more matches than a man could use in a life-time.

"They were led into the courtyard of the jail and placed against a wall, the five of them side by side with the firing squad facing them. There was a pause and our friend asked the officer commanding the squad what the devil they were keeping him waiting for. The officer said that the general commanding the troops wished to attend the execution and they awaited his arrival.

"'Then I have time to smoke another cigarette,' said our friend.

"But he had hardly lit it when the general came into the courtyard. The usual formalities were performed and the general asked the condemned men whether there was anything they wished before the execution took place. Four of the five shook their heads, but our friend spoke.

"'Yes, I should like to say good-bye to my wife.'

"'Good,' said the general, "'I have no objection to that. Where is she?'

"'She is waiting at the prison door.'

"Then it will not cause a delay of more than five minutes."

"'Hardly that,2 Señor General.'

"'Have him placed on one side.'3

"Two soldiers advanced and between them the condemned rebel walked to the spot indicated. The officer in command of the firing squad on a nod from the general gave an order and the four men fell. They fell strangely, not together, but one after the other, with movements that were almost grotesque, as though they were puppets in a toy theatre. The officer went up to them and into one who was still alive emptied his revolver. Our friend finished his cigarette.

"There was a little stir at the gateway. A woman came into the courtyard, with quick steps, and then, her hand on her heart,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I saw him offered a drink — я видел, как ему предлагали выпить

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> if his ammunition hadn't given out he'd have upset the government and would be minister of war — если бы у него не кончились патроны, он бы сверг правительство и был бы военным министром

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> what was coming to him — что его ждет

<sup>1</sup> what the devil they were keeping him waiting for — какого дьявола его заставляют жлать

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  hardly that —  $3\partial$ . даже меньше

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Have him placed on one side. — Отведите его в сторону.

stopped suddenly. She gave a cry and with outstretched arms ran forward.

"'Caramba,' said the general.

"She was in black, with a veil over her hair, and her face was dead white. She was hardly more than a girl, a slim creature, with little regular features and enormous eyes. Her loveliness was such that as she ran, her mouth slightly open and the agony on her beautiful face, even the indifferent soldiers who looked at her gave a gasp of surprise.<sup>2</sup>

"The rebel advanced a step or two to meet her. She threw herself into his arms and with a cry of passion: 'soul of my heart,' he pressed his lips to hers. And at the same moment he drew a knife from his ragged shirt — I haven't a notion how he had managed to keep it — and stabbed her in the neck. The blood spurted from the cut vein and dyed his shirt. Then he threw his arms round her and once more pressed his lips to hers.

"It happened so quickly that many didn't know what had occurred, but the others gave a cry of horror; they sprang forward and seized him. They laid the girl on the ground and stood round watching her. The rebel knew where he was striking and it was impossible to stop the blood. In a moment the officer who had been kneeling by her side rose.

"'She's dead,' he whispered.

"The rebel crossed himself.

"'Why did you do it?' asked the general.

"'I loved her.'

"A sort of sigh passed through those men crowded together and they looked with strange faces at the murderer. The general stared at him for a while in silence.

"'It was a noble gesture,' he said at last, 'I cannot execute this man. Take my car and drive him to the frontier. I honour you, Señor, as one brave man must honour another.'

"And between the two soldiers without a word the rebel marched to the waiting car."

My friend stopped and for a little while I was silent. I must explain that he was a Guatemaltecan and spoke to me in Spanish.

I have translated what he told me as well as I could, but I have made no attempt to change his rather high-flown language. To tell the truth I think it suits the story.

"But how then did he get the scar?" I asked at last.

"Oh, that was due to a bottle that burst when he was opening it. A bottle of ginger ale."

"I never liked it," said I.

#### **Exercises**

# Pre-reading Tasks

- 1 How do you think the man in the story got the scar? Invent two possible story lines (5-6 sentences).
- Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Sabre, height, sombrero, Guatemala, exile, Nicaragua, ruffian, rebellion, rebel (n), rebel (v), court-martial, jail, execution, squad, condemned, grotesque, ragged, kneel, sigh, noble, frontier.

['seɪbə] [haɪt] [sɔm'brɛərou] [,gwætɪ'mɑ:lə] ['eksaɪl] [,nɪkə'rægjuə] ['rʌfjən] [rɪ'beljən] ['rebl] [rɪ'bel] [kɔːt'mɑ:ʃəl] [dʒeɪl] [,eksɪ'kju:ʃən] [skwɔd] [kən'demd] [grou'tesk] ['rægɪd] [niːl] [saɪ] ['noubl] ['frʌntjə]

### > Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

#### 1 Find in the story the English for:

шрам от виска до подбородка, добродушное лицо, довольно грязный, время от времени, знакомый, протянуть билет кому-либо, судить военным судом, быть приговоренным к расстрелу, проводить время, не везти (об удаче), заставлять кого-либо ждать, присутствовать на казни,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Caramba. — *ucn*. Черт возьми.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> gave a gasp of surprise — ахнули от удивления

вып	полнять формальности, правильные черты лица, нано-	2) He never it. A refused
сит	ь удар ножом, высокопарный язык, из-за чего-либо.	B denied
		C rejected
Lise	one of the words or word combinations from the box in an	C Tejected
	opriate form to fill each gap.	3) He to my acquaintance.
"PP"	oprime form to the each gap.	A shook his head
	now and then	B nodded
	without delay	C bowed
	a frontier	
	good-humoured	4) The general asked the condemned men whether ther
	next to	anything they wished before the execution took p
	due to	Four of the five their heads.
	far from	A shook
	an acquaintance	B nodded
	regular	C bowed
	to attend	
	to attend	5) The general commanding the troops wished to
4		the execution.
	It was unexpected on that round, fat and face.	A visit
	He was clean.	B attend
3)	I saw him offered a drink.	C be present
4)	I was standing at the bar one evening with	C be present
5)	Then he turned away and offered his tickets to the men	6) The blood spurted from the cut vein and
	who were standing us.	
6)	Such things are usually done in these countries,	shirt.
86.	you know.	A painted
7)	The general commanding the troops wished to	B dyed
	the evenution	C coloured

	the execution.	
8)	She was a slim creature, with little features and enormous eyes.	
9)	Take my car and drive him to the	
	Oh, that was a bottle that burst when he was opening it.	•
Cho	ose the right word.	
1)	But now and then I saw him a drink.  A suggested B proposed	
	C offered	
	8	

2)	He never	
	Α	refused
	В	denied
	C	rejected
3)	Не	to my acquaintance.
á		shook his head
	В	nodded
	C	bowed
4)	The gene	eral asked the condemned men whether there was
	anything	they wished before the execution took place.
	Four of	the five their heads.
	Α	shook
	В	nodded
	C	bowed
5)	The gene	eral commanding the troops wished to
- /	the execu	
		visit
		attend
		be present
6)	The bloc	od spurted from the cut vein and the
		painted
		dyed
		coloured
7)	They her.	the girl on the ground and stood watching
	Α	lay
	В	laid
	C	lied
8)	To tell t	he truth I think it the story.
59		fits
	В	suits

#### 4 Change the following sentences from the story:

#### A into direct speech.

- 1) I wondered whether it had been caused by a sabre or by a fragment of shell.
- 2) He told me he'd never had such bad luck in his life.
- Our friend asked the officer commanding the squad what the devil they were keeping him waiting for.
- 4) The officer said that the general commanding the troops wished to attend the execution and they awaited his arrival.
- The general asked the condemned men whether there was anything they wished before the execution took place.

#### B into indirect speech.

1) "How's life, general?"

"Not so bad. Business is not too good, but it might be worse."

"What will you have, general?"

"A brandy."

2) "She's dead," he whispered.

The rebel crossed himself.

"Why did you do it?" asked the general.

"I loved her."

3) "But how then did he get the scar?" I asked at last.

"Oh, that was due to a bottle that burst when he was opening it. A bottle of ginger ale."

"I never liked it," said I.

#### 5 Put the verbs:

#### A into the Active Voice.

- 1) No notice was taken of him.
- Such things are usually done without delay in these countries, you know.
- 3) I think he knew what was coming to him when he was caught.
- They were led into the courtyard of the jail and placed against the wall.

5) The usual formalities were performed.

#### B into the Passive Voice.

1) My companion greeted him.

2) They captured him together with his staff and tried him by court-martial.

3) They used matches for chips.

4) He drew a knife from his ragged shirt.

5) They laid the girl on the ground.

# 7 Decide why the nouns below are used with a, the or $\varnothing$ . Continue the lines.

1) a drink, a brandy, tea ...

- 2) would be minister of war, was general of the rebellious troops, the general stared at him ...
- 3) in jail, in the courtyard of the jail ...
- 4) such bad luck, such a noble gesture ...

# Reading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks

### 1 Answer the following questions:

- 1) Why did the author notice the man? What did the scar speak of?
- 2) What did the man with the scar look like? What was he like?
- 3) What did he use to do?
- 4) Who told the author the story of the man? How did he characterize him?
- 5) Where was the man with the scar from?
- 6) Why was he tried by court-martial? What was the sentence?
- 7) How did he spend the night before the execution?
- 8) How was the execution carried out? Why was there a pause?
- 9) What was the man's last wish? Why was it easy to fulfil?
- 10) What did his wife look like?
- 11) What happened when she threw herself into his arms? Why did the man with the scar stab her in the neck?

- 12) Why did the general say he couldn't execute the man? What did he order the soldiers to do?
- 13) Where did the man get the scar?

# 2 Retell the story according to the outline using the given words and word combinations.

1) The frame of the story: the beginning which expresses the problem and the purpose, and the end in which the author provides the answer to the main question—

To speak of, to be caused by, of more than common height, a shabby suit, far from clean, used to come, now and then, offer smb a drink, to refuse smth, to take no notice of, an acquaintance, to shake one's head, to hold out smth to, to nod to, due to.

2) The rebellion and the night in jail.

To capture, to try by court-martial, without delay, to be sentenced to, at dawn, to pass the time, to have bad luck.

2) The execution.

To be led, to face smb, to keep smb waiting, to attend the execution, to perform the formalities, to have no objection to, to cause a delay, on a nod from the general, grotesque, puppets in a toy theatre.

4) The last wish.

To give a cry, a slim creature, regular features, indifferent soldiers, to throw oneself into smb's arms, to draw a knife from, to stab smb in the neck, the cut vein, to seize, to lay smb on the ground, to stare at, a noble gesture, the frontier, to honour smb.

#### 3 Discuss the following:

 "He had small features and his face went oddly with his large and fat body. He was a powerful man of more than common height."

Do appearances reflect our personality? How does the appearance of the man with the scar reflect his personality?

2) "He told me he had never had such bad luck in his life: he lost and lost all the time."

Was it an omen before the day of the execution? What sort of omen? Do you believe in omens?

3) "Why did you do it?" asked the general.

"I loved her."

"It was a noble gesture."

Why do you think the man with the scar killed his wife? What sort of love was it? Was it a noble gesture?

4) S. Maugham mingles the exotic, the romantic with the commonplace in his story. Why do you think he does it? What are the romantic things and what are the commonplace things in the story?

5) "They fell strangely, not together, but one after the other, with movements that were almost grotesque, as though they were puppets in a toy theatre."

Do you think this description reflects the author's attitude to life and death?

6) What do you think is the key sentence of the story?

7) A proverb is a short popular saying expressing an obvious truth. One of the proverbs says:

Climb not top high lest the fall should be greater.

Comment on the proverb with reference to the story.

- 8) "I never liked it." What do you think the final sentence means?
- 9) Is the life story you invented similar in any way to the story you've read or is it quite different? How did you like the story "The Man with the Scar"?



#### THE LUNCHEON

I caught sight of her at the play and in answer to her beckoning I went over during the interval and sat down beside her. It was long since I had last seen her and if someone had not mentioned her name I do not think I would have recognized her. She addressed me brightly.

"Well, it's many years since we first met. How time flies! We are not getting any younger. Do you remember the first time I saw you? You asked me to, luncheon."

Did I remember?

It was twenty years ago and I was living in Paris. I had a tiny apartment in the Latin Quarter<sup>1</sup> and I was earning barely enough money to keep body and soul together.<sup>2</sup> She had read a book of mine and had written to me about it. I answered, thanking her, and presently I received from her another letter saying that she was passing through Paris and would like to have a chat with me; but her time was limited and the only free moment she had was on the following Thursday. She asked me if I would give her a little luncheon at Foyot's. Foyot's is a restaurant at which the French senators eat and it was so far beyond my means<sup>3</sup> that I had never even thought of going there. But I was flattered and I was too young to say no to a woman. I had eighty francs to live on till the end of the month and a modest luncheon should not cost more than fifteen. If I cut out coffee<sup>4</sup> for the next two weeks I could manage well enough.

I answered that I would meet her at Foyot's on Thursday at

half past twelve.

She was not so young as I expected and in appearance imposing rather than attractive. She was in fact a woman of forty, and she gave me the impression of having more teeth, white and large and even, than were necessary for any practical purpose. She was talkative, but since she seemed inclined<sup>5</sup> to talk about me I was prepared to be an attentive listener. I was startled when the menu was brought, for the prices were a great deal higher than I had expected. But she reassured me.

"I never eat anything for luncheon," she said.

"Oh, don't say that!"6 I answered generously.

"I never eat more than one thing. I think people eat too much nowadays. A little fish, perhaps. I wonder if they have any salmon."

Well, it was early in the year for salmon and it was not on the

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  if someone had not mentioned her name... I would have recognized her — если бы кто-либо не упомянул ее имени... (что) я бы ее узнал

the Latin Quarter — Латинский квартал (район в Париже, где обычно живут студенты, неимущие художники, писатели)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> to keep body and soul together — еле-еле сводить концы с концами

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> far beyond my means — совсем не по карману

<sup>4</sup> if I cut out coffee — если я воздержусь от кофе

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  she seemed inclined — она, по-видимому, была склонна

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Oh. don't say that! — 3д. Что вы!

menu, but I asked the waiter if there was any. Yes, they had a beautiful salmon, it was the first they had had. I ordered it for my guest. The waiter asked her if she would have something while it was being cooked.

"No," she answered, "I never eat more than one thing. Unless you had a little caviare. I never mind caviare."

My heart sank a little. I knew I could not afford caviare, but I could not tell her that. I told the waiter by all means to bring caviare. For myself I chose the cheapest dish on the menu and that was a mutton chop.

"I think you're unwise to eat meat," she said. "I don't know how you can expect to work after eating heavy things like chops. I never overload my stomach."

Then came the question of drink.

"I never drink anything for luncheon," she said.

"Neither do I," I answered promptly.

"Except white wine," she went on as though I had not spoken. "These French white wines are so light. They are wonderful for the digestion."

"What would you like?" I asked her.

"My doctor won't let me drink anything but2 champagne."

I think I turned a little pale. I ordered half a bottle. I mentioned casually that my doctor had absolutely forbidden me to drink champagne.

"What are you going to drink, then?"

"Water."

She ate the caviare and she ate the salmon. She talked gaily of art and literature and music. But I wondered what the bill would come to.<sup>3</sup> When my mutton chop arrived she said:

"I see that you're in the habit of eating a heavy luncheon. I'm sure it's a mistake. Why don't you follow my example and just eat one thing? I'm sure you'd feel much better then."

"I am only going to eat one thing," I said, as the waiter came again with the menu.

She waved him aside with a light gesture.

"No, no, I never eat anything for luncheon. Just a bite, I never want more than that. I can't eat anything more unless they had some of those giant asparagus. I should be sorry to leave Paris without having some of them."

My heart sank. I had seen them in the shops and I knew that they were horribly expensive. My mouth had often watered at the sight of them.

"Madame wants to know if you have any of those giant asparagus," I asked the waiter.

I hoped he would say no. A happy smile spread over his broad face, and he assured me that they had some so large, so splendid, so tender, that it was a marvel.

"I'm not in the least hungry," my guest sighed, "but if you insist I don't mind having some asparagus."

I ordered them.

"Aren't you going to have any?"

"No, I never eat asparagus."

"I know there are people who don't like them."

We waited for the asparagus to be cooked.<sup>3</sup> Panic seized me. It was not a question now how much money I should have left<sup>4</sup> for the rest of the month, but whether I had enough to pay the bill. It would be terrible to find myself ten francs short<sup>5</sup> and be obliged to borrow from my guest. I could not bring myself to do that.<sup>6</sup> I knew exactly how much money I had and if the bill came to more I made up my mind that I would put my hand in my pocket and with a dramatic cry start up and say my money had been stolen. If she had

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Unless you had a little caviare. — Разве что немного икры, если у вас найдется.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  won't let me drink anything but — не разрешает мне пить ничего, кроме

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  I wondered what the bill would come to — я думал о том, сколько нужно будет платить по счету

<sup>1</sup> just a bite — только легкая закуска

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> I should be sorry — мне было бы жаль

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  We waited for the asparagus to be cooked. — Мы ждали, пока сварят спаржу.

<sup>4</sup> how much money I should have left — сколько у меня останется денег

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> it would he terrible to find myself ten francs short — было бы ужасно обнаружить, что у меня не хватает десяти франков

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> I could not bring myself to do that. — Этого я не был в силах сделать.

not money enough to pay the bill then the only thing to do would be to leave my watch and say I would come back and pay later.

The asparagus appeared. They were enormous and appetizing. The smell of the melted butter tickled my nostrils. I watched the woman send them down her throat and in my polite way I talked on the condition of the drama in the Balkans. At last she finished.

"Coffee?" I said.

"Yes, just an ice-cream and coffee," she answered.

It was all the same to me now, so I ordered coffee for myself and an ice-cream and coffee for her.

"You know, there's one thing I thoroughly believe in," she said, as she ate the ice-cream. "One should always get up from a meal feeling one could eat a little more."

"Are you still hungry?" I asked faintly.

"Oh, no, I'm not hungry; you see, I don't eat luncheon. I have a cup of coffee in the morning and then dinner, but I never eat more than one thing for luncheon. I was speaking for you."

"Oh, I see!"

Then a terrible thing happened. While we were waiting for the coffee, the head waiter, with a smile on his false face, came up to us bearing a large basket full of huge peaches. Peaches were not in season then. Lord knew what they cost. I knew too — a little later, for my guest, going on with her conversation, absent-mindedly took one.

"You see, you've filled your stomach with a lot of meat and you can't eat any more. But I've just had a snack and I shall enjoy a peach."

The bill came and when I paid it I found that I had only enough for a quite inadequate tip. Her eyes rested for a moment on the three francs I left for the waiter and I knew that she thought me mean.<sup>3</sup> But when I walked out of the restaurant I had the whole month before me and not a penny in my pocket.

"Follow my example," she said as we shook hands, "and never eat more than one thing for luncheon."

"I'll do better than that," I answered. "I'll eat nothing for dinner tonight."

"Humorist!" she cried gaily, jumping into a cab. "You're quite a humorist!"

But I have had my revenge at last. Today she weighs twenty-one stone.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Exercises**

#### ☐ Pre-reading Tasks

- 1 Luncheon is a formal lunch.
  What sort of luncheon do you think you are going to read about?
  Write 3-5 sentences.
- 2 Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Latin Quarter, restaurant, senator, menu, reassure, salmon, caviare, digestion, champagne, giant, asparagus, drama, Balkans, stomach, thoroughly, inadequate, revenge, weigh.

['lætɪn 'kwɔːtə] ['restərɔːŋ] ['senətə] ['menju] [ˌriːə'ʃuə] ['sæmən] ['kævɪɑː] [dı'dʒestʃən] [ʃæm'peɪn] ['dʒaɪənt] [əs'pærəgəs] ['drɑːmə] ['bɔːlkənz] ['stʌmək] ['θʌrəlɪ] [ɪ'nædɪkwɪt] [π'vendʒ] [weɪ]

## Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

1 Find in the story the English for:

заметить кого-либо, рядом с чем-либо, как летит время!, сводить концы с концами, справиться с чем-либо, быть пораженным, разуверять, великодушно, в меню, перегружать (желудок), пишеварение, сердце упало, ничего не иметь против, у меня слюнки текли, не могу позволить

<sup>1</sup> the head waiter — старший официант

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Lord knew — (один только) Бог знал

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> she thought me mean — она сочла меня скрягой

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 21 stone = 133,3 kg. (stone английская мера веса = 6,33 кг)

себе, ничуть, занимать у кого-либо, мне было все равно, перекусить, счет, чаевые, следовать чьему-либо примеру, отомстить, весить.

2 Fill each gap with a word or word combination from the box in an appropriate form.

couldn't afford
to water
on the menu
digestion
a tip
time flies
to overload
to have one's revenge

1)	It's many years since we first met. How!	
2)	For myself I chose the cheapest dish	
3)	"I never my stomach," she said.	
4)	These French wines are wonderful for	$\mathfrak{T}$
5)	My heart sank. I knew I caviare.	
65	I had seen asparagus in the shops, my mouth often at the sight of them.	
7)	When I paid the bill I had only enough for quite inadequate	
8)	But I Today she weighs twenty-one stone.	

Replace the italicized words and word combinations with a synonym

from the box in an appropriate form.

3

to be startled
to borrow from
to manage well enough
beside
wouldn't mind
to keep body and soul together
it was all the same to me

- 1) I went over during the interval and sat down next to her.
- ) I was earning barely enough money to make both ends meet.
- 3) I thought if I cut out coffee for the next two weeks I could do well enough.
- 4) I was struck when the menu was brought.
- 5) My guest sighed, "If you insist I won't object to having some asparagus."
- 6) It would be terrible to be obliged to take money from my guest if I didn't have enough to pay for the bill.
- 7) It made no difference to me now, so I ordered coffee for myself and an ice-cream and coffee for her.

#### 4 A Which of the verb tenses in the sentences below is used to describe:

- a) an action that happened before another past action?
- b) an action in progress (going on) around a particular past moment?
- c) a completed action connected with the present?
- d) a single past action?
- 1) I've just had a snack and I shall enjoy a peach.
- 2) She ate the caviare and she ate the salmon.
- 3) It was twenty years ago and I was living in Paris.
- 4) Foyot's was so far beyond my means that I had never even thought of going there.

# B Use the verbs in brackets in an appropriate tense (active or passive).

- 1) The prices were a great deal higher than I \_\_\_\_\_. (to expect)
- 2) The waiter asked if she would have something while it \_\_\_\_\_. (to cook)
- 3) I think I \_\_\_\_\_ a little pale. (to turn)
- 4) I mentioned casually that my doctors absolutely \_\_\_\_\_ me to drink champagne. (to forbid)
- 5) While we \_\_\_\_\_ for the coffee, the head waiter came up to us with a basket full of huge peaches. (to wait)
- 6) You see, you \_\_\_\_\_ your stomach with a lot of meat and you can't eat any more. (to fill)

7)	I my revenge at last. Today she weighs twenty-one stone. (to have)
8)	When I out of the restaurant I had the whole
	month before me and not a penny in my pocket. (to walk)
A	Decide why the italicized nouns are used with $a$ , the or $\varnothing$ .
1)	<ul><li>a) I never eat anything for <i>luncheon</i>.</li><li>b) A modest luncheon would not cost more than fifteen.</li></ul>
2)	<ul> <li>a) It was early in the year for salmon.</li> <li>b) They had a beautiful salmon, it was the first they had.</li> </ul>
3)	She ate <i>the salmon</i> .  a) I ordered <i>coffee</i> for myself and <i>an ice-cream</i> and <i>coffee</i> for her.
	b) "You know, there's one thing I thoroughly believe in," she said as she ate the ice-cream.
	c) While we were waiting for <i>the coffee</i> , the head waiter came up to us.
	8
В	Use the proper article.
1) 2)	You asked me to luncheon. She asked me if I would give her little luncheon at
3)	Foyot's.  If I cut out coffee for the next two weeks I could manage well enough.
4)	I knew I could not afford caviare.
5)	I see that you are in the habit of eating heavy luncheon.
6)	I never drink anything for luncheon except white wine.
7)	I never eat asparagus.
8)	We waited for asparagus to be cooked.
Red	ading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks
Ans	wer the following questions:
1)	Where did the author catch sight of the woman? Why

5

- wouldn't he have recognized her if somebody hadn't mentioned her name?
- 2) Did he remember where he had first met her? Where was he living at that time? How much was he earning?
- 3) Why did she write to him? Where would she like him to give her a little luncheon? Why had he never thought of going to Foyot's?
- 4) Why did he agree to meet her at Foyot's?
- 5) What did she look like? What was unusual about her appearance?
- 6) Why was the author prepared to be an attentive listener?
- 7) Why was he startled when the menu was brought? How did she reassure him?
- 8) What did she repeatedly say throughout the luncheon?
- 9) What did she order first? Why did his heart sink?
- 10) What did he order for himself? What did she say about his choice?
- 11) What was she going to drink?
- 12) What did she talk about while she ate the salmon and the caviare?
- 13) Why did she say she wanted to have asparagus? Why did the author say he never ate asparagus?
- 14) Why did panic seize him? What did he decide to do if he didn't have enough money to pay the bill?
- 15) What terrible thing happened while they were waiting for the coffee?
- 16) What did she say she believed in?
- 17) Could he pay the bill? Why did he know she thought him mean?
- 18) Why did she say he was a humourist? Was he?
- 19) Has he had his revenge at last? What sort of revenge is it?
- 20) Act out the scene of the luncheon.
- 21) Act out an inner monologue of the author during the luncheon.

#### 2 Discuss the following:

- 1) Make guesses about the woman's background.
- Why do you think she wrote to the author? Do you think many people send letters to writers? Could you write to a

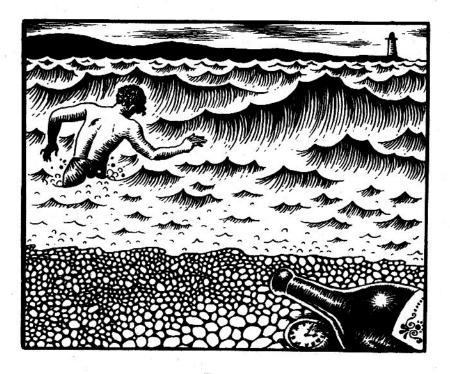
writer? What writer could you send a letter to and what would you write about?

3) Why do you think she asked him to give her a luncheon at Foyot's? Why did she order the most expensive things? Why did she repeatedly say she never ate anything for luncheon? Did she really mean it or was it a trick?

4) "She gave me the impression of having more teeth, white and large and even, than there were necessary for any practical purpose". Why do you think the author pays special attention to the description of the woman's teeth?

5) What do you think is the author's attitude to the reading public: good-humoured, ruthless, ironical or sceptical?

6) Does S. Maugham, in your opinion, try to convey any message in the story or does he only try to amuse the reader? How did you find the story?



# A FRIEND IN NEED1

For thirty years now I have been studying my fellow-men. I do not know very much about them. I suppose it is on the face that for the most part we judge<sup>2</sup> the persons we meet. We draw our conclusions from the shape of the jaw, the look in the eyes, the shape of the mouth. I shrug my shoulders when people tell me that their first impressions of a person are always right. For my own part<sup>3</sup> I find

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A friend in need (is a friend indeed). — Друг, не покинувший тебя в беде, — настоящий друг. (Английская пословица; ср.: Друзья познаются в беде.)

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  it is on the face that for the most part we judge — именно по лицу мы большей частью и судим

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> for my own part — что касается меня

that the longer I know people the more they puzzle me: my oldest friends are just those of whom I can say that I don't know anything about them.

These thoughts have occurred to me because I read in this morning's paper that Edward Hyde Burton had died at Kobe. He was a merchant and he had been in Japan for many years. I knew him very little, but he interested me because once he gave me a great surprise. If I had not heard the story from his own lips I should never have believed that he was capable of such an action. It was the more startling because both his appearance and his manner gave the impression of a very different man. He was a tiny little fellow, very slender, with white hair, a red face much wrinkled, and blue eyes. I suppose he was about sixty when I knew him. He was always neatly and quietly dressed in accordance with his age and station.

Though his offices were in Kobe Burton often came down to Yokohama. I happened on one occasion to be spending<sup>2</sup> a few days there, waiting for a ship, and I was introduced to him at the British Club. We played bridge together. He played a good game and a generous one.<sup>3</sup> He did not talk very much, either then or later when we were having drinks, but what he said was sensible. He had a quiet, dry humour. He seemed to be popular4 at the club and afterwards, when he had gone, they described him as one of the best. It happened that we were both staying at the Grand Hotel and next day he asked me to dine with him. I met his wife, fat, elderly and smiling, and his two daughters. It was evidently a united and loving family. I think the chief thing that struck me about Burton was his kindliness. There was something very pleasing in his mild blue eyes. His voice was gentle; you could not imagine that he could raise it in anger; his smile was kind. Here was a man who attracted you because you felt in him a real love for his fellows. He had charm. But there was nothing sentimental about him: he liked

his game of cards and his cocktail, he could tell a good and spicy story, and in his youth he had been something of an athlete. He was a rich man and he had made every penny himself. I suppose one thing that made you like him was that he was so small and frail; he aroused your instincts of protection. You felt that he would not hurt a fly.

One afternoon I was sitting in the lounge of the Grand Hotel. From the windows you had an excellent view of the harbour with its crowded traffic. There were great liners; merchant ships of all nations, junks and boats sailing in and out. It was a busy scene and yet, I do not know why, restful to the spirit.

Burton came into the lounge presently and caught sight of me. He seated himself in the chair next to mine.

"What do you say to a little drink?"

He clapped his hands for a boy and ordered two drinks. As the boy brought them a man passed along the street outside and seeing me waved his hand.

"Do you know Turner?" said Burton as I nodded a greeting. "I've met him at the club. I'm told he's a remittance man."

"Yes, I believe he is. We have a good many here."

"He plays bridge well."

"They generally do. There was a fellow here last year, a namesake of mine, who was the best bridge player I ever met. I suppose you never came across him in London. Lenny Burton he called himself."

"No. I don't believe I remember the name."2

"He was quite a remarkable player. He seemed to have an instinct about the cards.<sup>3</sup> It was uncanny. I used to play with him a lot. He was in Kobe for some time."

Burton sipped his gin.

"It's rather a funny story," he said. "He wasn't a bad chap. I liked him. He was always well-dressed and he was handsome in a way, with curly hair and pink-and-white cheeks. Women thought

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  if I had not heard... I should never have believed — если бы я не слышал... я никогда бы не поверил

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> I happened... to be spending — мне случилось... провести

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  He played a good game and a generous one. — Он играл толково и не скупясь.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> he seemed to be popular — он, очевидно, пользовался популярностью

<sup>1</sup> he had been something of an athlete — он был немного спортсмен

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  No. I don't believe I remember the name. — Нет, я что-то не помню такого имени.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  He seemed to have an instinct about the cards. — Им, казалось, руководило какое-то чутье при игре в карты.

a lot of him.<sup>1</sup> There was no harm in him, you know, he was only wild. Of course he drank too much. Fellows like him always do. A bit of money used to come in for him once a quarter and he made a bit more by card-playing. He won a good deal of mine, I know that."

Burton gave a kindly little chuckle.

"I suppose that is why he came to me when he went broke,<sup>2</sup> that and the fact that he was a namesake of mine. He came to see me in my office one day and asked me for a job. I was rather surprised. He told me that there was no more money coming from home and he wanted to work. I asked him how old he was.

"'Thirty five,' he said.

"And what have you been doing before?' I asked him.

"Well, nothing very much,3' he said.

"I couldn't help laughing.

"'I'm afraid I can't do anything for you just now,' I said. 'Come back and see me in another thirty-five years, and I'll see what I can do.'

"He didn't move. He went rather pale. He hesitated for a moment and then he told me that he had had bad luck at cards for some time. He hadn't a penny. He'd pawned everything he had. He couldn't pay his hotel bill and they wouldn't give him any more credit. He was down and out. If he couldn't get a job he'd have to commit suicide.

"I looked at him for a bit. I could see now that he was all to pieces. He'd been drinking more than usual and he looked fifty.

"'Well, isn't there anything you can do except play cards?' I asked him.

"'I can swim,' he said.

"'Swim!'

"I could hardly believe my ears; it seemed such a silly answer.

"'I swam for my university.'

"'I was a pretty good swimmer myself when I was a young man,' I said.

"Suddenly I had an idea.

Pausing in his story, Burton turned to me.

"Do you know Kobe?" he asked.

"No," I said, "I passed through it once, but I only spent a night there."

"Then you don't know the Shioya Club. When I was a young man I swam from there round the beacon and landed at the creek of Tarumi. It's over three miles and it's rather difficult on account of the currents round the beacon. Well, I told my young namesake about it and I said to him that if he'd do it I'd give him a job.

"I could see he was rather taken aback.2

"'You say you're a swimmer,' I said.

"I'm not in very good condition,' he answered.

"I didn't say anything. I shrugged my shoulders. He looked at me for a moment and then he nodded.

"'All right,' he said. 'When do you want me to do it?'

"I looked at my watch. It was just after ten.

"'The swim shouldn't take you much over an hour and a quarter. I'll drive round to the creek at half-past twelve and meet you. I'll take you back to the club to dress and then we'll have lunch together.'

"Done,'3 he said.

"We shook hands. I wished him good luck and he left me. I had a lot of work to do that morning and I only just managed<sup>4</sup> to get to the creek at half past twelve. I waited for him there, but in vain."

"Did he get frightened at the last moment?" I asked.

"'No, he didn't. He started swimming. But of course he'd ruined his health by drink. The currents round the beacon were

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Women thought a lot of him. — Он очень нравился женщинам.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> to go broke — остаться без гроша

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> nothing very much — ничего особенного

<sup>4</sup> they wouldn't give him any more credit — ему больше не давали в кредит

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  He was down and out. — Он был на грани отчаяния. (Он дошел до точки.)

<sup>6</sup> all to pieces — изнуренный, в полном изнеможении

<sup>1</sup> on account of — из-за, по причине

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> to take aback — поразить, ошеломить

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Done! — По рукам! Идет!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> I only just managed — я едва успел

more than he could manage.1 We didn't get the body for about three days."

I didn't say anything for a moment or two. I was a little shocked. Then I asked Burton a question.

"When you offered him the job, did you know that he'd be drowned?"

He gave a little mild chuckle and he looked at me with those kind blue eyes of his. He rubbed his chin with his hand.

"Well, I hadn't got a vacancy in my office at the moment."

#### **Exercises**

#### ☐ Pre-reading Tasks

- The title of the story you are going to read is the beginning of the proverb "A friend in need is a friend indeed". Why do you think the author doesn't give the end of the proverb?
- 2 Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Jaw, wrinkled, Yokohama, quiet, Grand Hotel, Kobe, kindliness, athlete, lounge, harbour, remittance, handsome, won, pawn, suicide, drowned.

[dʒɔ:] ['riŋkld] [joukə 'hɑ:mə] [kwaɪət] ['grænd hou'tel] ['koubɪ] ['kaɪndlınıs] ['æθli:t] ['laundʒ] ['hɑ:bə] [rı'mɪtəns] ['hænsəm] [wʌn] [pɔ:n] ['sjuɪsaɪd] ['draund]

# > Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

1 Find in the story the English for:

судить о человеке, делать вывод, озадачивать (ставить в тупик), приходить на ум, быть способным на что-либо, морщинистый, повышать голос, и мухи не обидит, помахать рукой, тезка, потягивать джин, кроме (за исключением), быть высокого мнения о ком-либо, посменваться, в отчаянном состоянии, совершить самоубийство, измученный, течение, ошеломленный, пожать плечами, пожелать удачи, тщетно (зря), подорвать здоровье, утонуть.

Fill the gaps with one of the words or word combinations from the box in an appropriate form.

to draw conclusions
to wave one's hand
a current
to be capable of
to commit suicide
in vain
to sip
to shrug one's shoulders
wrinkled
to be drowned

We \_\_\_\_ from the shape of the jaw, the look in the

	eye, the shape of the mouth.
2)	I should never have believed that he such an
	action.
3)	He was a tiny little fellow, very slender, with white
	hair, a red face much and blue eyes.
4)	A man passed along the street outside and seeing me
5)	Burton his gin.
	If he couldn't get a job he'd have to
7)	The round the beacon were more than he could
	manage.
8)	I when people tell me that their impressions of
	a person are always right.
9)	I waited for him there but
	When you offered the job did you know that he?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The currents... were more than he could manage — Течения... оказались ему не под силу

Replace the italicized words and word combinations with a synonym 3 from the box in an appropriate form.

> to judge a namesake of to raise one's voice puzzled to think a lot of to ruin one's health to occur down and out

- 1) We often form an opinion about a person by his looks.
- 2) These thoughts came to my mind because I read in this morning's newspaper about Edward Burton's death.
- 3) You could not imagine that he could speak in a higher tone in anger.
- 4) There was a fellow there last year whose name was also Edward.
- 5) Women thought highly of him.
- He was unemployed and without money.
- 7) I could see he was rather taken aback.
- But of course he'd undermined his health by drink.

### Choose the right word.

	pleasing pleased
1)	There was something in his mild blue eyes.
2)	I was to be staying at the same hotel with him
	frightening
28 -6	frightened
3)	Was he at the last moment?
4)	His suggestion was
	loving
	loved
5)	They were a family.
6)	He was much by his family.

		startling startled
		The story was because both his appearance and his manner gave the impression of a very different man.
	8)	He was when he heard Mr. Burton's suggestion.
		surprising surprised
	9)	It was that he should come to Mr. Burton when he was broke.
	10)	I was rather
5	A	Decide what the difference is between these two sentences.
	1)	<ul><li>What have you been doing before?</li><li>Well, nothing very much.</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>Well, nothing very much.</li> <li>What have you done in your life so far?</li> <li>Well, nothing very much.</li> </ul>
	B Con	Use the verbs in brackets in the Present Perfect or Present Perfect tinuous.
	3)	He more than usual recently. (to drink)
	4)	He his health by drink. (to ruin)
		He cards since he came here. (to play) He bad luck at cards for some time. (to have)
	6) .7)	I a lot of Mr. Burton these days as we are both staying at the Grand Hotel. (to see)
	8)	I just Mr. Burton sitting in the lounge of the hotel. (to see)
	9)	
	10)	I round the beacon for an hour and can't land at the creek as the current is very strong. (to swim)
6	Cha	nge the following passage into direct speech:
		hesitated for a moment and then he told me that he had bad luck at cards for some time. He hadn't a penny.

He'd pawned everything he had. He couldn't pay his hotel

bill and they wouldn't give him any more credit. He was down and out. If he couldn't get a job he'd have to commit suicide.

# 7 Say what the habits of the author and of Mr. Burton were. Use used to.

- 1) I played with him a lot.
- 2) When Mr. Burton was young he often swam round the beacon.
- 3) A bit of money usually came in for him once a quarter.
- 4) Though his offices were in Kobe Mr. Burton often came down to Yokohama.
- 5) In his youth he was an athlete.

#### 8 Change the complex sentences below into simple as in the examples.

- A Example: It so happened that I was spending a few days in Yokohama.

  I happened to be spending a few days in
- 1) It so happened that we were both staying at the Grand Hotel.
- 2) It happened that I read about Mr. Burton's death in the morning newspaper.
- 3) It so happened that I met him at the club.

Yokohama.

- 4) It so happened that Mr. Burton came into the lounge of the hotel when I was sitting there.
- 5) It so happened that I came across him in London.
- **B** Example: It seemed he was popular at the club. He seemed to be popular at the club.
- 1) It seemed he had an instinct about the cards.
- 2) It seemed they were a united family.
- 3) It seemed he had a real love for his fellows.
- 4) It seemed his suggestion took him aback.
- 5) It seemed he had been drinking more than usual.

# Reading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks

#### 1 Answer the following questions:

- 1) What thoughts occurred to the author when he read in the newspaper about Mr. Burton's death?
- 2) Why did Mr. Burton interest the author?
- 3) Where did the author make Mr. Burton's acquaintance? What did they use to do together?
- 4) What did the author know about Mr. Burton?
- 5) What did Mr. Burton look like? What attracted the author in Mr. Burton?
- 6) When and where did Mr. Burton tell the author the story of his namesake?
- 7) What kind of man was young Burton?
- 8) Why did he once come to Mr. Burton?
- 9) What was the situation he found himself in?
- 10) What idea did Mr. Burton suddenly have when his namesake said he had swum for his university?
- 11) Why was young Burton taken aback?
- 12) Why was young Burton drowned?
- 13) What was the author's reaction to the story?
- 14) Why did Mr. Burton say he offered his namesake the job?

#### 2 Give a description of a) Mr. Burton, b) his namesake, picking out the words and word combinations from the list below.

To give smb a surprise, to be capable of, curly hair, slender, to go broke, to ask for a job, wrinkled, sensible, to go pale, kindliness, to hesitate, to have bad luck, gentle, to raise one's voice, to pawn, to be down and out, love for, to commit suicide, to arouse instincts, to be all to pieces, to be taken aback, to give a chuckle, to wish smb good luck, to be drowned, to ruin one's health, to offer smb a job, to rub one's chin.

3 Act out a dialogue between Mr. Burton and his namesake.

#### 4 Discuss the following:

Why would the author never have believed that Mr. Burton was capable of such an action if he had not heard the story from his own lips? Do you think that the first impressions of a person are always right?

Comment on the following proverb (with reference to the story):

Appearances are deceitful.

- 2) Make guesses about young Burton's thirty five years of life. Why had he never done anything in his life?
- 3) Is there any evidence in the story that Mr. Burton was not all that kind and gentle? Why did he promise his namesake a job if the latter swam round the beacon? Did he know he would be drowned? Why did he come to the creek?
- 4) Why did Mr. Burton tell the author the story? Why did he say it was rather a funny story? Why did he give a little mild chuckle when the author asked him if he had known that the man would be drowned?
- 5) What is the story about beneath the surface of the narrative? Explain the title of the story. Read your answer to the question in the pre-reading section. Would you give the same answer now that you have read the story? What could have naturally be expected of "the friend in need" in that situation? What would you have told Mr. Burton if you had been his listener?
- 6) What's your main impression of the story?



#### LOUISE

I could never understand why Louise bothered with me. She disliked me and I knew that behind my back she seldom lost the opportunity of saying a disagreeable thing about me. She had too much delicacy ever to make a direct statement, but with a hint and a sigh and a little gesture of her beautiful hands she was able to make her meaning plain. It was true that we had known one another almost intimately for five and twenty years, but it was impossible for me to believe that this fact meant much to her. She thought me a brutal, cynical and vulgar fellow. I was puzzled at her not leaving me alone. She did nothing of the kind; indeed, she

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  I was puzzled at her not leaving me alone. — Я недоумевал, почему она не оставит меня в покое.

was constantly asking me to lunch and dine with her and once or twice a year invited me to spend a week-end at her house in the country. Perhaps she knew that I alone saw her face behind the mask and she hoped that sooner or later I too should take the mask for the face.

I knew Louise before she married. She was then a frail, delicate girl with large and melancholy eyes. Her father and mother adored and worshipped her, for some illness, scarlet fever I think, had left her with a weak heart and she had to take the greatest care of herself. When Tom Maitland proposed to her they were dismayed, for they were convinced that she was much too delicate for marriage. But they were not too well off and Tom Maitland was rich. He promised to do everything in the world for Louise and finally they entrusted her to him. Tom Maitland was a big strong fellow, very good-looking and a fine athlete. He adored Louise. With her weak heart he could not hope to keep her with him long and he made up his mind to do everything he could to make her few years on earth happy. He gave up the games he played excellently, not because she wished him to, but because it so happened that she always had a heart attack whenever he was going to leave her for a day. If they had a difference of opinion she gave in to him at once for she was the most gentle wife a man could have, but her heart failed her and she would stay in bed, sweet and uncomplaining, for a week. He could not be such a brute as to cross her.

On one occasion seeing her walk eight miles on an expedition that she especially wanted to make, I remarked to Tom Maitland that she was stronger than one would have thought. He shook his head and sighed.

"No, no, she's dreadfully delicate. She's been to all the best heart specialists in the world and they all say that her life hangs on a thread. But she has a wonderfully strong spirit."

He told her that I had remarked on her endurance.

"I shall pay for it tomorrow," she said to me in her melancholy way. "I shall be at death's door."

"I sometimes think that you're quite strong enough to do the things you want to," I murmured.

I had noticed that if a party was amusing she could dance till

five in the morning, but if it was dull she felt very poorly<sup>1</sup> and Tom had to take her home early. I am afraid she did not like my reply, for though she gave me a sad little smile I saw no amusement in her large blue eyes.

"You can't expect me to fall down dead just to please you," she answered.

Louise outlived her husband. He caught his death of cold<sup>2</sup> one day when they were sailing and Louise needed all the rugs there were to keep her warm. He left her a comfortable fortune and a daughter. Louise was inconsolable. It was wonderful that she managed to survive the shock. Her friends expected her speedily to follow poor Tom Maitland to the grave. Indeed they already felt dreadfully sorry for Iris, her daughter, who would be left an orphan.<sup>3</sup> They redoubled their attentions towards Louise. They would not let her stir a finger;<sup>4</sup> they insisted on doing everything in the world to save her trouble.5 They had to, because if it was necessary for her to do anything tiresome or unpleasant her heart failed her and she was at death's door. She was quite lost without a man to take care of her, she said, and she did not know how, with her delicate health, she was going to bring up her dear Iris. Her friends asked her why she did not marry again. Oh, with her heart it was out of the question, she answered.

A year after Tom's death, however, she allowed George Hobhouse to lead her to the altar. He was a fine fellow and he was not at all badly off. I never saw anyone so grateful as he for the privilege of being allowed to take care of this frail little thing.<sup>6</sup>

"I shan't live to trouble you long," she said.

He was a soldier and an ambitious one, but he threw up his career. Louise's health forced her to spend the winter at Monte

than one would have thought — чем можно было бы предположить

<sup>1</sup> to feel... poorly — чувствовать себя нездоровым

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> he caught his death of cold — он сильно простудился и умер

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> would be left an orphan — которая осталась бы сиротой

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> they would not let her stir a finger — они не давали ей мизинцем шевельнуть

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> to save smb trouble — избавить кого-л. от беспокойства

 $<sup>^6</sup>$  for the privilege of being allowed to take care of this frail little thing — за милость, которую ему оказали, разрешив заботиться об этой хрупкой крошке

Carlo and the summer at Deauville. He prepared to make his wife's last few years as happy as he could.

"It can't be very long now," she said. "I'll try not to be troublesome."

For the next two or three years Louise managed, in spite of her weak heart, to go beautifully dressed to all the most lively parties, to gamble very heavily, 1 to dance and even to flirt with tall slim young men. But George Hobhouse had not the strength of Louise's first husband and he had to brace himself now and then with a drink for his day's work as Louise's second husband. It is possible that the habit would have grown on him, which Louise would not have liked at all, but very fortunately (for her) the war broke out. He rejoined his regiment and three months later was killed. It was a great shock to Louise. She felt, however, that in such a crisis she must not give way to a private grief; and if she had a heart attack nobody heard of it. In order to distract her mind she turned her villa at Monte Carlo into a hospital for convalescent officers. Her friends told her that she would never survive the strain.

"Of course it will kill me," she said, "I know that. But what does it matter? I must do my bit.3"

It didn't kill her. She had the time of her life.4 There was no convalescent home in France that was more popular. I met her by chance in Paris. She was lunching at a restaurant with a tall and very handsome young Frenchman. She explained that she was there on business connected with the hospital. She told me that the officers were very charming to her. They knew how delicate she was and they wouldn't let her do a single thing. They took care of her, well - as though they were all her husbands. She sighed.

"Poor George, who would ever have thought<sup>5</sup> that I with my heart should survive him?"

"And poor Tom!" I said.

I don't know why she didn't like my saying that. She gave me her melancholy smile and her beautiful eyes filled with tears.

"You always speak as though you grudged me the few years

that I can expect to live."

"By the way, your heart's much better; isn't it?"

"It'll never be better. I saw a specialist this morning and he said I must be prepared for the worst."

"Oh, well, you've been prepared for that for nearly twenty

years now, haven't you?"

When the war came to an end Louise settled in London. She was now a woman of over forty, thin and frail still, with large eyes and pale cheeks, but she did not look a day more than twenty-five. Iris, who had been at school and was now grown up, came to live with her.

"She'll take care of me," said Louise. "Of course it'll be hard on her to live with such a great invalid as I am, but it can only be

for such a little while. I'm sure she won't mind."

Iris was a nice girl. She had been brought up with the knowledge that her mother's health was very weak. As a child she had never been allowed to make a noise. She had always realized that her mother must on no account1 be upset. And though Louise told her now that she would not hear of her sacrificing herself for a tiresome old woman the girl simply would not listen.

With a sigh her mother let her do a great deal.

"It pleases the child to think she's making herself useful," she said.

"Don't you think she ought to go out more?" I asked.

"That's what I'm always telling her. I can't get her to enjoy herself.<sup>2</sup> Heaven knows, I never want anyone to give up their pleasures on my account."3

And Iris, when I talked to her about it, said: "Poor dear mother, she wants me to go and stay with friends and go to parties, but the moment I start off anywhere she has one of her heart attacks, so I much prefer to stay at home."

But presently she fell in love. A young friend of mine, a very

<sup>1</sup> to gamble very heavily — играть в азартные игры на очень крупные суммы

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> the habit would have grown on him, which Louise would not have liked at all — он мог бы пристраститься к этому, что вовсе бы не понравилось Луизе

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> to do one's bit — внести свою лепту

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> to have the time of one's life — наслаждаться жизнью, как никогда

<sup>5</sup> who would ever have thought - кто бы мог подумать

<sup>1</sup> on no account — ни в коем случае

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> I can't get her to enjoy herself. — Я не могу убедить ее, чтобы она развлекалась.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> on my account — из-за меня

good lad, asked her to marry him and she consented. I liked the child and was glad that she would be given at last the chance to lead a life of her own. But one day the young man came to me in great distress and told me that the marriage was postponed for an indefinite time. Iris felt that she could not desert her mother. Of course it was really no business of mine, but I made the opportunity to go and see Louise. She was always glad to receive her friends at teatime.

"Well, I hear that Iris isn't going to be married," I said after a while.

"I don't know about that. She's not going to be married as soon as I wished. I've begged her on my bended knees not to consider me, but she absolutely refuses to leave me."

"Don't you think it's rather hard on her?"

"Dreadfully. Of course it can only be for a few months, but I hate the thought of anyone sacrificing themselves for me."

"My dear Louise, you've buried two husbands, I can't see why you shouldn't bury at least two more."

"Oh, I know, I know what you've always thought of me. You've never believed that I had anything the matter with me,<sup>2</sup> have you?"

I looked at her full and square.3

"Never. I think you've carried out a bluff<sup>4</sup> for twenty-five years. I think you're the most selfish and monstrous woman I have ever known. You ruined the lives of those two unhappy men you married and now you're going to ruin the life of your daughter."

I should not have been surprised if Louise had had a heart attack then.<sup>5</sup> I fully expected her to fly into a passion.<sup>6</sup> She only gave me a gentle smile.

"My poor friend, one of these days you'll be so dreadfully sorry you said this to me."

"Have you quite decided that Iris shall not marry1 this boy?"

"I've begged her to marry him. I know it'll kill me, but I don't mind. Nobody cares for me.<sup>2</sup> I'm just a burden to everybody."

"Did you tell her it would kill you?"

"She made me."

"Nobody can make you do anything that you yourself don't want to do."

"She can marry her young man tomorrow if she likes. If it kills me, it kills me."

"Well, let's risk it, shall we?"

"Haven't you got any pity for me?"

"One can't pity anyone who amuses one as much as you amuse me," I answered.

A spot of colour appeared on Louise's pale cheeks and though she smiled her eyes were hard and angry.

"Iris shall marry in a month's time," she said, "and if anything happens to me I hope you and she will be able to forgive yourselves."

Louise was as good as her word. A date was fixed, a rich trousseau was ordered, and invitations were sent. Iris and the lad were very happy. On the wedding-day, at ten o'clock in the morning, Louise, that devilish woman, had one of her heart attacks — and died. She died gently forgiving Iris for having killed her.

#### **Exercises**

#### Pre-reading Tasks

1 Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Louise, disagreeable, delicacy, cynical, brutal, mask, melancholy, worship, dismay, endurance, murmur,

<sup>1</sup> to make the opportunity — найти предлог

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  that I had anything the matter with me — что у меня что-то не в порядке со здоровьем

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> to look full and square — посмотреть в упор

<sup>4</sup> you've carried out a bluff — вы всех дурачили

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  I should not have been surprised if Louise had had a heart attack then. — Я бы не удивился, если бы с Луизой случился тогда сердечный приступ.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> to fly into a passion — взорваться, прийти в негодование (ярость)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Iris shall not marry — Айрис не выйдет замуж

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Nobody cares for me. — Никто меня не любит.

inconsolable, orphan, altar, privilege, ambitious, career, Monte Carlo, crisis, convalescent, invalid, desert, trousseau, sacrifice.

[lu'i:z] [,disə'qriəbl] ['delikəsi] ['sinikəl] ['bru:tl] [ma:sk] ['melənkəli] ['wə:fip] [dis'mei] [in'djuərəns] ['mə:mə] [,inkən'souləbl] ['ɔ:fən] ['ɔ:ltə] ['privilidʒ] [æm'bifəs] [kə'riə] ['mountə 'ka:lou] ['kraisis] [,kənvə'lesnt] ['invæli:d] [di'zə:t] ['tru:sou] ['sækrıfais]

#### > Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

#### 1 Find in the story the English for:

за чьей-либо спиной, оставить в покое, принимать за чтолибо, обожать, заботиться о ком-либо, сделать предложение кому-либо, быть убежденным, быть состоятельным, уступать кому-либо, пережить кого-либо, пальцем не пошевелить, воспитывать, об этом не может быть и речи, поддаваться горю, превратить что-либо в, наслаждаться жизнью, быть несправедливым по отношению к кому-либо, жертвовать (собой), бывать в обществе, иметь личную жизнь, отложить на неопределенное время, хоронить, жалость к, жалеть кого-либо, сдержать слово, назначить день, сердечный приступ.

## Fill each gap with one of the words or word combinations from the box in an appropriate form.

to give in
to turn smth into
to sacrifice
to be convinced
to survive
to lead a life of one's own
to bury
to take smth for
to bring smth up
to go out

1)	she hoped that sooner or later I should the mask the face.
2)	Her parents that she was much too delicate for marriage.
3)	If they had a difference of opinion she to him.
4)	It was wonderful that she managed to the shock.
	She didn't know how, with her delicate health, she was
5)	going to her dear Iris.
()	In order to distract her mind she her villa at
6)	
7)	Monte Carlo a hospital.
7)	Don't you think she ought more?
8)	I was glad that she would be given at last the chance
9)	I hate the thought of anyone themselves for me.
10)	My dear Louise, you two husbands, I can't see
10,	why you shouldn't at least two more.
	willy you shouldn't as least the
	place the italicized words and word combinations with a synonym n the box in an appropriate form.
Iroi	n the box in an appropriate form.
	to worship
	to leave smb alone
	to have the time of one's life
	behind smb's back
	to be as good as one's word
	to postpone
	to be well off
	to take care of
	to take care of
1)	She never said a disagreeable thing straight to my face.
2)	I was puzzled at her not leaving me in peace.
	Tom adored Louise.
3)	He was a fine fellow and he was well-to-do.
4)	
5)	It didn't kill her. She enjoyed her life.
6)	But one day the young man came to me in great distress and told me that the marriage was put off for an indefinite
	time.
7)	
8)	Louise kept her word.

3

4	<ul> <li>A In which of the following sentences is would used to express:</li> <li>a) a repeated action in the past?</li> <li>b) insistence?</li> <li>1) Louise wouldn't leave him alone.</li> <li>2) Her heart failed her and she would stay in bed for a week.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3) He saw her at the parties.</li> <li>4) The officers were charming. They wouldn't let her</li> <li>5) He saw her beautiful eyes</li> <li>6) With a sigh her mother let her</li> <li>7) I don't want anyone on my account.</li> <li>8) I fully expected her</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>3) They would not let her stir a finger.</li><li>4) She would spend the winter in Monte Carlo.</li></ul>	9) She made me it would kill me. 10) I'll get her tomorrow.
	B Say what Louise would do and what Iris would not do. Make use of the prompts below.	Reading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks
	To ask smb to lunch, to go out, to listen to, to say a disagreeable thing about smb behind smb's back, to desert, to have a heart attack, to go to all the most lively parties, to marry.	1 Answer the following questions: 1) How long had the author known Louise?
5	A Say which of the italicized verbs is followed by: a) the full infinitive?	<ul><li>What was her attitude to him?</li><li>What was she like when he first knew her?</li><li>Why did she have to take the greatest care of herself?</li></ul>
	b) the bare infinitive? Fill the gaps.	<ul><li>5) Why did her parents agree to her marrying Tom Maitland?</li><li>6) What kind of husband did Tom make? What kind of wife did Louise make?</li></ul>
	1) They wouldn't let her do a single thing. 2) She wants me go and stay with friends. 3) I can't get her enjoy herself. 4) I saw her walk eight miles on an expedition that	<ul><li>7) What made the author think that Louise was stronger than one would have thought?</li><li>8) How did Tom catch his death? What did he leave Louise?</li></ul>
	she especially wanted to make.  5) Her friends <i>expected</i> her speedily follow poor Tom.	<ul> <li>9) Why did Louise's friends redouble their attention towards her?</li> <li>10) What was her second husband like?</li> <li>11) How did Louise spend the two or three years after her</li> </ul>
	6) Nobody can <i>make</i> you do anything that you yourself don't want to.	second marriage? 12) Where did George find his death?
	B Make the sentences complete using the complex objects from the list below.	<ul><li>13) How did Louise try to distract her mind?</li><li>14) What did she do when the war came to an end?</li><li>15) Why did her daughter Iris come to stay with her in</li></ul>
	Flirt with tall slim young men, do a great deal, tell her, fall down dead, do a single thing, give up their pleasures, marry the young man, spend the winter, fill with tears, fly into a passion.	London?  16) How had Iris been brought up?  17) Why did she prefer to stay at home rather than go out?  18) Why was her marriage postponed for an indefinite time?  19) How did the author manage to make Louise agree to Iris's
	<ol> <li>You can't expect me just to please you.</li> <li>Louise's health made her at Monte Carlo.</li> </ol>	marriage? 20) What happened on the wedding-day?

#### 2 Match the adjectives on the left with the nouns on the right according to the story. Say which of the characters of the story each word combination refers to.

large and melancholy	spirit
selfish and monstrous	statement
direct	fellow
wonderfully strong	girl
disagreeable	eves
brutal, cynical and vulgar	young men
big, strong and good-looking	woman
frail delicate	thing
tall slim	fellow

## 3 Tell the story of Louise according to the outline below.

- 1) Louise and the author.
- 2) Louise and her first husband.
- 3) Louise and her second husband.
- 4) Louise and her friends.
- 5) Louise and her daughter.
- 6) Louise: the face and the mask.

#### 4 Discuss the following:

- Why do you think Louise could always find a man to take care of her? Why did her two husbands give up everything to make her happy?
- Why did her second husband have to brace himself now and then with a drink for his day's work of Louise's husband? What kind of work do you think it was?
- 3) Why do you think Louise turned her villa at Monte Carlo into a hospital? Did she really mean to distract her mind?
- 4) Why didn't she look at forty a day more than twentyfive?
- 5) Was Louise's health really very weak or did she "carry out a bluff for twenty-five years" as the author put it? Was she "the most selfish and monstrous woman"?
- 6) Did she "ruin the lives of those two unhappy men she married"? Was she going to ruin the life of her daughter?

- "She died gently forgiving Iris for having killed her". What does the final sentence of the story mean? Why do you think Louise died on the wedding day?
- 8) What's your personal reaction to the story?



#### **HOME**

The farm lay in a hollow among the Somersetshire hills, an old-fashioned stone house, surrounded by barns and outhouses. Over the doorway the date when it was built had been carved, 1673, and the house, grey and weather-beaten, looked as much a part of the landscape<sup>1</sup> as the trees that surrounded it. An avenue of splendid elms led from the road to the garden. The people who lived here were as stolid, sturdy and unpretentious as the house. Their only boast was that ever since the house was built from father to son they had been born and died in it. For three hundred years they had farmed the surrounding land.

But the master of the house was not George Meadows; it was his mother. She was a woman of seventy, tall, upright and dignified, with grey hair, and though her face was much wrinkled, her eyes were bright and shrewd. Her word was law in the house and on the farm; but she had humour, and if her rule was despotic it was also kindly. People laughed at her jokes and repeated them.

One day Mrs. George<sup>2</sup> stopped me on my way home. She was all in a flutter.<sup>3</sup> (Her mother-in-law was the only Mrs. Meadows we knew: George's wife was only known as Mrs. George.)

"Who do you think is coming here today?" she asked me. "Uncle George Meadows. You know, the one that was in China."

"Why,4 I thought he was dead."

"We all thought he was dead."

I had heard the story of Uncle George Meadows a dozen times, and it had amused me because it was like an old ballad: it was touching to come across it in real life. For Uncle George Meadows and Tom had both courted Mrs. Meadows when she was Emily Green, fifty years and more ago, and when she married Tom, George had gone away to sea.

They heard of him on the China coast.<sup>5</sup> For twenty years now and then he sent them presents; then there was no more news of him. When Tom Meadows died his widow wrote and told him, but received no answer, and at last they came to the conclusion that he must be

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  looked as much a part of the landscape — казался такой же неотъемлемой частью пейзажа

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> in the prime of life — в расцвете лет

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mrs. George — миссис Джордж (по существующим законам в Англии и Америке замужней женщине официально присваивается не только фамилия, но и имя мужа)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> She was all in a flutter. — Она была сильно возбуждена.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> why — междометие, выражающее удивление, нерешительность, возражение

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  They heard of him on the China coast. — Они узнали, что он находится где-то у берегов Китая.

dead. But two or three days ago to their astonishment they had received a letter from the matron of the sailors' home<sup>1</sup> at Portsmouth saying that for the last ten years George Meadows, crippled with rheumatism, had been living there and feeling that he had not much longer to live, wanted to see once more the house in which he was born. Albert Meadows, his great nephew, had gone over to Portsmouth in the car to fetch him and he was to arrive that afternoon.

"Just fancy," said Mrs. George, "he's not been here for more than fifty years. He's never even seen my George, who's fifty-one next birthday."

"And what does Mrs. Meadows think of it?" I asked.

"Well, you know what she is. She sits there and smiles to herself. All she says is, 'He was a good-looking young fellow when he left, but not so steady as his brother.' That's why she chose my George's father. 'But he's probably quietened down by now,' she says."

Mrs. George asked me to look in and see him. With the simplicity of a country woman who had never been further from her home than London, she thought that because we had both been in China we must have something in common. Of course I went to see him. I found the whole family assembled when I arrived; they were sitting in the great old kitchen, with its stone floor, Mrs. Meadows in her usual chair by the fire, very upright, and I was amused to see that she had put on her best silk dress, while her son and his wife sat at the table with their children. On the other side of the fireplace sat an old man. He was very thin and his skin hung on his bones like an old suit much too large for him; his face was wrinkled and yellow and he had lost nearly all his teeth.

I shook hands with him.

"Well, I'm glad to see you've got here safely, Mr. Meadows," I said.

"Captain," he corrected.

"He walked here," Albert, his great nephew, told me. "When he got to the gate he made me stop the car and said he wanted to walk."

"And mind you,<sup>2</sup> I've not been out of my bed for two years. They carried me down and put me in the car. I thought I'd never

walk again, but when I saw those elm-trees, I felt I could walk. I walked down that drive fifty-two years ago when I went away and now I've walked back again."

"Silly, I call it," said Mrs. Meadows.

"It's done me good. I feel better and stronger than I have felt for ten years. I'll see you out yet, 1 Emily!"

"Don't be too sure," she answered.

I suppose no one had called Mrs. Meadows by her first name for a generation. It gave me a little shock, as though the old man were taking a liberty<sup>2</sup> with her. She looked at him with a shrewd smile in her eyes and he, talking to her, grinned with his toothless gums. It was strange to look at them, these two old people who had not seen one another for half a century, and to think that all that long time ago he had loved her and she had loved another. I wondered if they remembered what they had felt then and what they had said to one another. I wondered if it seemed to him strange now that because of that old woman he had left the home of his fathers, and lived an exile's life.

"Have you ever been married, Captain Meadows?" I asked.

"Not me," he answered with a grin. "I know too much about women for that."

"That's what you say," retorted Mrs. Meadows. "If the truth was known I shouldn't be surprised to hear that you had half-adozen black wives in your day."

"They're not black in China, Emily, you ought to know better than that,<sup>5</sup> they're yellow."

"Perhaps that's why you've got so yellow yourself. When I saw you, I said to myself, why, he's got jaundice."

"I said I'd never marry anyone but you, Emily, and I never have."

He said it very simply, as a man might say, "I said I'd walk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> sailors' home — дом призрения для престарелых моряков

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> mind you — имейте в виду

<sup>1</sup> I'll see you out yet — я тебя еще переживу

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  it gave me a little shock, as though the old man were taking a liberty — я был несколько шокирован, как будто старик позволил себе вольность

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> That's what you say. — Это одни слова.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> I shouldn't be surprised — я бы не удивилась

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  you ought to know better than that — как можно не знать такой вещи (тебе бы следовало знать это)

twenty miles and I've done it." There was a trace of satisfaction in his speech.

"Well, you might have regretted it if you had, 1" she answered. I talked a little with the old man about China.

"There's not a port in China that I don't know better than you know your coat pocket. Where a ship can go I've been. I could keep you sitting here all day long for six months and not tell you half the things I've seen in my day."

"Well, one thing you've not done, George, as far as I can see," said Mrs. Meadows, the smile still in her blue eyes, "and that's to make a fortune."

"I am not a man to save money.<sup>2</sup> Make it and spend it; that's my motto. But one thing I can say for myself: if I had the chance of going through my life again, I'd take it. And not many men can say that."

"No, indeed," I said.

I looked at him with admiration and respect. He was a toothless, crippled, penniless old man, but he had made a success of his life,<sup>3</sup> for he had enjoyed it. When I left him he asked me to come and see him again next day. If I was interested in China he would tell me all the stories I wanted to hear.

Next morning I thought I would go and ask if the old man would like to see me. I walked down the beautiful avenue of elm-trees and when I came to the garden saw Mrs. Meadows picking flowers. I said good morning and she raised herself. She had a huge armful of white flowers. I glanced at the house and I saw that the blinds were drawn: I was surprised, for Mrs. Meadows liked the sunshine.

"Time enough to live in the dark when you're buried," she always said.

"How's Captain Meadows?" I asked her.

"He always was a harum-scarum fellow," she answered. "When Lizzie brought him a cup of tea this morning she found he was dead."

"Dead?"

"Yes. Died in his sleep. I was just picking these flowers to put in the room. Well, I'm glad he died in that old house. It always means a lot to the Meadows to do that."

They had had a good deal of difficulty in persuading him to go to bed. He had talked to them of all the things that had happened to him in his long life. He was happy to be back in his old home. He was proud that he had walked up the drive without assistance, and he boasted that he would live for another twenty years. But fate had been kind: death had written the full stop in the right place.

Mrs. Meadows smelt the white flowers that she held in her arms.

"Well, I'm glad he came back," she said. "After I married Tom Meadows and George went away, the fact is I was never quite sure that I'd married the right one."

#### **Exercises**

# Pre-reading Tasks

- Home is the place where one lives, especially with one's family. What is home to you? Do you know any proverbs about home? Write them down, if you do.
- Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Somersetshire, landscape, avenue, unpretentious, Meadows, handsome, patriarchal, shrewd, dozen, Emily, matron, Portsmouth, rheumatism, nephew, quieten, assemble, century, jaundice, motto, harum-scarum, persuade.

['saməsitfiə] ['lænskeip] ['ævinju:] ['anpri'tenfəs] ['medouz] ['hænsəm] [,peitri'a:kəl] [ fru:d] ['dazən] ['emili] ['meitrən] ['po:tsmu:0] ['ru:mətizm] ['nevju:] [ 'kwaiətn] [ə'sembl] ['sentfuri] ['dʒɔ:ndis] ['motou] ['hɛərəm 'skɛərəm] [pə'sweid]

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm I}$  you might have regretted it if you had — возможно, ты бы пожалел, если бы женился

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  I am not a man to save money. — Не по мне копить деньги.

³ he had made a success of his life — он хорошо прожил свою жизнь

## > Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

#### 1 Find in the story the English for:

трудолюбивый, заслуживать чего-либо, хозяин дома, проницательный, ухаживать за кем-либо, стать моряком, прийти к заключению, сходить (съездить) за кем-либо, уравновешенный, иметь что-либо общее, успокаиваться, пойти кому-либо на пользу, ухмыляться, сожалеть о чем-либо, насколько я понимаю, нажить состояние, копить деньги, интересоваться чем-либо, уговаривать коголибо, хвастаться.

2 Use one of the words or word combinations from the box in an appropriate form to fill each gap.

to go to sea
to have smth in common
as far as I can see
to deserve
to come to the conclusion
to grin
to boast
to court

	They were happy and they their happiness.
2)	When Emily Green married Tom, George
3)	At last they that he must be dead.
4)	She thought that because we had both been in China we must
	He, talking to her, with his toothless gums.
	Well, one thing you haven't done, George, and that's to make a fortune.
7)	He that he would live for another twenty years
8)	George Meadows and Tom Mrs. Meadows when she was Emily Green.

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she was Emily

3 Say the opposite of:

laz	y
du	·
un	balanced
to	do smb harm
to	go broke
to	spend money
Che	pose the right word and use it in an appropriate form.
	landlady
	the master of the house
	a hostess
1)	He owned his a month's rent.
2)	
	as at the dinner party.
3)	But the was George's mother.
	to court
	to take care of
4)	
	when she was Emily Green.
5)	and the first the first the first the first
	husbands.
	to be interested
	to wonder
6)	
,	his life.
7)	I if they remembered what they had felt then
2	and what they had said to one another.
	to persuade
	to convince

# 9) The old man's words \_\_\_\_\_ him that he had made a success of his life.

8) They had a good deal of difficulty in \_\_\_\_\_ him to go

# 5 A Which of the verb tenses in the sentences below is used to describe:

a) an action in a period of time up to the present?

- b) an action in the past, in a period which is finished?
- c) recent events that have results in the present?
- 1) And mind you, I've not been out of my bed for two years.
- 2) They carried me down and put me in the car.
- 3) But when I saw those elm-trees, I felt I could walk.
- 4) I walked down the drive fifty-two years ago when I went away and now I've walked back again.
- 5) It's done me good.
- 6) I feel better and stronger than I have felt for ten years.

# B Use the verbs in brackets in the Past Simple or the Present Perfect.

- 1) They are not black in China, they are yellow.
  - Perhaps, that's why you (to get) so yellow yourself. When I (to see) you I (to say) to myself, why, he (to get) jaundice.
- 2) Just fancy, he (not to be) here for more than fifty years. He (to see) never my George, who is fifty-one next birthday.
- 3) He (to be) a good-looking young fellow when he (to leave) but not so steady as his brother. But he probably (to quieten) down by now.
- 4) I'm glad to see you (to get) here safely, Mr. Meadows.
   He (to walk) here when he (to get) to the gate, he (to make) me stop the car and (to say) he (to want) to walk.

## A Match the italicized modal verbs below to these meanings:

- a) possibility
- b) general advice
- c) certainty
- d) an expected action
- 1) You ought to know better than that, Emily, they are yellow.
- 2) Well, you might have regretted if you had married.
- 3) He was to arrive that afternoon.
- 4) At last they came to the conclusion that he must be dead.

В	Choose the right modal verb	(must,	may,	ought to,	be to)	and use
	an appropriate form.				7	

1)	They have remembered what they had felt then
2)	He was sure he see the house where he was born
3)	His great nephew fetch him in his car.
4)	Mrs. Meadows thought he have had a dozen
	black wives in his day.
5)	They never doubted they respect the master of
0.0200	the house Mrs. Meadows.
6)	The author see the old man the next morning.
7)	She thought because we had both been in China we
33	have something in common.
8)	"He have quietened down by now," she says.
9)	He said it very simply, as a man say, "I said I'd
	walk twenty miles and I've done it".
10)	He have enjoyed his life.

#### 7 Ask "do you think questions" as in the example:

Example: Who do you think is coming here today?

- 1) They deserved their happiness. (general)
- 2) Mrs. Meadows was the master of the house. (Who?)
- 3) They remembered what they had said to one another. (What?)
- 4) He didn't make a fortune. (Why?)
- 5) For the last ten years he had been living in the sailor's home. (Where?)
- 6) He would tell all the stories I wanted to hear. (What?)
- 7) Fate was kind to him. (general)
- 8) "I'm glad he came back," she said. (Why?)

# Reading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks

#### 1 Answer the following questions:

- 1) What was the farm like?
- 2) What kind of people lived in the house and farmed the land? What was their only boast?

- 3) Who was the master of the house? What did she look like? What was she like?
- 4) What was the story of George Meadows? Why had he gone to sea? How had he spent fifty years of his exile's life?
- 5) Why had the matron of the sailors' home written to them? How did Mrs. Meadows take the news?
- 6) What did the author see when he came to see them?
- 7) What did the old man look like?
- 8) How had he got to the house? Why was he proud he could walk?
- 9) Why was it strange to look at the old people, Emily Meadows and George Meadows?
- 10) Why had the old man never married?
- 11) Why hadn't he made a fortune?
- 12) Why did the author look at the old man with admiration and respect?
- 13) What did the author see when he came the next morning?
- 14) Why does the author say fate was kind to the old man?
- 15) What was Mrs. Meadows never quite sure of?
- 2 Match the adjectives on the left with the nouns on the right according to the story. Say which character of the story each word combination refers to.

stolid, sturdy and unpretentious patriarchal old man tall, upright and dignified eyes bright and shrewd people despotic but kindly toothless, crippled, penniless life old man eyes people woman rule

# 3 Tell the story of Captain George Meadows according to the outline below:

- 1) The old man and his home.
- 2) The old man and Emily Meadows.
- 3) The old man and his exile's life.
- 4) The old man back home.

#### 4 Discuss the following:

- 1) Why does the author call the life of the Meadows patriarchal? What kind of life is patriarchal to you?
- 2) Why do you think they were a happy family? What makes a family happy?
- 3) Why do you think George Meadows had gone to sea?
- 4) Do you think he was a one-woman man? What do you think there was about Emily Meadows that he would never marry anyone but her?
- 5) Why had he never visited them during his exile's life?
- 6) Make guesses about the things he had seen in his day.
- 7) "Fate was kind to him". What do you think the author means?
- 8) Why do you think Mrs. Meadows was never quite sure that she'd married the right brother?
- 9) What is your main impression of the story?
- 10) Read out the proverbs you wrote down in the pre-reading task. Do you remember the proverbs:

East or West — home is best.

There's no place like home?

Comment on the proverbs with reference to the story.



#### THE END OF THE FLIGHT

I shook hands with the skipper and he wished me luck. Then I went down to the lower deck crowded with passengers, and made my way to the ladder. Looking over the ship's side I saw that my luggage was already in the boat. It was full of gesticulating natives. I got in and a place was made for me. We were about three miles from the shore and a fresh breeze was blowing. As we drew near I saw a lot of coconut trees and among them the brown roofs of the village. A Chinese who spoke English pointed out to me a white bungalow as the residence of the district officer. Though he did not

know it, it was with him that I was going to stay. I had a letter of introduction to him in my pocket.

I felt somewhat lonely when I landed and my bags were put beside me on the beach. This was a far off place, this little town on the north coast of Borneo, and I felt a trifle shy at the thought of presenting myself to a total stranger with the announcement that I was going to sleep under his roof, eat his food and drink his whisky, till another boat came in to take me to the place where I was going.

But everything turned out all right. The moment I reached the bungalow and sent in my letter he came out, a sturdy, ruddy, cheerful man, of thirty five perhaps, and greeted me with heartiness. While he held my hand he shouted to a boy to bring drinks and to another to look after my luggage. He cut short my apologies.

"Good God,<sup>3</sup> man, you have no idea how glad I am to see you. Don't think I'm doing anything for you in putting you up. The boot's on the other leg.<sup>4</sup> And stay as long as you like. Stay a year."

I laughed. He put away his day's work, saying that he had nothing to do that could not wait till tomorrow, and threw himself into a long chair. We talked and drank and talked. Towards evening, when it was no longer hot we went for a long walk in the jungle and came back wet to the skin. We took a bath, and then we dined. I was tired out and though it was clear that my host was willing to go on talking straight through the night<sup>5</sup> I was obliged to beg him to allow me to go to bed.

"All right, I'll just come along to your room and see that everything's all right."

It was a large room with verandahs on two sides of it and a huge bed protected by mosquito netting.

"The bed is rather hard. Do you mind?"

"Not a bit. I shall sleep without rocking tonight."

My host looked at the bed thoughtfully.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> the district officer — администратор, начальник района английской колониальной администрации

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  it was with him that I was going to stay — у него-то я и собирался остановиться

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> a letter of introduction — рекомендательное письмо

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Good God — Боже правый

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The boot's on the other leg. — Наоборот, я вам обязан ( $\partial$ ословно: башмак находится на другой ноге).

<sup>5</sup> straight through the night — всю ночь напролет

"It was a Dutchman who slept in it last. Do you want to hear a funny story?"

I wanted chiefly to go to bed, but he was my host, and then I know that it is hard to have an amusing story to tell and find no listener.

"He came on the boat that brought you here. He came into my office and asked me where he could find a place to stay for some time. I told him that if he hadn't anywhere to go I didn't mind putting him up. He jumped at the invitation. I told him to send for his luggage.

«'This is an I've got,' he said.

"He held out a little shiny black bag. It seemed a bit scanty, but it was no business of mine, so I told him to go to the bungalow and I would come as soon as I was through with my work. While I was speaking the door of my office was opened and my clerk came in. The Dutchman had his back to the door and it may be that my clerk opened it a bit suddenly. Anyhow, the Dutchman gave a shout, he jumped about two feet into the air and whipped out a revolver.

"'What the hell are you doing?'2 I said.

"When he saw it was the clerk, he collapsed. He leaned against the desk, breathing hard, and upon my word<sup>3</sup> he was shaking as though he'd got fever.<sup>4</sup>

"'I beg your pardon,' he said. 'It's my nerves. My nerves are terrible.'

"'It looks like it,' I said.

"I was rather short with him.<sup>5</sup> To tell you the truth I was sorry that I had asked him to stop with me. He didn't look as though he'd been drinking a lot and I wondered if he was some fellow the police were after.<sup>6</sup>

"'You'd better go and lie down,' I said.

"He went, and when I got back to my bungalow I found him sitting quite quietly, but very upright, on the verandah. He'd had a bath and shaved and put on clean things and he looked much better.

"'Why are you sitting in the middle of the place like that?' I asked him. 'You'll be much more comfortable in one of the long chairs.'

"I prefer to sit up,' he said.

"Queer, I thought. But if a man in this heat prefers to sit up rather than lie down it's his own business. He wasn't much to look at, at, all and heavily built, with a square head and close-cut hair. I think he was about forty. The thing that chiefly struck me about him was his expression. There was a look in his eyes, blue eyes they were and rather small, that I could not understand, and his face gave you the feeling that he was going to cry. He had a way of looking quickly over his left shoulder as though he thought he heard something. By God, he was nervous. But we had a couple of drinks and he began to talk. He spoke English very well; except for a slight accent you'd never have known that he was a foreigner, and I have to admit he was a good talker. He'd been everywhere and he'd read a great deal. It was a pleasure to listen to him.

"We had three or four whiskies in the afternoon and a lot of gin later on, so that when dinner came we were rather gay and I'd come to the conclusion that he was a damned good fellow.<sup>3</sup> Of course we had a lot of whisky at dinner and I happened to have a bottle of Benedictine, so we had some liqueurs afterwards. I think we both got very drunk.

"And at last he told me why he had come. It was a strange story."

My host stopped and looked at me with his mouth slightly open as though, remembering it now, he was struck again with its strangeness.

"He came from Sumatra, the Dutchman, and he'd done something to an Achinese and the Achinese had sworn to kill him. At first he thought nothing of it, but the fellow tried two or three

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  He jumped at the invitation. — Он сразу же принял мое приглашение.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> What the hell are you doing? — Что, черт возьми, вы делаете?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> upon my word — честное слово

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  as though he'd got fever — как в лихорадке (как будто у него была лихорадка)

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  I was rather short with him. — Я говорил с ним сухо (лаконично).

 $<sup>^6</sup>$  I wondered if he was some fellow the police were after — я подумал, уж не преследует ли его полиция

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  he wasn't much to look at — он был неказист (его внешность не представляла ничего особенного)

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  he had a way of looking — у него была манера смотреть (бросать взгляд)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> a damned good fellow — чертовски славный малый

times and it began to be rather a nuisance, so he decided to go away for a bit. He went over to Batavia and made up his mind to have a good time. But when he'd been there a week he saw the fellow hiding behind a wall. By God, he'd followed him. It looked as though he meant business. The Dutchman began to think it was getting beyond a joke<sup>2</sup> and he thought the best thing he could do was to go off to Soerabaya. Well, he was strolling about the town one day, when he happened to turn round and saw the Achinese walking quite quietly just behind him. It gave him a turn. It would give anyone a turn.

"The Dutchman went straight back to his hotel, packed his things and took the next boat to Singapore. Of course he put up at the hotel where all the Dutch stay, and one day when he was having a drink in the courtyard in front of the hotel, the Achinese walked in, looked at him for a minute, and walked out again. The Dutchman told me he was just paralysed. The fellow could have stuck his dagger into him there and then and he wouldn't have been able to move a hand to defend himself. The Dutchman knew that the Achinese was just awaiting his time, that damned fellow was going to kill him, he saw it in his eyes; and he went all to pieces.<sup>4</sup>"

"But why didn't he go to the police?" I asked.

"I don't know. I suppose he didn't want the police to know anything about this thing."

"But what had he done to the man?"

"I don't know that either. He wouldn't tell me. But by the look he gave me when I asked him, I suppose it was something pretty bad. I have an idea he knew he deserved whatever the Achinese could do."

My host lit a cigarette.

"Go on," I said.

"The skipper of the boat that runs between Singapore and Kuching lives in that hotel between trips and the boat was starting at dawn. The Dutchman thought it an excellent chance to get away

 $^{\rm I}$  It looked as though he meant business. — Похоже было, что он задумал дело всерьез.

from the Achinese; he left his luggage at the hotel and walked down to the ship with the skipper, as if he were just going to see him off, and stayed on the boat when she sailed. His nerves were in a terrible state by then. He didn't care about anything but getting rid of the Achinese. He felt pretty safe at Kuching. He got a room at a hotel and bought himself a couple of suits and some shirts in the Chinese shops. But he told me he couldn't sleep. He dreamt of that man and half a dozen times he awakened just as he thought a dagger was being drawn across his throat. By God, I felt quite sorry for him. He just shook as he talked to me and his voice was hoarse with terror. That was the meaning of the look I had noticed. You remember, I told you he had a funny look on his face and I couldn't tell what it meant. Well, it was fear.

"And one day when he was in the club at Kuching he looked out of the window and saw the Achinese sitting there. Their eyes met. The Dutchman collapsed and fainted. When he came to himself, his first idea was to get out. This boat that brought you was the only one that gave him a chance to get away quickly. He got on her. He was quite sure the man was not on board."

"But what made him come here?"

"Well, the boat stops at a dozen places on the coast and the Achinese couldn't guess that the Dutchman had chosen this one. He only made up his mind to get off when he saw there was only one boat to take the passengers ashore, and there weren't more than a dozen people in it.

"'I'm safe here for a bit at all events, 1' he said, 'and if I can only be quiet for a while I shall get my nerve back.'

"'Stay as long as you like,' I said. 'You're all right here, at all events till the boat comes here next month, and if you like we'll watch the people who come off.'

"He thanked me again and again. I could see what a relief it was to him.

"It was pretty late and I told him it was time to go to bed. I took him to his room to see that everything was all right. He bolted the shutters, though I told him there was no risk, and when I left him I heard him lock the door I had just gone out of.

"Next morning when the boy brought me my tea I asked him

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> it was getting beyond a joke — дело принимает серьезный оборот

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> It gave him a turn. — Ему стало жутко.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> to go all to pieces — перестать владеть собой

<sup>1</sup> at all events — в всяком случае

if he'd called the Dutchman. He said he was just going to. I heard him knock and knock again. Funny, I thought. The boy hammered on the door, but there was no answer. I felt a little nervous, so I got up. I knocked too. We made enough noise to rouse the dead, but the Dutchman slept on. Then I broke down the door. I pulled apart the mosquito curtains that were round the bed. He was lying there on his back with his eyes wide open. He was as dead as mutton. \(^1\)

"A dagger lay across his throat, and say I'm a liar if you like, but I swear to God<sup>2</sup> it's true, there wasn't a wound about him anywhere. The room was empty."

"Funny, wasn't it?"

"Well, that all depends on your idea of humour," I replied. My host looked at me quickly.

"You don't mind sleeping in that bed, do you?"

"N-no. But I would have preferred<sup>3</sup> to hear the story tomorrow morning."

#### **Exercises**

# Pre-reading Tasks

- Flight is running away from danger. What sort of danger was the man in the story running away from? How did the flight end? Make guesses and write down 6-8 sentences.
- 2 Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Gesticulate, coconut, bungalow, Borneo, jungle, verandah, mosquito, queer, accent, liqueur, collapse, Sumatra, Achinese, nuisance, Singapore.

[dʒes'tɪkjuleɪt] ['koukənʌt] ['bʌŋgəlou] ['bɔːnɪou] ['dʒʌŋgl] [və'rændə] [məs'ki:tou] ['kwɪə] ['æksənt] [lɪk'juə] [kə'læps] [suːˈmɑːtrə] [ətʃi'niːz] ['njuːsəns] [ˌsɪŋgə'pɔː]

# > Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

#### 1 Find in the story the English for:

пожать кому-либо руку, направляться куда-либо, абсолютно незнакомый человек, оказаться (кем-либо, чем-либо), прервать кого-либо, извинение, останавливаться у кого-либо (где-либо), промокший до нитки, хозяин (принимающий гостя), мое дело (не мое дело), закончить что-либо, поразить кого-либо, поклясться, хорошо провести время, тут же (на месте), видеть во сне кого-либо, отделаться от кого-либо, чувствовать жалость к кому-либо, чувство облегчения, на борту (корабля).

2 Use one of the words or word combinations from the box in an appropriate form to fill each gap.

there and then
to swear
a relief
to get rid of
host
on board
wet to the skin
to shake hands
to put smb up

1)	I with the skipper and he wished me luck	
2)	We went for a walk in the jungle and came back	
	Don't think I'm doing anything for you in	
4)	I was tired out but it was clear that my	was
	willing to go on talking straight through the night.	

5) He'd done something to an Achinese and the Achinese

\_\_\_\_\_ to kill him.

<sup>1</sup> as dead as mutton — мертвый, бездыханный

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> I swear to God — клянусь Богом

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> I would have preferred — я бы предпочел

ep	He got on the boat and was quite sure the man was not  I could see what it was to him.
	I could see what it was to him.
ep	
-P	lace the italicized words or word combinations in an appropriate
orn	with a synonym from the box.
	to dream of
	to have a good time
	to turn out
	to make one's way
	no business of mine
	to cut short
	to feel sorry for
	to strike
	to be through with
1)	But everything proved to be all right in the end.
2)	I went down to the lower deck and directed my steps to the
	ladder.
3)	I told him I would come as soon as I finished my work.
4)	The thing that chiefly surprised me about him was his
	expression.
5)	
200	himself.
6)	
7)	
8)	
9)	He saw the Achinese in a dream.
Cho	oose the right word and use it in an appropriate form.
	quite
	quiet
1)	When I got back to my bungalow I found him sitting
2)	
3)	If I only can be for a while I shall get my nerve
	back.

	another other
4)	I was going to sleep under his roof till boat
<b>5</b> \	came in to take me.
5)	The boot's on the leg.
6)	He shouted to a boy to bring drinks and to to look after my luggage.
7)	Of course he put up at the hotel where Dutchmen
	stayed.
	a stranger
23.51	a foreigner .
8)	I felt a trifle shy at the thought of presenting myself to a total
9)	Except for a slight accent you'd never have known that
	he was
	lonely
	alone
10)	I felt somewhat when I landed.
	He was on the verandah.
12)	The officer was happy to put up the author because he was living quite a life in that small town.
A	Which of the following verb tenses is used to express:
a)	an action that happened before another past action?
b)	an action in progress going on around a particular past
,	moment?
c)	a single past action or a succession of past actions?
20	- Contraction of the second of
1)	We were about three miles from the shore and a fresh
	breeze was blowing.
2)	We talked and drank and talked.
3)	To tell you the truth I was sorry I had asked him to stop
	with me.
В	Use the verbs in brackets in an appropriate tense form (active or
pass	
1)	By God, he was nervous. But we (to have) a couple of

- drinks and he (to begin) to talk. I have to admit he was a good talker. He (to be) everywhere and (to read) a great deal. At last he (to tell) me why he (to come).
- 2) One day when he (to have) a drink in the courtyard in front of the hotel, the Achinese (to walk) in, (to look) at him for a moment, and (to walk) out again. The Dutchman told me he just (to paralyse). He knew that the Achinese (to await) his time.
- 3) He (to come) from Sumatra and he (to do) something to an Achinese and the Achinese (to swear) to kill him. At first he (to think) nothing of it, but the fellow (to try) two or three times and the Dutchman thought it (to get) beyond a joke.
- Make the sentences complete using one of the complex object structures from the box.

him come
him sitting
the Achinese walking
the fellow hiding
him lock
the police to know

<ul> <li>2) But when he'd been there a week he saw beh a wall.</li> <li>3) He happened to turn round and saw quite quie just behind him.</li> <li>4) I suppose he didn't want anything about thing.</li> <li>5) But what made here?</li> </ul>	1)	When I get back to my bungalow I found quite quietly.
<ul> <li>3) He happened to turn round and saw quite quite just behind him.</li> <li>4) I suppose he didn't want anything about thing.</li> <li>5) But what made here?</li> </ul>	2)	
just behind him. 4) I suppose he didn't want anything about thing. 5) But what made here?		
thing. 5) But what made here?	3)	just behind him.
J) Dut what made	4)	
6) When I left I heard the door I had just gone out	5)	Dut What made
	6)	When I left I heard the door I had just gone out of.

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Which of the italicized participles denote:

7

a) time?

b) manner?

- 1) Looking over the ship's side I saw that my luggage was already in the boat.
- 2) He put away his day's work *saying* that he had nothing to do that could not wait till tomorrow.
- 3) He leaned against the desk breathing hard.
- Remembering it now, he was struck again with its strangeness.

# B Change the sentences below using participles instead of the italicized verbs.

- The Dutchman gave a shout and jumped about two feet into the air.
- 2) When he saw it was the clerk he collapsed.
- My host stopped and looked at me with his mouth slightly open.
- 4) He packed his things and took the next boat to Singapore.
- 5) One day in the club he *looked* out of the window and saw the Achinese sitting there.
- 6) As he talked to me he just shook.

# Reading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks

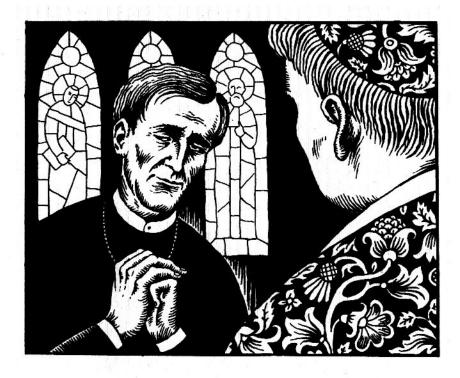
#### 1 Answer the following questions:

- 1) Where did the author arrive one day and who was he going to stay with? Why did the author feel lonely and a trifle shy?
- 2) How did the district officer meet him?
- 3) How did they spend the day?
- 4) Why couldn't the author go to bed though he was tired out?
- 5) Who did his host tell him about?
- 6) Why had the district officer put up the Dutchman?
- 7) What happened while the district officer was speaking to the Dutchman?
- 8) What did the Dutchman look like? What was queer about him?
- 9) Why did the author's host come to the conclusion that the Dutchman was a good fellow?

- 10) How did the Dutchman's flight start?
- 11) What places did he go to and who would he find following him?
- 12) Why didn't he go to the police?
- 13) Where did he feel pretty safe? Why did he have to get away quickly?
- 14) How did the Dutchman find himself in that little town in the house of the district officer?
- 15) What precautions did he take before he went to bed?
- 16) How did the Dutchman's flight end?
- Tell the story of the Dutchman's flight. Pick out sentences from the story to show how the Dutchman's fear grew until he went all to pieces.

#### 3 Discuss the following:

- 1) The narrator calls the story funny. Do you think it is funny? How do you find it?
- 2) What do you think the Dutchman might have done? Why did he knew he deserved whatever the Achinese could do?
- 3) Why wasn't there a wound about the Dutchman anywhere though a dagger lay across his throat? What do you think killed him: the dagger or the fear?
- 4) Was this end of the Dutchman's flight inevitable or could he escape it?
- 5) Do you think the author conveys any message or only tries to amuse the reader, to stir his imagination?



# THE VERGER

There had been a christening that afternoon at St. Peter's Church, and Albert Edward Foreman still wore his verger's gown. He kept his new gown for funerals and weddings (St. Peter's, Neville Square, was a church often chosen by fashionable people for these ceremonies) and now he wore only his second-best. He wore it with pride, for it was the dignified symbol of his office. He took pains with it; he pressed it and ironed it himself. During the sixteen years that he had been verger of this church he had had a number of such gowns, but he had never been able to throw them away when they were worn out, and all of them, neatly wrapped up in brown paper, lay in the bottom drawer of the wardrobe in his bedroom.

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The verger was waiting for the vicar to have finished<sup>1</sup> in the vestry so that he could tidy up in there and go home.

"What's he 'anging about for?" the verger said to himself. "Doesn't he know I want my tea?"

The vicar had been appointed only recently, a red-faced energetic man in the early forties, <sup>3</sup> and Albert Edward still regretted the last vicar, a clergyman of the old school who never fussed and was not like this new man who wanted to have his finger in every pie.<sup>4</sup>

Presently he saw the vicar coming up.

"Foreman, will you come into the vestry for a minute. I have something to say to you."

"Very good, sir."

They walked up the church together, and the vicar preceded Albert Edward into the vestry. Albert Edward was a trifle surprised to find the two churchwardens there. He had not seen them come in. They gave him pleasant nods.

"Good afternoon, my lord. Good afternoon, sir," he said to one after the other.

They were elderly men, both of them, and they had been churchwardens almost as long as Albert Edward had been verger. They were sitting now at a handsome table that the old vicar had brought many years before from Italy and the vicar sat down in the vacant chair between them. Albert Edward faced them, the table between him and them, and wondered with slight uneasiness what was the matter. He remembered still the occasion on which the organist had got into trouble and how difficult it was to hush things up. In a church like St. Peter's, Neville Square, they couldn't afford a scandal. On the vicar's red face was a look of resolute kindness, but the others had an expression that was slightly troubled.

"He's been trying to make them do something, but they don't like it," said the verger to himself, "that's what it is, you mark my words.1"

But his thoughts did not appear on Albert Edward's face. He stood in a respectful, but dignified attitude. He had been in service<sup>2</sup> before he was appointed verger, but only in very good houses. Starting as a page-boy in the household of a rich merchant, he had risen by degrees to the position of butler to a widowed peeress, then, till the vacancy occurred at St. Peter's he had been butler with two men under him in the house of a retired ambassador. He was tall, thin, grave and dignified. He looked, if not like a duke, at least like an actor of the old school who specialized in dukes' parts. He had tact, firmness and self-assurance.

The vicar began briskly.

"Foreman, we've got something rather unpleasant to say to you. You've been here a great many years and you've fulfilled your duties quite satisfactorily."

The two churchwardens nodded.

"But a most extraordinary fact came to my knowledge the other day and I felt it my duty to inform the churchwardens. I discovered to my astonishment that you could neither read nor write."

The verger's face showed no sign of embarrassment.

"The last vicar knew that, sir," he replied. "He said it made no difference. He always said there was a great deal too much education in the world for his taste."

"It's the most amazing thing I ever heard," cried one of the churchwardens. "Do you mean to say that you've been verger of this church for sixteen years and never learned to read or write?"

"I went into service when I was twelve, sir. The cook in the first place tried to teach me once, but I didn't seem to have the knack for it<sup>3</sup> and later on I never seemed to have the time. I've never really found the want of it.<sup>4</sup>"

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  was waiting for the vicar to have finished — ждал, когда викарий закончит

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  What's he 'anging about for? — И что он околачивается здесь? ('anging вместо hanging типично для "cockney" — лондонского просторечия — с характерным опущением "h" в начале слова и "g" в конце слов, оканчивающихся на "ing": speakin', readin' вместо speaking, reading).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> in the early forties — сорока с небольшим лет

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> to have one's finger in every pie — во все вмешиваться

<sup>1</sup> you mark my words — помяните мое слово

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> to be in service — находиться в услужении, работать в качестве слуги

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> I didn't seem to have the knack for it — у меня, видимо, не было способностей для этого

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  I've never really found the want of it. — У меня никогда не было и нужды в этом.

"But don't you want to know the news?" said the other churchwarden. "Don't you ever want to write a letter?"

"No, sir, I seem to manage very well without. Now they've all these pictures in the papers so I know what's goin' on pretty well. If I want to write a letter my wife writes it for me."

The two churchwardens gave the vicar a troubled glance and then looked down at the table.

"Well, Foreman, I've talked the matter over with these gentlemen and they quite agree with me that the situation is impossible. At a church like St. Peter's we cannot have a verger who can neither read nor write."

Albert Edward's thin, pale face reddened and he moved uneasily on his feet, but he made no reply.

"But couldn't you learn, Foreman?" asked one of the churchwardens.

"No, sir, I'm afraid I couldn't, not now. You see I'm not as young as I was and if I couldn't get the letters in my head when I was a boy I don't think there's much chance of it now."

"We don't want to be harsh with you, Foreman," said the vicar. "But the churchwardens and I have quite made up our minds. We'll give you three months and if at the end of that time you cannot read and write I'm afraid you'll have to go."

Albert Edward had never liked the new vicar. He'd said from the beginning that they'd made a mistake when they gave him St. Peter's. He knew his value, and now he straightened himself a little.

"I'm very sorry, sir, I'm afraid it's no good. I'm too old a dog to learn new tricks. I've lived a good many years without knowin' 'ow to read and write and if I could learn now I can't say I'd want to."

"In that case, Foreman, I'm afraid you must go."

"Yes, sir, I understand. I shall be 'appy to 'and in my resignation as soon as you've found somebody to take my place."

But when Albert Edward with his usual politeness had closed the church door behind the vicar and the two churchwardens he could not keep up the air of dignity any longer and his lips quivered. He walked slowly back to the vestry and hung up on the peg his verger's gown. He sighed as he thought of all the grand funerals and weddings

it had seen. He tidied everything up, put on his coat, and hat in hand walked out of the church. He locked the church door behind him. He strolled across the square, but deep in his sad thoughts he did not take the street that led him home, where a nice strong cup of tea awaited him; he took the wrong turning. He walked slowly along. His heart was heavy. He did not know what he should do with himself. He did not like the idea of going back to domestic service. After being his own master for so many years he could not become a servant again. He had saved a tidy sum, but not enough to live on without doing something, and life seemed to cost more every year. He had never thought to be troubled with such questions. The vergers of St. Peter's, like the popes of Rome, were there for life. He sighed deeply. Albert Edward was a non-smoker and a total abstainer, but he liked a glass of beer with his dinner and when he was tired he enjoyed a cigarette. It occurred to him now that a cigarette would comfort him and since he did not carry them he looked about him for a shop where he could buy a packet of cigarettes. He did not at once see one and walked on a little. It was a long street, with all sorts of shops in it, but there was not a single one where you could buy cigarettes.

"That's strange," said Albert Edward.

To make sure he walked right up the street again. No, there was no doubt about it. He stopped and looked thoughtfully up and down.

"I can't be the only man that walks along this street and wants a smoke," he said. "If some fellow opened a little shop here he might make good money.\(^1\) Tobacco and sweets, you know."

He gave a sudden start.<sup>2</sup>

"That's an idea," he said. "Strange 'ow things come to you when you least expect it."

He turned, walked home, and had his tea.

"You're very silent this afternoon, Albert," his wife remarked. "I'm thinkin'." he said.

He considered the matter from every point of view and next day he went along the street and by good luck found a little shop to let.<sup>3</sup> Twenty-four hours later he had taken it and a month later set

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  I seem to manage very well without — я как будто вполне обхожусь без этого

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If some fellow opened a little shop here he might make good money. — Если бы кто-нибудь открыл здесь лавку, он бы хорошо заработал.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> He gave a sudden start. — Он вдруг вздрогнул.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> a shop to let — торговое помещение, сдающееся в наем

up in business as a tobacconist and news-agent. His wife said it was a dreadful come-down after being verger of St. Peter's, but he answered that you had to move with the times and that the church wasn't what it had been.

Albert Edward did very well. He did so well that in a year or so it struck him that he could take a second shop and put a manager in. He looked for another long street that hadn't got a tobacconist in it and when he found it, and a shop to let, he took it. This was a success too. Then it occurred to him that if he could run two shops he could run half a dozen. He began walking about London, and whenever he found a long street that had no tobacconist and a shop to let he took it. In the course of ten years he was running no less than ten shops and he was making money hand over fist. He went round to all of them himself every Monday, collected the week's takings<sup>2</sup> and took them to the bank.

One morning when he was there paying in a bundle of notes and a heavy bag of silver the cashier told him that the manager would like to see him. He was shown into an office and the manager shook hands with him.

"Mr. Foreman, I wanted to have a talk to you about the money you've got on deposit in our bank. D'you know exactly how much it is?"

"Not within a pound or two,3 sir; but I have a pretty rough idea."

"Apart from<sup>4</sup> what you paid in this morning it's a little over thirty thousand pounds. That's a very large sum to have on deposit and it is better to invest it."

"I don't want to take any risks, sir. I know it's safe in the bank."

"You needn't have the least worry. We'll make you out a list of absolutely safe securities. They will bring you in a better rate of interest<sup>5</sup> than the bank can afford to give you."

A troubled look settled on Mr. Foreman's aristocratic face.

1 hand over fist — быстро и без труда

"I've never had anything to do with stocks and shares, and I'd like to leave it all in your 'ands," he said.

The manager smiled. "We'll do everything. All you'll have to do next time you come in is to sign the transfers."

"I could do that all right," said Albert uncertainly. "But 'ow should I know what I was signin'?"

"I suppose you can read," said the manager a trifle sharply. Mr. Foreman gave him a disarming smile.

"Well, sir, that's just it. I can't. I know it sounds funny, but I can't read or write, only my name, and I only learnt to do that when I went into business."

The manager was so surprised that he jumped up from his chair.

"That's the most extraordinary thing I ever heard." The manager stared at him as though he were a prehistoric monster.

"And do you mean to say that you've built up this important business and made a fortune of thirty thousand pounds without being able to read or write? Good God, man, what would you be now if you had been able to?<sup>2</sup>"

"I can tell you that, sir," said Mr. Foreman, a little smile on his still aristocratic features, "I'd be verger<sup>3</sup> of St. Peter's, Neville Square."

## Exercises

# Pre-reading Tasks

Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Verger, christening, Foreman, gown, fashionable, ceremony, wrap, drawer, wardrobe, vicar, clergyman, churchwarden,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> the week's takings — недельная выручка

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  not within a pound or two — не с точностью до одного или двух фунтов

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> apart from — не считая, кроме

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> rate of interest — процентная ставка, процент

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I could do that all right. — Это-то я бы смог сделать.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> what would you be now if you had been able to? — кем бы вы были сейчас, если бы вы умели?

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  I'd be verger = I should be verger — я был бы церковным служителем

resolute, peeress, ambassador, extraordinary, resignation, stroll, tobacconist, news-agent, deposit, rough, sign, transfer, prehistoric.

['və:dʒə] ['krɪsnɪŋ] ['fɔ:mən] [gaun] ['fæʃnəbl] ['serɪmənɪ] [ræp] [drɔ:] ['wɔ:droub] ['vɪkə] ['klə:dʒɪmən] ['tʃə:tʃ'wɔ:dn] ['rezəlu:t] ['pɪərɪs] [æm'bæsədə] [ɪks'trɔ:dnri] [ˌrezɪg'neɪʃn] [stroul] [tə'bækənɪst] ['nju:z,eɪdʒənt] [dɪ'pɔzɪt] [rʌf] [saɪn] ['trænsfɔ:] [prɪhɪs'tɔrɪk]

# > Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

#### 1 Find in the story the English for:

завертывать, прибирать, быть назначенным, суетиться, попасть в беду, замять дело, специализироваться в чемлибо, выполнять обязанности, не иметь значения, обсудить что-либо, вручить, повернуть не туда, быть самому себе хозяином, некурящий, не употребляющий спиртных напитков, убедиться, рассмотреть вопрос со всех сторон, преуспевать, провести (ввести) в, вкладывать деньги, рисковать.

2 Use one of the words or word combinations from the box in an appropriate form to fill each gap.

to get into trouble
to make sure
to invest
to be appointed
to hand in
to be shown into
to specialize in
one's own master

1) The vicar \_\_\_\_\_ only recently, and Albert Edward still regretted the last vicar.

200	He remembered the occasion how the organist  He looked like an actor who dukes' parts.
	- 11 15 1 1 1 1 2 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4)	I shall be happy my resignation as soon as you found somebody to take my place.
5)	After being for so many years he could not become a servant again.
6)	There was not a single shop where he could buy cigarettes.  he walked up the street again.
7)	He an office and the manager shook hands with him.
8)	That's a very large sum to have on deposit and it is better it.

3 Replace the italicized words and word combinations in an appropriate form with a synonym from the box.

to do well
to make no difference
to hush up
to talk the matter over
to tidy up
to wrap up
to be a non-smoker and a total abstainer
to consider

- 1) All his gowns, neatly *packed* in brown paper, lay in the bottom drawer of the wardrobe.
- 2) He remembered how difficult it was to keep the scandal secret.
- 3) The last vicar knew it, he said it didn't matter.
- 4) Well, we discussed the matter with these gentlemen.
- 5) He *cleaned* everything *up*, put on his coat, and hat in hand walked out of the church.
- 6) He neither smoked nor took alcoholic drinks.
- 7) He thought over all the possibilities.
- 8) Albert Edward was so successful that in a year or so it struck him that he could take a second shop and put a manager in.

Choose the right word and use it in an appropriate form.	/) His heart was (heavy, heavily)
as	<ul><li>8) His heart was beating (heavy, heavily)</li><li>9) He stopped and looked up and down the street.</li></ul>
like	(thoughtful thoughtful)
The old vicar was not this new man who wanted	(thoughtful, thoughtfully)
to have his finger in every pie.	10) He looked (thoughtful, thoughtfully) 11) I know it sounds, but I can't read or write.
2) Starting a page-boy in the household of a rich	(funny, funnily)
merchant he had risen to the position of a butler to a	12) enough, I can't read or write. (funny, funnily)
widowed peeress.	
<ol> <li>In a church St. Peter's they couldn't afford a scandal.</li> </ol>	7 A Decide what the difference is between these two sentences:
4) A month later he set up in business a tobacconist	Don't you want to know the news?
and news-agent.	Do you want to know the news?
another	B Ask negative questions expressing surprise.
(the) other 5) He looked for long street that hadn't got a	1) I couldn't learn to read or write.
tobacconist in it.	2) I never wanted to write a letter.
	3) He doesn't know I want my tea.
6) He was a trifle surprised to find two churchwardens there.  "Good afternoon, my lord. Good afternoon, sir," he	4) I wouldn't like to invest the money.
said to one after the	5) There isn't a shop where you can buy cigarettes.
7) On the vicar's red face was a look of resolute kindness, but	-,
had an expression that was slightly troubled.	0 341
8) He found shop to let and took it.	8 Make up sentences with neither nor, either or
shop to let and took it.	1) Albert Edward didn't smoke and he didn't drink.
to lie	2) He could become a servant again. He could also live on
to lay	the tidy sum he had saved.
9) When his gowns wore out he wrapped them in brown	3) He could not read and he could not write.
paper and them in the bottom drawer.	4) He didn't have the knack for learning to read and he
10) His old gowns in the wardrobe in his bedroom.	didn't have the want of it.
the state of the s	5) You must learn to read or you'll have to go.
Use the adjective or the adverb to fill each gap.	6) He wore his best gown for funerals, he also wore it for
	weddings.
1) His gowns though worn out were (neat, neatly)	
2) They were wrapped in brown paper. (neat,	
neatly)	Reading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks
3) The vicar began (brisk, briskly)	
4) The vicar was (brisk, briskly)	1 Answer the following questions:
5) You fulfilled your duties quite (satisfactory,	1) How did the verger weer his course? What did he de with
satisfactorily)	1) How did the verger wear his gowns? What did he do with them when they were worn out?
6) Your service was quite (satisfactory, satisfactorily)	Anagosining Augustonicus Surpris Pro demonstratus respectivos de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya del la companya de la c
84	85

- 2) What did the new vicar look like? How did he differ from the last vicar?
- 3) Why did the vicar invite Albert Edward into the vestry that afternoon? What did the verger think when he found the two churchwardens in the vestry? Did his thoughts appear on his face?
- 4) What did the verger look like? What positions had he been in before he was appointed verger?
- 5) What did the vicar tell the verger? Why did the verger's face show no sign of embarrassment?
- 6) Why had the verger never thought of learning to read and write?
- 7) What was the vicar's suggestion? Why didn't the verger accept it?
- 8) Why was the verger's heart heavy when he walked out of the church?
- 9) Why did he begin to look for a shop where he could buy a packet of cigarettes? What idea suddenly came to his mind?
- 10) How did he set up in business as a tobacconist and newsagent? How was he doing?
- 11) Why did the manager of the bank want to see him? What did he advise him to do?
- 12) Why was the verger uncertain about investing his money?
- 13) What made the manager jump from his seat? What question did he ask the verger? What was the verger's answer?

#### 2 Describe the verger's appearance and bearing using the following words and word combinations:

to wear smth with pride, to stand in a respectful but dignified attitude, to look like an actor who specialized in dukes' parts, an aristocratic face, grave and dignified, to have tact, firmness and self-assurance, to keep up the air of dignity.

- Act out an inner monologue of the verger on his way from the church home after the talk with the verger.
- Act out a dialogue between the verger and his wife after he decided to set up in business as a tobacconist.

### 5 Discuss the following:

- 1) What do you think made the verger a successful businessman? What qualities do you think are essential for a person to do well in business?
- 2) Comment on the proverbs:

A rolling stone gathers no moss.

Every dark cloud has a silver lining.

Does the story prove the truth of the proverbs?



# THE BUM

I had come to Vera Cruz from Mexico City to catch a ship to Yucatan; and found that, a dock strike having been declared the previous night, my ship could not put in. I was stuck in Vera Cruz. I took a room in the Hotel Diligencias overlooking the square and spent the morning looking at the sights of the town. I wandered down side streets and peeped into quaint courts. I visited the parish church which is very picturesque. Then I found that I had seen all that was to be seen<sup>2</sup> and I sat down in the coolness of the arcade that surrounded the square and ordered a drink. The sun beat down on

the square and dusty coco palms mercilessly. Great black buzzards perched on them for a moment, flew down on the ground to gather some bit of offal, and then flew up to the church tower. I watched the people crossing the square; Negroes, Indians, Spanish; they varied in colour from ebony to ivory. As the morning wore on the tables around me filled up, chiefly with men, who had come to have a drink before luncheon. I had already bought the local paper but the news-boys tried to sell me more copies of the same paper. I refused, oh, twenty times at least, the boys who wanted to shine my spotless shoes; and having come to the end of my small change I could only shake my head at the beggars who gave me no peace. Little Indian women, each one with a baby tied in the shawl on her back held out skinny hands to me; blind men were led up to my table by small boys; cripples exhibited their deformities; and half naked, hungry children endlessly demanded coppers.

But suddenly my attention was attracted by a beggar who, unlike the rest of them and unlike the black-haired people sitting round me, had hair and beard of a red so vivid that it was startling. His beard was ragged and his long hair looked as though it had not been brushed for months. He wore only a pair of trousers and a cotton singlet, but they were rags, dirty and foul, that barely held together.3 I have never seen anyone so thin: his legs, his naked arms, were skin and bone and through the holes of his singlet you saw every rib of his body; you could count the bones of his dustcovered feet. He was not old, he could not have been more than forty.4 and I wondered what had brought him to this state. It was absurd to think that he would not have worked if he had been able to get work. He was the only one of the beggars who did not speak. He said nothing. He did not even hold out his hand, he only looked at you, but with such wretchedness and despair in his eyes, it was dreadful; he stood on and on silently looking at you, and then, if you took no notice of him, he moved slowly to the next table. If he was

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  a dock strike having been declared the previous night — ввиду того, что накануне вечером была объявлена забастовка докеров

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> all that was to be seen — все, что можно было осмотреть

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  as the morning wore on — по мере того, как проходило утро

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> having come to the end of my small change — израсходовав все свои мелкие деньги

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> barely held together — едва держались

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> he could not have been more than forty — ему вряд ли было больше сорока

given nothing he showed neither disappointment nor anger. If someone offered him a coin he stepped forward a little, held out his hand, took it without a word of thanks and went his way. I had nothing to give him and when he came to me, I shook my head and used the polite formula with which the Spaniards refuse a beggar.

But he paid no attention to what I said. He stood in front of me, for as long as he stood at the other tables, looking at me with tragic eyes. There was something terrifying in his appearance. He did not look quite sane. At last he passed on.

It was one o'clock and I had lunch. When I awoke from my siesta it was still very hot, but towards evening a breath of air coming in through the window tempted me into the square. I sat down under my arcade and ordered a drink. Presently people began to fill up the tables in the restaurant and the band began to play. And again bootblacks begged me to let them clean my shoes, newsboys pressed papers upon me, beggars demanded alms. I saw once more that strange, red-bearded fellow and watched him stand before one table after another. He did not stop before mine. I suppose he remembered me from the morning and having got nothing from me then thought it useless to try again. You do not often see a red-haired Mexican, and I wondered if he could be a sailor, English, Scandinavian or American, who had deserted his ship and by degrees had sunk to this pitiful condition. He disappeared.

Since there was nothing else to do, I stayed on till I got hungry and when I had eaten I came back. I sat on till it was bedtime. I confess the day had seemed long and I wondered how many similar days I should be forced to spend there.

But I woke after a little while and could not get to sleep again. My room was stifling. I opened the shutters and looked out at the church. There was no moon, but the bright stars faintly lit its outline. The buzzards gathered on the cross above the cupola and on the edges of the tower, and now and then they moved a little. The effect was uncanny. And then, I have no notion why, I remembered that red-haired fellow again, and I had suddenly a strange feeling that I had seen him before. It was so vivid that it drove away from me the possibility of sleep. I felt sure that I had come across him, but when and where I could not tell.

1 pressed papers upon me — навязывали мне газеты

As the dawn approached it grew a little cooler and I was able to sleep.

I spent my second day at Vera Cruz as I had spent the first. But I watched for the coming of the red-haired beggar, and as he stood at the tables near mine I examined him with attention. I felt certain now that I had seen him somewhere. I even felt certain that I had known him and talked to him, but I still could recall none of the circumstances. Once more he passed my table without stopping and when his eyes met mine I looked in them for some gleam of recollection. Nothing. I wondered if I had made a mistake. But I could not get out of my head the impression that at some moment he had entered into my life. I was sure now that he was either English or American. But I was shy of addressing him. The day wore on.

Another day came, another morning, another evening. It was Sunday and the square was more crowded than ever. The tables under the arcade were packed. As usual the red-haired beggar came along, a terrifying figure in his silence, his rags and his pitiful distress. He was standing in front of a table only two from mine when I saw the policeman who at intervals tried to protect the public from all these beggars. He gave him a blow on the back. The beggar's thin body trembled, but he made no protest and showed no anger; he slowly walked away.

Then suddenly I remembered.

Not his name, that escaped me still, but everything else. He must have recognized me,<sup>3</sup> for I have not changed very much in twenty years, and that was why after that first morning he had never paused in front of my table. Yes, it was twenty years since I had known him. I was spending a winter in Rome and every evening I used to dine in a restaurant in the Via Sistina where you got excellent macaroni and a good bottle of wine. It was often visited by a group of English and American art students, and one or two writers; and we used to stay late into the night engaged in endless arguments upon art and literature. He used to come in with a young painter who was a friend of his. He was only a boy then.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I watched for the coming of — я следил, не появится ли

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> a gleam of recollection — проблеск воспоминания

³ he must have recognized me — он, должно быть, узнал меня

he could not have been more than twenty-two; and with his blue eyes, straight nose and red hair he was pleasing to look at. I remembered that he spoke a great deal of Central America, he had had a job with the American Fruit Company, but had thrown it over because he wanted to be a writer. He was not popular among us because he was arrogant. He thought us poor fish<sup>2</sup> and did not hesitate to tell us so. He would not show us his work, because our opinion meant nothing to him. His vanity was enormous. He was so certain of himself that he infected some of his friends with his own assurance. I recalled his high spirits, his vitality, his confidence in the future.

It was impossible that it was the same man, and yet I was sure of it. I stood up, paid for my drink and went out into the square to find him. My thoughts were in a turmoil. I was aghast. I had thought of him now and then and wondered what had become of him. I never imagined that he could come to this dreadful state. This was awful. I asked myself what had happened. What disappointments shattered him and broke his spirit, what lost illusions ground him to the dust? I asked myself if nothing could be done. I walked round the square. He was not in the arcades. There was no hope of finding him in the crowd that circled round the band-stand. Evening was coming on and I was afraid I had lost him. Then I passed the church and saw him sitting on the steps. I cannot describe what a pitiful object he looked. Life had broken him, torn him limb from limb, and then flung him on the stone steps of that church. I went up to him.

"Do you remember Rome?" I said.

He did not move. He did not answer. He took no notice of me as if I were not standing before him.<sup>6</sup> He did not look at me. His blue eyes rested on the buzzards that were screaming and tearing at I stayed three more days in Vera Cruz. I never saw him again.

#### **Exercises**

# Pre-reading Tasks

Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, Yuacatan, wander, picturesque, arcade, palm, buzzard, offal, shawl, beard, foul, absurd, siesta, alms, macaroni, cupola, turmoil, aghast, tear.

['verə 'kru:z] ['meksikou] ['ju:kətən] ['wəndə] [,piktʃə'resk] [a:'keɪd] [pa:m] ['bʌzəd] ['ɔfəl] [ʃɔ:l] ['bɪəd] [faul] [əb'sə:d] [si'estə] [a:mz] [,mækə'rouni] ['kju:pələ] ['tə:mɔil] [ə'ga:st] [tɛə]

A few adjectives ending in -ed have a special pronunciation: the last syllable is pronounced [id] instead of [d] or [t]. Practise pronouncing such adjectives.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm I}$  he was pleasing to look at — у него была приятная внешность (на него было приятно смотреть)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> he thought us poor fish — он считал нас никчемными людьми

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> high spirits — веселое, приподнятое настроение

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> to grind to the dust — стереть в порошок

<sup>5</sup> torn him limb from limb — сильно потрепала его

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> as if I were not standing before him — как будто я не стоял перед

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  a yellow-backed note — крупная купюра американских денег — от 50 долларов и выше

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> to give a glance — взглянуть

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  flicked it into the air — щелчком швырнул его высоко в

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> the man was gone (= the man had gone) — человека уже не было, он ушел (конструкция, выражающая состояние; ср. he is come — он пришел, он уже здесь)

beloved	[bi'lavid]	ragged	['rægɪd]
crooked	['krukıd]	sacred	['seikrid
learned	[ˈləːnɪd]	wicked	['wikid]
naked	['neikid]	wretched	['retsid]

# Nocabulary and Grammar Tasks

# 1 Find in the story the English for:

застрять, выходить на (об окнах), различаться, выставлять напоказ, привлечь внимание, не обращать внимания, нормальный (в своем уме), встретиться (случайно), обратиться к кому-либо, изучать кого-либо, ускользать, узнавать кого-либо, вот почему, надменный, тщеславие, уверенность, сломить дух.

Fill each gap with a word or word combination from the box in an appropriate form.

to exhibit confidence to break smb's spirit to address to examine to pay no attention to be stuck to overlook to come across to escape

1)	As a dock strike had been declared the previous night I in Vera Cruz.
2)	Cripples their deformities.
3)	I used the polite formula with which the Spaniards refuse a beggar but he to what I said.
4)	I took a room in a hotel the square.
	As he stood at the table near me I him with attention.

	6)	tell.
	7)	Then suddenly I remembered. Not his name, that
		me still.
la la	8)	I recalled his high spirits, his vitality, his in the future.
935	9)	What disappointments shattered him and
	10)	I was shy of him.
1	Cho	ose the right word and use it in an appropriate form.
	CHO	
		to sink
		to drown
	1)	I thought he could be a sailor who had deserted his ship and by degrees to this pitiful condition.
	2)	He was aware of the risk he was taking, it was a case of or swim.
	3)	He as the current was very strong.
		work
	85	(a) job
	4)	He had had with the American Fruit Company, but had thrown it over.
	5)	He didn't work, he hadn't been able to get
	6)	He would not show us his, because our opinion meant nothing to him.
		because
		that's why
	7)	He was arrogant, he was not popular among us.
	8)	He didn't stop before my table he hadn't got anything from me in the morning.
	9)	Towards evening a breath of air came in through the window, I went out into the square.
		to vary
	100	to differ
	10)	I watched the people crossing the square, theyin colour from ebony to ivory

11) But suddenly	my attention the rest		by a beggar who		3)	Having got from me he thought it useless to tragain.
12) The second d			from the		4)	I asked myself if could be done.
first.	ay at void	Club Glant			5)	There was terrifying in his appearance.
mst.					6)	Hungry children with hardly on endlessl
	100		2 2 202		0)	demanded copper.
Complete the chart b	elow with th	e names of countrie	s and nationalities.		7)	Since there was else to do, I stayed on.
		ъ.	Population		8)	When I looked back I didn't see
Country	Adjective	Person	Population			
America	American	an American	the Americans	6	Use	such + adjective + noun instead of so + adjective.
	Russian		Lanco			His eyes were so desperate.
	-x ()		the Greeks			He looked at you with such
7			the Ottom		2)	I couldn't sleep. My room was so stifling.
10		a Chinese				It was such
	Swiss		10.5			I have never seen anyone so thin.
		ar Englishmen				I have never seen such
#0 E)		an Englishman			4)	His hair was so red.
France						He had such
		Fe:	the Swedes			The weather was so hot.
			the Bireas			It was such
	Finnish	3 7 6 5	0			He looked so pitiful.
		a Dane				He was such
the Netherlands	18 18			.2.		
(Holland)				♥	Read	ding Comprehension and Discussion Tasks
	- 0.000		the Scots			
		a Spaniard		1	Answ	ver the following questions:
Ireland					1)	Why was the author stuck in Vera Cruz?
			the Indians		2)	How did he pass the time?
E 50					3)	What was the weather like?
	1. X-7. (100)		18		4)	What sort of people came up to his table while he wa
		1	Lina nothing to fill			sitting in the arcade?
	body, nobod	iy, sometning, anyt	hing, nothing to fill			Who was his attention suddenly attracted by?
the gaps.		X*01				What did the beggar look like? What was terrifying in his
1) I have never	seen	so thin.	18			appearance?
2) If	offered hin	n a coin he held	out his hand and			How did he differ from other beggars?
took it withou	out a word	of thanks.				What did he do when he came up to the author's table's
took it with						Why didn't he stop before his table in the evening?

- 9) What strange feeling drove away from the author the possibility of sleep that night?
- 10) What did the author feel certain about while he was examining the beggar with attention on the second day in Vera Cruz? What did he suddenly remember?
- 11) How was the author spending the winter in Rome twenty years ago?
- 12) What did the red-haired beggar look like then?
- 13) Why wasn't he popular among art students?
- 14) What thoughts passed through the author's mind when he remembered the beggar as an arrogant youth?
- 15) Why did the author start looking for the beggar? Where did he find him?
- 16) What was the beggar's reaction to the author's question whether he remembered Rome?
- 17) What did the beggar do with the yellow-packed note the author gave him?
- 18) Did the author ever see him again?
- Speak about the life of the bum from the arrogant youth confident of his future to the beggar ground to dust. Use the words and word combinations from the list below.
  - To be engaged in, arguments upon art and literature, used to come, to have a job with a company, not to be popular, arrogant, to think smb poor fish, would not show, smb's opinion means nothing, vanity, vitality, confidence in the future.
  - 2) To wear dirty and foul rags, to be skin and bone, not to be able to get work, with despair in one's eyes, to hold out one's hand, to take smth without a word of thanks, to show neither disappointment nor anger, not to look sane, a terrifying figure, to sink to a pitiful condition.
- 3 Act out an inner monologue of the author as he went out into the square to look for the bum.
- 4 Discuss the following:

- 1) "What had happened to the man? What disappointments shattered him and broke his spirit, what lost illusions ground him to the dust?" Try to find answers to the author's questions.
- 2) Why do you think the bum never spoke? Why did he make no protest when the policeman gave him a blow?
- 3) Why did the bum take no notice of the author when he found him on the steps of the church? Why do you think he took the money the author gave him, made it into a ball and flicked it into the air?
- 4) "I asked myself if anything could be done?" Do you think something could be done to get the burn out of that pitiful condition?
- 5) How do you think the burn ended his life?
- 6) What is your impression of the story?



# THE WASH-TUB

Positano stands on the side of a steep hill and is a very picturesque place. In winter its two or three modest hotels are crowded with painters, male and female, but if you come there in summer you will have it to yourself. The hotel is clean and cool and there is a terrace where you can sit at night and look at the sea. Down on the quay there is a little tavern where you can have macaroni, ham and fresh-caught fish, and drink cold wine.

One August, tiring of Capri where I had been staying, I made up my mind to spend a few days at Positano, so I hired a fishing-boat and rowed over. I arrived at Positano in the evening. I strolled up the hill, my two bags following me<sup>1</sup> on the heads of two sturdy

1 my two bags following me — причем мои два чемодана следовали за мной

"Is he a painter or a writer or something?" I asked.

"No, signore, he's a gentleman."

Odd, I thought. No foreigners came to Positano at that time of year. I could not imagine anyone wishing to spend three months there; unless it was somebody who wanted to hide. And since all London had been excited by the flight earlier in the year of an eminent, but dishonest, financier, the amusing thought occurred to me that this mysterious stranger was perhaps he. I knew him slightly and hoped that my sudden arrival would not disturb him.

"You'll see the Signore at the tavern," said Giuseppe, as I was going out. "He always dines there."

He was certainly not there when I arrived. In a few minutes, however, a man walked in who could be no other than my fellow-guest at the hotel and I had a moment's disappointment when I saw that it was not the hiding financier. A tall, elderly man, bronzed after his summer on the Mediterranean, with a handsome, thin face. He wore a very neat suit of cream-coloured silk and no hat. His gray hair was cut very short, but was still thick. There was ease in his bearing, and elegance. He looked round the half-dozen tables at which the natives of the place were playing cards or dominoes and his eyes rested on me. They smiled pleasantly. He came up.

"I hear you have just arrived at the hotel. Giuseppe said that as he couldn't come down here to introduce me you wouldn't mind if I introduced myself. Would it bore you to dine with a total stranger?"

"Of course not. Sit down."

He turned to the maid who was laying a cover for me and in beautiful Italian told her that I would eat with him.

He made a very good cocktail and with added appetite we began our dinner. My host had a pleasant humour and his fluent conversation was agreeable.

"You must forgive me if I talk too much," he said presently. "This is the first chance I've had to speak English for three months.

I don't suppose you will stay here long and I mean to make the most of it."

"Three months is a long time to stay at Positano."

"I've hired a boat and I bathe and fish. I read a great deal. I have a good many books here and if there's anything I can lend you I shall be very glad."

"I think I have enough reading matter. But I should love to look at what you have. It's always fun looking at other people's books."

"It also tells you a good deal about them," he said.

When we finished dinner we went on talking. The stranger was well-read and interested in various topics. He spoke with so much knowledge of painting that I wondered if he was an art critic. But then he began to speak of the books he had read and I came to the conclusion that he was a college professor. I asked him his name.

"Barnaby," he answered.

"That's a name that has recently become known to everybody," I said.

"Oh, how so?"

"Have you never heard of the celebrated Mrs. Barnaby? She's a compatriot of yours."

"I admit that I've seen her name in the papers rather often of late. Do you know her?"

"Yes, quite well. She gave the grandest parties all last season<sup>2</sup> and I went to them whenever she asked me. Everyone did. She's an amazing woman. She came to London to spend the season, and, by George,<sup>3</sup> her parties were the most successful in London."

"I understand she is very rich?"

"Oh, yes, very! But it's not the money that has made her success. Plenty of American women have money. Mrs. Barnaby has won her place in society by sheer force of character.<sup>4</sup> She never pretends to be anything but what she is. She's natural. She's priceless. You know her history, of course?"

My friend smiled.

"Mrs. Barnaby may be a great celebrity in London, but in America she is almost unknown."

I smiled also.

"Well, I'll tell you about her. Her husband appears to be a very rough diamond; he's a great strong fellow, she says, who could fell a steer with his fist. He's known in Arizona as 'One-Bullet Mike.'2

"Good gracious!3 Why?"

"Well, years ago in the old days he killed two men with a single shot. She says that even now he shoots better than any man West of the Rockies.<sup>4</sup> He's a miner, but he's been a cowpuncher, a gun-runner and God knows what in his day."

"A real Western type," said my professor a trifle acidly I thought.

"Mrs. Barnaby's stories about him are very amusing. Of course every one's been begging her to let him come over, but she says he'd never leave the wide open spaces. He struck oil<sup>5</sup> a year or two ago and now he's got all the money in the world. I've heard her keep the whole dinner-table spellbound when she's talked of the old days and their adventures. It gives you quite a thrill<sup>6</sup> when you see this gray-haired woman, not at all pretty, but wonderfully dressed, with the most wonderful pearls, and hear her tell how she washed the miners' clothes and cooked for the camp. When you see Mrs. Barnaby sitting at the head of her table, quite at home with<sup>7</sup> princes of the blood, ambassadors, cabinet ministers

<sup>1</sup> it's always fun looking — всегда интересно посмотреть

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> season — лондонский сезон балов и приемов (май-июль)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> by George — клянусь

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  by sheer force of character —  $3\partial$ . одной только цельностью своей натуры

 $<sup>^{-1}</sup>$  appears to be a very rough diamond — по-видимому, обладает большими внутренними достоинствами, но внешне грубоват (rough diamond — необработанный алмаз)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 'One-Bullet Mike' — «Бьющий без промаха Майк» (*Майк* — имя)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Good gracious! — Боже милостивый!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> West of the Rockies — к западу от Скалистых гор (Rockies *paзг.* — сокращение от Rockey Mountains. Жители западных районов США являются потомками американских пионеров и отличаются особыми обычаями и складом характера.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> to strike oil — напасть на месторождение нефти

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> to give one a thrill — приводить в восторг

 $<sup>^{7}</sup>$  to be at home with somebody —  $3\partial$ . чувствовать себя равной

and the duke of this and the duke of that, 1 it seems almost incredible that only a few years ago she was cooking the food of seventy miners."

"Can she read or write?"

"I suppose her invitations are written by her secretary, but she's by no means an ignorant woman. She told me she had always made herself read for an hour every night after the fellows in camp had gone to bed."

"Remarkable!"

"On the other hand<sup>2</sup> One-Bullet Mike only learnt to write his name when he got rich and had to sign cheques."

We walked up the hill to our hotel and before separating for the night arranged to spend the next day together. We spent a charming day bathing, reading, eating, sleeping and talking, and we dined together in the evening. The following morning, after breakfast on the terrace, I reminded Barnaby of his promise to show me his books.

"Come right along."3

I accompanied him to his bedroom where Giuseppe, the waiter, was making his bed. The first thing I caught sight of was a photograph in a beautiful frame of the celebrated Mrs. Barnaby. My friend caught sight of it too and suddenly turned pale with anger.

"You fool, Giuseppe. Why have you taken that photograph out of my wardrobe? Why the devil did you think I put it away?4"

"I didn't know, Signore. That's why I put it back on the Signore's table. I thought he liked to see the portrait of his Signora."

I was staggered.

"Is Mrs. Barnaby your wife?" I cried.

"She is."

"Good lord, are you One-Bullet Mike?"

"Do I look it?"5.

I began to laugh.

"I must say you don't."

I glanced at his hands. He smiled grimly and held them out. "No, sir, I have never felled a steer with my naked fist." For a moment we stared at one another in silence.

"She'll never forgive me," he moaned. "She wanted me to take a false name, and when I refused she was quite angry with me. She said it wasn't safe. I said it was bad enough to hide myself in Positano for three months and categorically refused to change my name." He hesitated. "Now I can do nothing, but beg you not to disclose a secret that you have discovered quite by chance."

"I will be as silent as the grave, but honestly I don't understand. What does it all mean?"

"I am a doctor by profession and for the last thirty years my wife and I have lived in Pennsylvania. I don't know whether I have impressed you as a roughneck, but I may tell you that Mrs. Barnaby is one of the most cultivated women I have ever known. Then a cousin of hers died and left her a very large fortune. My wife is a very, very rich woman. She has always read a great deal of English fiction and her one desire was to have a London season, 1 to give parties and do all the grand things she had read about in books. It was her money and although the prospect did not tempt me, I was glad she could gratify her wish. We sailed last April. The young Duke and Duchess of Hereford happened to be on board. I was ill when we sailed and stayed in my cabin, so Mrs. Barnaby was left to look after herself. Her deck-chair happened to be next to the duchess's. My wife has a very keen sense of humour. Getting into conversation with the duchess, she told her a little anecdote and to make it more interesting she said that it had happened to herself. The success of the story was immediate. The duchess begged for another and my wife went a little further. Twenty-four hours later she had the duke and duchess eating out of her hand.<sup>2</sup> She used to come down to my cabin at intervals and tell me of her progress. It amused me greatly and since I had nothing else to do, I sent to the library for the works of Bret Harte and supplied her with interesting details."

<sup>1</sup> the duke of this and the duke of that — герцог такой-то или такой-то (В титул герцога обычно входит название местности, где расположено его поместье; поэтому здесь стоит предлог of. Ср. ниже: the duke of Hereford.)

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  on the other hand — с другой стороны, в противоположность этому

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Come right along. — Пойдемте сейчас же.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Why the devil did you think I put it away? — Зачем, черт возьми, потвоему, я его убрал?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Do I look it? — Разве я похож на него?

<sup>1</sup> to have a London season — быть принятой в лондонском высшем свете и самой устраивать приемы во время лондонского сезона

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  to eat out of somebody's hand — стать совсем ручным, беспрекословно слушаться

I slapped my forehead. "We said she was as good as Bret Harte." I cried.

"I had a grand time thinking of<sup>2</sup> the disappointment of my wife's friends when at the end of the voyage I appeared and we told them the truth. But I did not know my wife. The day before we reached Southampton Mrs. Barnaby told me that the Herefords were arranging parties for her. The duchess was crazy to introduce her<sup>3</sup> to all sorts of wonderful people. It was a chance in a thousand; but of course I would spoil everything; she admitted that she had been forced by the course of events4 to represent me as very different from what I was. I did not know that she had already transformed me into One-Bullet Mike, but I had a suspicion that she had forgotten to mention that I was on board. Well, to make a long story short, she asked me to go to Paris for a week or two till she had strengthened her position. I didn't mind that. I liked the prospect of doing a little work at the Sorbonne much more than going to parties in London, and so, leaving her to go on to Southampton, I went to Paris. But when I had been in Paris ten days she flew over to see me. She told me that her success had exceeded her wildest dreams: it was ten times more wonderful than any of the novels; but my appearance would ruin it all. Very well, I said, I would stay in Paris. She didn't like the idea of that; she said she'd never have a moment's peace so long as I was so near and might run across someone who knew me. I suggested Vienna or Rome. They wouldn't do either, and at last I came here and here I have been hiding like a criminal for three endless months."

"Do you mean to say you never killed the two gamblers, shooting one with your right hand and the other with your left?"

"Sir, I have never fired a pistol in my life."

"And what about the attack on your log-cabin by the Mexican bandits when your wife loaded your guns for you and you stood the siege<sup>5</sup> for three days till the government troops came to your help?"

Mr. Barnaby smiled grimly.

"I never heard that one. Isn't it a trifle crude?"

"Crude! It was as good as any Wild West picture.1"

"I suppose that is where my wife got the idea."

"But the wash-tub. Washing the miners' clothes and all that. You don't know how she made us laugh with that story. Why, she swam into London Society in her wash-tub."

I began to laugh.

"She's made the biggest fools of us all," I said.

"She's made a pretty big fool of me too," remarked Mr. Barnaby.

"She's a wonderful woman and you're right to be proud of her. I always said she was priceless. She realized the passion for romance that beats in every British heart and she's given us exactly what we wanted." I wouldn't betray her for worlds.

"It's all very fine for you, sir. London may have gained a wonderful hostess, but I am beginning to think that I have lost a perfectly good wife."

"The only place for One-Bullet Mike is the great open West. My dear Mr. Barnaby, there is only one course open to you now. You must continue to disappear."

"I'm very much obliged to you."

I thought he replied with a good deal of acidity.

#### **Exercises**

# Pre-reading Tasks

- A wash-tub is a container used for washing clothes. What do you think the story with such a title can deal with? Write 3-5 sentences.
- 2 Practise the pronunciation of the words from the story. When in doubt refer to the transcription below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> as good as Bret Harte — не уступает Брет Гарту (американский писатель, известный своими красочными рассказами о Диком Западе)

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  I had a grand time thinking of —  $3\partial$ . я с удовольствием предвкущал

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  was crazy to introduce her — горела нетерпением познакомить ее

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  by the course of events — стечением обстоятельств

<sup>5</sup> to stand a siege — выдерживать осаду

<sup>1</sup> Wild West picture — приключенческий фильм о Диком Западе

Terrace, quay, tavern, Capri, row, signore, financier, mysterious, celebrity, rough, diamond, steer, Arizona, bullet, cow-puncher, cheque, photograph, duchess, forehead, voyage, Vienna, romance.

['terəs] [ki:] ['tævən] ['kɑ:prɪ] [rou] [sɪn'jɔ:rɑ:] [faɪ'nænsɪə] [mɪs'tɪərɪəs] [sɪ'lebrɪtɪ] [rʌf] ['daɪəmənd] ['stɪə] [ærı'zounə] ['bulɪt] ['kau,pʌntʃə] [tʃek] ['foutəgrɑ:f] ['dʌtʃɪs] ['fɔrɪd] [vɔɪdʒ] ['vɪenə] [rə'mæns]

# Vocabulary and Grammar Tasks

#### 1 Find in the story the English for:

переполненный, взять напрокат, представиться комулибо, надоедать, прятаться, прощать, использовать наилучшим образом, давать взаймы, соотечественник, притворяться, ни в коем случае, сопровождать, художественная литература, удовлетворять желания, снабжать чем-либо, устраивать вечера, испортить, короче говоря, превысить, предавать.

Fill each gap with a word or word combination from the box in an appropriate form.

to arrange
to lend
to introduce
to hire
to pretend
fiction
to spoil

1)	I made up my mind to spen	real carrier (1975) in the carrier = 1970 at = 1970 at the content of the carrier and the carrier at the carrie
	I a boat and ro	
	You wouldn't mind if I	
3)	I don't suppose you will s	tay here long and I mean

	4)	I have a good many books here and if there's anything I can you I shall be very glad.
	51	She never to be anything but what she is.
	5)	She has always read a great deal of English
	6)	She told me that the Herefords parties for
	7)	her. But of course I would everything.
		ner. But of course I would everything.
		lace the italicized words and word combinations with a synonym the box in an appropriate form.
		to forgive
		to exceed
		to accompany
		to be crowded with
		by no means
		to supply with
		to cut a long story short
		to cut a long story short
a	1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7)	In winter the hotels are full of painters, male and female. You must pardon me if I talk too much.  She is in no way an ignorant woman.  I went with him to the bedroom.  I provided her with interesting details.  In short, she asked me to go to Paris for a week or two. She told me that her success went far beyond her wildest dreams.
	Che	oose the right word (say, tell, talk, speak) and use it in an appropriate
	for	
	1333	You must forgive me if I too much.
		You must forgive me if I too much.
	2)	I thought of the disappointments of my wife's friends when
		at the end of the voyage I appeared and we
	0230	them the truth.
	3)	He with so much knowledge of painting that
		I thought he was an art critic.
	4)	4500
		progress.
	5)	She the duchess a little anecdote and to
		109

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		make it more interesting she it had happened
	0	to her.
	6)	Then he began to about the books he had read.
	7)	She he'd never leave the wide open spaces.
	8)	I've heard her keep the whole dinner-table spell-bound,
	٠,	when she of the old days and their adventures.
		of the old days and their adventures.
8	Cor	mplete the sentences. Use a comparative or a superlative.
	1)	She gave parties all last season. (grand)
	2)	She says that even now he shoots than any
		man West of the Rockies. (good)
	3)	She is one of women I have ever known.
		(cultivated)
	4)	My wife went a little (far)
	5)	I liked the prospect of doing a little work at the Sorbonne
		than going to parties in London. (much)
	6)	Her success was ten times than any of the
		novels. (wonderful)
	7)	Her parties were in London. (successful)
	Put	in that, what or who. If the sentence is complete without that write
	thai	t in brackets.
	1)	I could not imagine anyone wishing to spend three months
		there, unless it was somebody wanted to hide.
×	2)	A man walked in could be no other than my
	18 <b>5</b> 0	fellow-guest at the hotel.
	3)	If there is anything I can lend you I shall be
		very glad.
	4)	But I should love to look at you have.
	5)	He turned to the maid was laying the cover
		for me.
	6)	Then he began to speak of the books he had
	100	read and I came to the conclusion he was a
		college professor.
	7)	I might run across someone knew me.
	8)	She realized the passion for romance beats in
		every British heart.

# 7 Give the missing forms of the verbs.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Russian
hide			
		worn	
	laid		
			ловить
forgive			
		won	
	struck		
		7/	плавать
		flown	
lend		1 1 2 1	
			знать
	understood		
		thought	
begin			2.4
	became		
		hold	
9	la la		слышат

# Reading Comprehension and Discussion Tasks

# 1 Answer the following questions:

- 1) Where did the author decide to spend a few days one August? Why? What did the place look like?
- 2) Why did he think it odd he was not the only guest at the hotel? Who did he think the other guest could be?
- 3) What did his fellow guest look like?
- 4) Why did he talk so much? What did he speak about?

- 5) Why did they begin to speak about Mrs. Barnaby? What did the author tell his new friend about Mrs. Barnaby and her parties?
- 6) What did Mrs. Barnaby look like? What was she like?
- 7) How did Mrs. Barnaby win her place in society according to the author?
- 8) How did the author learn that Mrs. Barnaby was his new friend's wife?
- 9) What did his friend tell him about his wife? How did she become rich? What was her only desire?
- 10) How did she make friends with the young Duke and Duchess of Hereford? What kind of stories did she tell then? Who supplied her with interesting details?
- 11) What kind of man did she transform her husband into?
- 12) Why did she ask Mr. Barnaby to go to Paris for a week or two? Why didn't he mind it?
- 13) Why did she fly to Paris to see him? Why did she persuade him to hide somewhere for three months?
- 14) Why did the author say his friend should be proud of her? What did he think was the only course open to Mr. Barnaby? How did Mr. Barnaby like the idea?

# 2 Tell the story of Mrs. Barnaby. Use the words and word combinations from the list below.

Force of character, a keen sense of humour cultivated, to leave a large fortune, to give parties, to gratify one's wish, to be at home with smb, to win one's place in society, to make a fool of, a wonderful hostess, a perfectly good wife.

# Act out a dialogue between Mr. and Mrs Barnaby when the latter flew to Paris to see him.

#### 4 Discuss the following:

"Why, she swam into London society in her wash-tub". "She realized the passion for romance that beats in every British heart and she's given us exactly what we want." What do you think the wash-tub has to do with the passion

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- for romance? What do you think society wanted? Why could she make fools of them?
- 2) What do you think is the author's attitude to London society?
- 3) Comment on the title of the story. Do you find the story dramatic or humorous?
- 5 Read out your sentences from the pre-reading task. What kind of story could yours be?

# Vocabulary

# Принятые сокращения

a adjective прилагательное a predic. прилагательное, употребляющееся только в качестве именной части составного сказуемого adv adverb наречие cj conjunction coio3 int interjection междометие n noun существительное pl plural множественное число pron pronoun местоимение p. p. past participle причастие прошедшего времени

prp preposition предлог v verb глагол ам. употребительно в США арх. архитектура воен. военное дело зд. здесь исп. испанский (язык) ит. итальянский (язык) разг. употребительно в разговорной фр. французский (язык)

adv рассеянно **abstainer** [əb'steɪnə] *n* не употребляющий спиртных напитков **absurd** [əb'sə:d] a абсурдный, нелепый accent ['æksənt] n произношение, акцент accept [ək'sept] v принимать ассотрану [э'клтрэні] у сопровождать, сопутствовать accordance [ə'ko:dəns] n cootbetствие; in ~ with в соответствии с. согласно Achinese [ətʃi:'ni:z] n ачинец (житель Ачина — района острова Суматры) acid ['æsid] a кислый, едкий acidity [a'sidrti] n едкость acquaintance [a'kweintəns] n знакомый **add** [æd] *v* добавлять

absent-mindedly ['æbsənt'maindidli] address [ə'dres] v обращаться, адресовать adore [ə'dɔ:] v обожать adventure [əd'vent[ə] n приключение admiration [,ædmə'reɪ[n] n восхищение, восторг afford [a'fo:d] v (быть в состоянии) позволить себе (часто с сап) aghast [ə'ga:st] a predic. ошеломленный, пораженный ужасом agony ['ægənɪ] n агония, страдание (душевное или физическое) agree [ə'qri:] v соглашаться (с кемл. ~ with; с чем-л., на что-л. ~ agreeable [ə'qri:əbl] а приятный alcohol ['ælkəhəl] n алкоголь, спирт alms [a:mz] n милостыня altar ['o:ltə] n алтарь although [ə:l'ðou] сj хотя, несмотря на то, что

altogether [,oltə'geðə] adv в общем; arrange [ə'reɪndʒ] v устраивать; усвсенело amazing [ə'meizin] а удивительный, art [a:t] n искусство; ~ critic худоизумительный ambassador [æm'bæsədə] n посол ambitious [æm'bɪʃəs] а честолюбивый ammunition [,æmju'n $\mathfrak{l}$ n] n боеприпасы; снаряды, патроны amuse [ə'mju:z] v занимать, развлеamusement [ə'mju:zmənt] n развлечение; веселье anger ['ængə] n гнев announce [ə'nauns] v объявлять, заannouncement [ə'naunsmənt] n объявление, извещение another [ə'nʌðə] pron другой; еще один; ~ **10 minutes** еще 10 минут ant [a:nt] n муравей anyhow ['enihau] adv как бы там ни было арреаг [э'ріә] у показываться, появляться арреагапсе [ə'piərəns] n появление: наружность appetizing ['æpitaizin] а аппетитный apology [ə'pɔlədʒɪ] n извинение appoint [ə'pɔɪnt] v назначать approve (of) [ə'pru:v] v одобрять arcade [a:'keid] n apx. аркада; сводчатая галерея; пассаж с магазинами Argentine [,a:dʒən'taɪn] n аргентинец argue ['a:qiu:] v обсуждать; доказывать: спорить **argument** [' $\alpha$ :gjument| n apryment, довод; дискуссия, спор armful ['a:mful] n oxanka arouse [ə'rauz] v вызывать, возбужлать arrogant ['ærəgənt] а высокомерный, надменный; самонадеянный beard [biəd] n борода

лавливаться, договариваться жественный критик; искусствовед; ~ student человек, изучающий искусство ashore [ə'fɔ:] adv на берег asparagus [əs'pærəgəs] n спаржа assemble [ə'sembl] v собирать(ся) assistance [ə'sistəns] n помощь, солействие assure [ə'ʃuə] v уверять astonishment [əs'tənɪʃmənt] n удивление, изумление attack [ə'tæk] v атаковать, нападать; n атака; heart ~ сердечный приступ attempt [ə'tempt] n попытка attitude ['ætɪtju:d] n поза attractive [ə'træktıv] а привлекательный avenue ['ævɪnju:] n дорога ( $\kappa$  дому), обсаженная деревьями await [ə'weit] v ждать, выжидать B **ball** [bo:1] *n* бал; шар, шарик ballad ['bæləd] n баллада, рассказ band [bænd] n opkectp band-stand ['bændstænd] n эстрада для оркестра bar [ba:] *п* прилавок, стойка; закусочная; небольшой ресторан barely ['beəli] adv только, едва, лишь barn [ba:n] n capaŭ, амбар bathe [beið] v купаться beach [bitf] n морской берег; пляж beacon ['bi:kən] n маяк beak [bi:k] n клюв bear (bore, borne) [beəl ([bo:], [bo:n]) **у** носить

bearing ['bɛərɪŋ] n манера держать bore [bɔ:] v надоедать себя: поведение

beckon ['bekən] v манить, кивать beer [biə] n пиво

beg [beq] v просить; попрошайни-

beggar ['begə] n нищий behaviour [bi'heiviə] п поведение belief [bi'li:f] n вера, убеждение helieve [bi'li:v] v верить; думать, полагать

Benedictine [beni'dikti:n] п название ликера

berth [bə:0] n мор. койка

beside [bi'said] prp рядом с; около bet (bet. betted) [bet] (['betid]) v одержать пари; ~ оп держать пари за (против)

betray [bi'trei] v предавать; выдавать bill [bil] n счет; ам. банкнота

bit [bit] n kycovek;  $a \sim$  немного; not **а** ~ ничуть

bite (bit, bit, bitten) [bait] ([bit], ['bitən]) v кусать, жалить; n ку-

blind ['blaind] а слепой; n штора blink [blink] v мигать; шуриться block letter ['blok letə] печатная буква

blood [blad] n KDOBL

blow [blou] n удар; v (blew, blown) ([blu:], [bloun]) дуть

**board** [bo:d] n борт (cydha); on  $\sim$  на пароходе, на борту

boast [boust] v хвастать(ся); n предмет гордости

boat [bout] п лодка; шлюпка; судно bolt [boult] v запирать на засов

bone-dry ['boun'drai] a ам. сухой, запрешающей продажу спиртных напитков (о законе)

сапог

boots [buts] n коридорный слуга (в buzzard ['bʌzəd] n сарыч, канюк гостинице)

borrow ['borou] v брать взаймы bother ['bɔðə] v беспокоить(ся), волноваться: ~ with возиться

bottom ['botəm] n дно, низ brace [breis] v подкреплять

bracelet ['breislit] n браслет

brandy ['brændı] n бренди, коньяк break (broke, broken) [breik] ([brouk],

['broukn]) v ломать(ся); ~ down подорвать(ся) (о здоровье), ~ ошт вспыхивать (о войне, пожаре)

breathe [bri.ð] v дышать; ~ hard дышать с трудом; задыхаться

breeze [bri:z] n мор. ветер

bridge [brid3] n бридж (карточная игра)

bring (brought) [brin] ([bro:t]) v приносить, приводить; ~ ир воспитывать

briskly ['briskli] adv оживленно, проворно

bronzed [bronzd] a бронзовый, покрытый бронзой

brutal ['bru:tl] а грубый, жестокий bullet ['bulit] n пуля

bum [bлm] *п ам.* бродяга, нищий

bundle ['bʌndl] n узел, связка bungalow ['bangalou] n бунгало, од-

ноэтажная дача или дом с веранлой

burden ['bə:dn] n ноша; бремя burst (burst, burst) [bə:st] v лопаться bury ['beri] v хоронить

business ['biznis] n дело, коммерческое предприятие; to go into ~ заняться коммерческой деятельностью

but [bat] prp за исключением, кро-

bootblack ['bu:tblæk] n чистильщик butler ['bʌtlə] n дворецкий, старший лакей

(хищная птица)

cab [kæb] n кэб, экипаж cabin ['kæbɪn] n каюта; хижина cabinet minister ['kæbinit 'ministə] член кабинета министров

**camp** [kæmp] *n* лагерь; городок вокруг разработок золота, меди и т. п. (U. S.)

capable ['kerpəbl] а способный capture ['kæpt[ə] v захватывать силой; брать в плен

card [ka:d] n карта (игральная),  $\sim$ trick карточный фокус; pack of ~s колода карт

саге [kea] n забота; v заботиться chap[t[æp]] n парень (about); take ~ (of) заботиться, character ['kæriktə] n характер, реухаживать

career [kə'rıə] n қарьера **carve** [ka:v] v вырезать по дереву:

высекать из камня

коробка

cashier [kæ'fiə] n кассир

casually ['kæʒjuəlı] adv случайно, не- cheap [tʃiːp] а дешевый брежно, нерегулярно

catch (caught) [kætʃ] ([kɔ:t]) v пой- cheque [tʃek] n чек мать; поспеть (на поезд, на пароход), ~ one's death умереть; ~ out cheerful ['tʃɪəful] а жизнерадостный поймать с поличным, разоблачить; ~ sight (of) увидеть, заме- Chinese ['tfai'niz] n китаец

categorically [kæti'qərikəli] adv pe- choose (chose, chosen) [tʃuːz] ([tfouz], шительно

cause [kɔ:z] v причинять, вызы- christening ['krɪsnɪŋ] n крещение вать

caviare ['kæviɑ:] n икра (употребляемая в пищу)

celebrated ['selibreitid] а знаменитый, прославленный celebrity [si'lebriti] n знаменитость

**cell** [sel] n тюремная камера cent [sent] n цент (ам. монета)

century ['sentfuri] n век, столетие

**ceremony** ['serimoni] n обряд, церемония

certain ['sə:tn] a уверенный, определенный; ~ of oneself уверенный в себе

chain [tfein] n цепь, цепочка chamber-maid ['tfeimbəmeid] n ropничная

champagne [fæm'pein] n шампанское chance [tfa:ns] n шанс, случай, возможность; by ~ случайно

change [tfeind3] v изменять; ~ one's mind раздумать; *п* перемена; слача (о деньгах); small ~ мелкие деньги

путация; фигура, личность; а характерный; a great ~ интересная личность

**charm** [t[a:m] n обаяние **case** [keis] n случай; ящик, ларец, **charming** ['t[a:min] a очаровательный

> chatty ['tfæti] а разговорчивый cheat [tʃi:t] v надуть, обмануть

cheek [tfi:k] n щека

chin [tfɪn] n подбородок

chip [tʃɪp] n фишка, марка (в играх)

['t[ouzn]) v выбирать

chuckle ['t[akl] v посмеиваться; n довольный смех

church [tfə:tf] n церковь

churchwarden ['tfə:tf'wo:dn] n церковный староста

circle ['sə:kl] v кружить, окружать circumstance ['sə:kəmstəns] n обстоятельство

clap [klæp] у хлопать (в ладоши)

clasp [kla:sp] n застежка; пряжка clean-shaven ['kli:nfeivn] a чисто выбритый clergyman ['klə:dʒɪmən] n священник clerk [kla:k] n клерк, конторский

close-cut ['klouskat] a коротко остриженный

closely ['kloush] adv внимательно clothes [klouðz] n pl одежда coast [koust] n beper

служащий, приказчик

cockney ['kɔknı] n кокни (лондонское просторечье)

cocktail ['kokteil] n коктейль (спиртной напиток)

coconut-tree ['koukənʌt ˌtrɪ:] n кокосовое дерево (пальма)

coin [koin] n монета

collapse [kə'læps] v сплющиваться; зд. сникнуть

come across ['kam ə'krэs] v натолкнуться (случайно), встретиться

**come-down** ['kʌmdaun] *n* понижение (в положении, в обществе)

comfort ['kʌmfət] v утешать

comfortable ['kʌmfətəbl] а удобный common ['kəmən] a общий, обыч-

ный, простой; іп ~ сообща

compatriot [kəm'pætriət] n cooтeчественник

complain [kəm'plein] v жаловаться compliment ['kompliment] n компли-

**conclusion** [kən'klu:ʒn] *n* заключение; to come to the ~ прийти к заключению

condemned [kən'demd] p. p. осужденный

condition [kən'dıʃn] n условие confess [kən'fes] v признаваться

confidence ['konfidens] n Bepa, yBeренность

connect [kə'nekt] v соединять consent [kən'sent] v соглашаться consider [kən'sidə] v принимать во внимание, обсуждать (вопрос); п рассмотрение, обсуждение

constantly ['kənstəntli] adv постоянно; часто

convalescent [kɔnvə'lesnt] а выздоравливающий

convince [kən'vɪns] v убеждать

cook [kuk] n повар, кухарка; v готовить (пищу)

cool [ku:l] а прохладный

copper ['kɔpə] n медная монета

countrywoman ['kantri,wuman] n kpeстьянка

couple ['kapl] n napa

courage ['karid3] n смелость, мужество

course [kɔ:s] n курс, путь court [ko:t] v ухаживать

court-martial ['kɔ:t 'mɑ:fl] n военный

courtyard ['kɔ:t'jɑ:d] n двор

cow-puncher ['kau,pant[ə] n погонщик скота, ковбой

cost (cost, cost) [kost] v стоить

cover [kavə] v покрывать

crazy ['kreizi] а помешанный на чем-л.: сильно увлеченный

cream-coloured ['kri:m ,kxlad] a kpeмового цвета

creature ['kri:t[a] n существо

creek [kri:k] n устье реки; бухта, за-

criminal ['kriminəl] n преступник cripple ['kripl] n калека; v калечить cross [kros] у перекреститься; противоречить; п крест

crude [kru:d] а грубый

crumple ['krampl] v мять, комкать; ~ пасть духом

cultivated ['kaltiveitid] а культурный cunning ['kʌnɪŋ] а хитрый, ловкий cupola ['kju:pələ] n купол curly '[kə:lɪ] а курчавый

current ['karənt] n течение cut (cut) [kat] v резать; ~ out вырезать; зд. выбросить cynical ['sɪnɪkəl] а циничный

dagger ['dægə] n кинжал

## D

damned [dæmd]a отвратительный, проклятый; adv чертовски dawn [do:n] n заря; at  $\sim$  на death [de0] n CMEDTE deck [dek] n палуба; ~-chair шезлонг (для пассажиров на палубе) declare [dı'klɛə] v объявлять, заявлять deep [di:p] а глубокий defend [di'fend] v защищать(ся) deformity [di'fɔ:miti] n уродство degree [di'qri:] n степень: by  $\sim$  постепенно delay [dɪ'leɪ] n задержка delicacy ['delrkəsi] n деликатность delicate ['delikit] а хрупкий demand [dr'ma:nd] v требовать den [den] n логовище, берлога department store [dr'pa:tment 'sto:] универмаг depend [dr'pend] (on, upon) v зависеть deposit [dı'pɔzɪt] n депозит, текущий domestic [do'mestik] a домашний счет в банке describe [dis'kraib] v описывать desert [di'zə:t] v оставлять, покидать deserve [dɪ'zə:v] v заслуживать despair [dis'pea] n отчаяние despotic [des'potik] а деспотичный devil ['devl] n дьявол, черт; ~ish a draw (drew, drawn) [dro:] ([dru:], дьявольский diamond ['daɪəmənd] n алмаз

difference ['difrens] n разногласие.

digestion [di'dzestsen] n пишеварение

расхождение во мнениях

dignified ['dignifaid] а обладающий чувством собственного достоинства; величественный

dignity ['digniti] n чувство собственного достоинства

diminish [di'minif] v уменьшать disagree [,disə'gri:] v расходиться во мнениях

disagreeable [,disə'qriəbl] a неприят-

disappear [,disə'piə] v исчезать disappointment [disə'pointment] n paзочарование, досада

disarming [dis'a:min] a обезоруживаюший

disclose [dis'klouz] v обнаруживать. раскрывать

dish [dɪf] n блюдо

dishonest [dis'onist] а нечестный dismay [dis'mei] n crpax, испуг: v **ужасать** 

displeased [dis'pli:zd] а недовольный distract [dis'trækt] v отвлекать, рассеивать

distress [dis'tres] n горе, страдание disturb [dis'tə:b] v беспокоить, мешать; смущать

dock [dok] n док; (ам. разг.) пристань dogmatic [dog/mettik] а догматический, категорический

dominoes ['dominouz] n домино (uzpa) doorway ['do:wei] и дверной проем doubt [daut] n сомнение; v сомневаться

doubtfully ['dautfull] adv с сомнением

dozen [dAzn] n дюжина

[dro:n] v тащить; задергивать (занавески), приближаться: ~ out выхватывать

drawer [dro:] n выдвижной ящик (комода)

страшный dream [dri:m] v видеть во сне, меч**drink** [drink] n стакан (вина, воды); **empty** ['empti] a пустой, порожний; спиртной напиток drive (drove, driven) [drarv] ([drouv], [drivn]) v ехать (в автомобиле, экипаже и т. п.); управлять (автомобилем, машиной), ~ at something клонить к чему-нибудь (в разговоре), ~ away прогнать; п подъездная аллея к дому drop [drap] v бросить drunk [drank] а пьяный dry [drai] а сухой; v высушивать duchess ['datfis] n герцогиня due to ['dju: tə] prp благодаря, из-за duke [dju:k] n repuor dull [dal] а тупой, глупый, скучный dust-covered ['dast,kavad] a покрытый пылью Dutchman ['dat[mən] n голландец **duty** ['dju:ti] n долг; **do**  $\sim$  выполнять долг, обязанность dve [dai] v красить, окрашивать

#### E

earn [ə:n] v зарабатывать earth  $[a:\theta]$  n земля ebony ['abani] n черное дерево; aчерный как смоль edge [ed3] n край education [edju: keɪ[n] n образование effort ['efat] n усилие either ['aiðə] adv тоже (в отриц. предл.), ~... or cj или... или (в утвердит. предл.) elderly ['eldəli] а пожилой elegant ['eligant] а изящный elm [etm] n (бот.) вяз embarrass [im'bærəs] v смущать

dreadful ['dredful] a ужасный, embarrassment [im'bærəsmənt] n смушение eminent ['eminont] а выдающийся, знаменитый у опорожнить, выпустить endurance [in'djuərəns] n выносливость energetic [enə'dzetik] а энергичный engaged [in'geid3d] а помолвленный; занятый enormous [i'nɔ:məs] а огромный entrust [in'trast] v вверять envelope ['enviloup] n конверт errand ['erənd] n поручение escape [is'keip] v ускользать especially [ıs'pefəlɪ] adv особенно even [i:vn] a ровный evidently ['evidentli] adv очевидно exactly [19'zæktli] adv точно; как раз examine [ід'zæmin] v рассматривать; исследовать exceed [ik'si:d] у превышать except (for) [ik'sept] prp за исключением, кроме exclude [iks'klu:d] v исключать; не впускать execute ['eksikju:t] v казнить exhibit [Iq'zibit] v показывать, выставлять напоказ exile ['eksail] n изгнанник expect [iks'pekt] v ожидать expedition [ekspi'dɪʃn] n экскурсия expensive [iks'pensiv] а дорогой, дорого стоящий

#### F

expert ['ekspait] n эксперт, специа-

extraordinary [iks'tro:dnri] а необы-

чайный, экстраординарный

лист, знаток

fable ['feibl] n басня face [feis] v стоять лицом к чему-л. fail [feil] v ослабевать, терять силы

faint [feint] v упасть в обморок faintly ['feintli] adv едва; слабо, сла- flick [flik] v смахнуть (легким удабым голосом светлый false [fo:ls] a фальшивый familiar [fə'mɪljə] а фамильярный, бесцеремонный famous ['feiməs] а известный, знаменитый fancy ['fænsi] v воображать, представлять себе; ~ dress ball маскарад far off ['fa:r 'of] a отдаленный farm [fa:m] v обрабатывать землю fashionable ['fæsnəbl] a модный, фе- force [fɔ:s] n сила; v принудить; in шенебельный fate [feit] n судьба features ['fi:tʃəz] n черты лица fell [fel] v повалить fellow ['felou] n товарищ; собрат; че- formality [fo:'mæliti] n формальность ловек; парень, субъект;  $\sim$ -man formula ['fɔ:mjulə] n формула ближний; ~-guest сосед по гости- fortunately ['foxfnitli] adv к счастью, нице female ['fi:meil] а женского пола fetch [fetf] v сходить, съездить за вести fiction [fik[n] n беллетристика, ху- fragment ['fræqmənt] n кусок, часть, дожественная литература fill (up) [fil] v заполнять financier [fi'nænsiə], [fai'nænsiə] n frame [freim] n pamka финансист fire [faiə] v стрелять fire-place ['faiəpleis] n камин firmness ['fə:mnis] n стойкость, непоколебимость first [fə:st] adv в первый раз fish out ['fif 'aut] v выуживать fist [fist] n кулак fix [fiks] v назначать; устанавливать flash [flæf] v сверкать flask [fla:sk] n фляжка flatter [flætə] v льстить

fleshy [flest] a мясистый ром пальца)

fair [fɛə] a справедливый, честный, flight [flatt] n бегство, побег, полет fling (flung) [flɪŋ] ([flʌŋ]) v кидать(ся), бросать(ся)

> flirt [flo:t] n флирт; v флиртовать fluency ['flu:ənsi] n плавность, беглость (речи)

flush [flaf] v краснеть (о человеке) fly [flai] n Myxa

follow ['folou] у следовать за, преслеловать

forbid (forbade, forbidden) ([fə'bid] ([fə'beid], [fə'bidn]) v запрешать ~ в силе, в действии

forehead ['forid] n лоб forgive (forgave, forgiven) [fə'gıv] ([fə'qeɪv], [fə'qɪvn]) v прошать

**удачно** 

fortune ['foxfon] n богатство, состояние; счастье; **make a** ~ разбогатеть кем-л., чем-л.; принести, при- foul [faul] а грязный, дурно пахнуший

фрагмент

frail [freil] a хрупкий frighten ['fraitn] v пугать frontier ['frantjə] n граница fun  $[f_{A}n]$  n шутка, забава

funeral ['fju:nərəl] n похороны further ['fə:ðə] а дальнейший; adv дальше

fuss [fas] v суетиться, волноваться из-за пустяков

G

gaily ['qeili] adv весело, радостно

H

gain [geɪn] v зарабатывать, добывать, добиваться gamble ['gæmbl] v играть в азартные игры gang [gæn] n шайка, банда gasp [qa:sp] v открыть рот (от изумления); и вздох удивления, ужаса gateway ['gertwer] n ворота gather ['qæðə] v собирать(ся) дау [дет] а веселый generation [dʒenə'reɪʃn] n поколение generous ['dzenərəs] v великодушный, щедрый gesticulate [dzes'tıkjulent] v жестикулировать

gesture ['dzestfo] n жест get (got) [get] ([got]) v получать; доставать; достигать; становиться (делаться); ~ аway уходить, выбираться; ~ back возвращаться; ~ down спускаться; ~ frightened испугаться; ~ off сойти, слезть; ~ rid (of) избавиться giant ['dzaiənt] а гигантский

gin [dʒin] n джин (можжевеловая настойка, водка)

ginger ale ['dʒɪndʒə ,eɪl] имбирный эль (пиво)

give (gave, given) [grve] ([gerv], [grvn]) у давать, отдавать; ~ a blow нанести удар; ~ а glance взглянуть; ~ іп уступить; ~ way уступить, поллаться: ~ out иссякнуть; ~ up бросить, отказаться

go (went, gone) [gou] ([went], [gon]) v идти, ехать; ~ broke разориться; оказаться без гроша; ~ off уходить; ~ on происходить; продолжать (что-нибудь делать); ~ out бывать в обществе; ~ to pieces упасть духом; ~ round идти кругом, окружать; ~ into service идти в услужение

God [god] n бог; by ~ клянусь Богом gutter ['gatə] n канава

golf [qolf] n гольф (игра) good-humoured ['gud'hju:məd] а добродушный good-looking ['qud'lukin] a красивый, привлекательный governess ['qavənis] n гувернантка government ['qavənmənt] n правительство gown [gaun] n платье (женское), мантия; verger's ~ одежда церковного служителя grand [grænd] а грандиозный, величественный grasshopper ['gra:s,hopə] n кузнечик grave [qreiv] n могила; a важный, серьезный grateful ['grenful] а благодарный gratify ['grætıfai] v удовлетворять great nephew [great 'neviu:] внучатый племянник Greek [gri:k] n rpek greet [grit] v приветствовать greeting ['gri:tɪŋ] n приветствие grief [gri:f] n горе, печаль grimly ['grimli] adv мрачно grin [qrin] v скалить зубы, ухмыляться; п усмешка grind (ground) [graind] ([graund]) v молоть, толочь grow (grew, grown) [grou] ([gru:], [groun]) v расти, выращивать; ~ angry v рассердиться; ~ red краснеть: ~ ир вырасти grotesque [grou'tesk] а гротескный grudge [grad3] v жалеть что-л. Guatemaltecan [,gwæti'ma:ltəkn] n гватемалец guess [qes] у догадываться guest [gest] n гость gum [q<sub>A</sub>m] n десна gun [an] n ружье gun-runner[gan'ranə] n человек, незаконно ввозящий оружие

**habit** ['hæbit] n привычка, обычай: be in the ~ of иметь привычку **ham** [hæm] n окорок, ветчина hammer ['hæmə] у колотить (во чтонибудь)

hand (in) [hænd] v вручить handsome ['hænsəm] а красивый hang (hang) [hæŋ] ([hʌŋ]) v вешать; (hanged) [hænd] вешать, казнить harbour ['ha:bə] n гавань, порт hard [ha:d] а твердый, жесткий; adv настойчиво, упорно; тяжело, трудно hardly ['ha:dli] adv едва, едва ли

**harm** [ha:m] n вред, ущерб harsh [ha: f] а суровый, грубый harum-scarum ['heərəm'skeərəm] a опрометчивый, безрассудный **heart** [ha:t] n сердце; by  $\sim$  наизусть heartiness ['ha:tinis] n сердечность. искренность

heat [hi:t] n жара heated ['hi:tid] а возбужденный height [hait] n poct hell [hel] n ал

hesitate ['heziteit] v колебаться hide (hid, hidden) [haid] ([hid], [hidn]) *v* прятать(ся)

high-flown ['hai 'floun] а преувеличенный, напышенный

hill [hil] n холм hint [hint] n Hamek hire [haɪə] v нанимать hitherto [hiðə'tu:] adv до сих пор hoarse [hɔ:s] a хриплый hold (held) [hould] ([held]) v держать:

~ out вытягивать, протягивать hole [houl] n дыра hollow ['holou] n лощина, ложбина

honest ['onist] a честный

чтить

host [houst] n хозяин (человек, принимающий гостя) hostess ['houstis] n хозяйка (принимающая гостя) hotel [hou'tel] n гостиница however [hau'evə] adv однако, все же huge [hiu:dʒ] a огромный humorist ['hiu:mərist] n юморист,

hooked [hukt] а крючковатый

horror ['hora] n yжас

шутник

hunt [hant] v охотиться

hurt [hat] у причинять боль; повредить, обидеть

hush (up) [haf] v замять, замалчивать

idle [aidl] a праздный, ленивый ignorant ['ignərənt] a невежественный, необразованный illusion [ɪ'lu:ʒn] n иллюзия, мираж imagine [ı'mædʒɪn] v воображать, представлять себе

imitation [imi'teifn] n имитация, подделка

immediately [ı'mi:djətlɪ] adv немедленно, сразу же

imposing [im'pouzin] а производящий впечатление (размерами и m.n.

impress [im'pres] у произвести впечатление

impression [ɪm'preʃn] n-впечатление inadequate [in'ædikwit] a несоответственный

inconsolable [,inkən'souləbl] a безутешный

inconvenient [,inkən'vi:njənt] a He-**УДОБНЫЙ** 

incredible [in'kredəbl] а невероятный honour ['onə] n честь; v почитать, indeed [in'di:d] adv в самом деле, лействительно

Indian ['indian] n индиец, индеец indicated ['indikeitid] а указанный indifferent [in'difrent] а безразличный, равнодушный industrious [in'dastries] а трудолюби- jungle [dʒaŋgl] n джунгли вый inevitably [in'evitabli] adv неизбежно infect [in'fekt] v заражать insist (on) [in'sist] v настаивать inspection [in'spekfn] n осмотр in spite of [in'spart of] prp, cj несмотря на instinctively [in'stinktivli] adv инстинктивно instruct [in'strakt] v инструктировать, давать указания interest ['intrist] n зд. проценты (на капитал) interval ['intəvəl] n промежуток; at ~ время от времени intimately ['intimitli] adv близко (знать) intrigued [int'ri:gd] а заинтригованный introduce [intrə'dju:s] v представлять

invalid ['invəlid] n инвалид, больной

invest [in'vest] v помещать, вкла-

ivory ['aivəri] n слоновая кость; цвет

iron ['aɪən] v гладить (утюгом)

слоновой кости

лывать деньги

iail [dzeil] n тюрьма, темница jaundice ['dʒɔ:ndɪs] n мед. желтуха јаw [dʒɔ:] n челюсть jewel ['dʒu:əl] n драгоценный камень, ювелирная вещь jeweller ['dʒu:ələ] n ювелир join [dʒɔɪn] v присоединять(ся), вступать (в) joke [dzouk] n шутка **journey** ['dʒə:nɪ] *n* поездка, путешествие (преим. сухопутное)

judge [dʒʌdʒ] v судить, давать оценjump [dʒʌmp] v прыгать, подпрыiunk [dank] n джонка (китайское плоскодонное парусное судно)

#### K

keep (kept) [ki:p] ([kept]) v держать; продолжать делать что-л.; ~ warm согревать khaki ['ka:ki] a цвета хаки; n материя защитного цвета kindliness ['kaındlınıs] п доброта knack [næk] *п* ловкость, сноровка kneel [ni:l] v стать на колени knock [nok] v стучать(ся), колотить knowledge ['nolid3] n знание

#### L

label [leibl] n ярлык, бирка lad [læd] n парень, юноша ladder ['lædə] n лестница; мор. трап land [lænd] v высадиться landscape ['lænskeip] n ландшафт; пейзаж last [la:st] adv в последний раз Latin Quarter ['lætɪn 'kwɔ:tə] Латинский квартал - район в Париже latter ['lætə] а последний (из двух названных) law [lo:] n закон lawyer ['lo:jə] n адвокат, юрист lay (laid) [lei] ([leid]) v положить lean [li:n] v прислониться learn [1ə:n] v узнавать least [list] а малейший; adv менее всего: at ~ по крайней мере lend [lend] v давать взаймы let (let) [let] v позволять; сдавать внаем

liar [laiə] n лгун liberty ['libəti] n свобода; бесцеремонность; take a ~ позволить себе вольность light (lit) [latt] ([ltt]) v зажигать limb [lim] n конечность, орган тела liner ['laɪnə] n пассажирский пароход; ocean-going ~ океанский пароход lion [laɪən] n лев lip [lip] n ry6a liqueur [li'kjuə] n фр. ликер **liquor** ['likə] n спиртной напиток lively ['larvlı] а оживленный load [loud] v заряжать local [loukl] а местный lock [lok] v запирать log-cabin [1g'kæbin] n бревенчатая mean [mi:n] a скупой, скаредный хижина lonely ['lounli] а одинокий long chair ['lon 'tsee] и шезлонг look [luk] v смотреть; ~ about осматриваться; ~ after присматривать (за); ~ for искать; ~ into исследовать loose [lu:s] a распущенный Lord [lo:d] n господь бог lottery ['lotəri] n лотерея lounge [laundʒ] n комната отдыха; кресло, диван loveliness ['lavlinis] n красота, очарование luck [lak] n удача; bad  $\sim$  несчастье, неудача; good ~ удача luggage ['lagid3] n barax

#### M

macaroni [,mækə'rouni] n макароны make (made) [meik] ([meid]) v делать; заставлять; ~ money зарабатывать, наживать деньги; ~ friends подружиться; ~ a fortune разбогатеть: ~ the most использовать:

стовериться;. ~ up one's mind peшиться: ~ one's way протолкаться male [meil] а мужской (non) **manage** ['mænidʒ] v справляться, обходиться manager ['mænidʒə] n заведующий; директор manner ['mænə] n манера marvel ['ma:vəl] n чудо master ['ma:stə] n хозяин matron ['meitrən] n сестра-хозяйка matter ['mætə] n дело; вопрос; предмет; материал mean (meant) [mi:n] ([ment]) v значить, обозначать; подразумевать: хотеть сказать melted ['meltid] p.p. растопленный mention [menfn] v упоминать menu ['meniu:] n меню merchant ['mə:tʃənt] n торговец, коммерсант mercilessly ['mə:sɪləslɪ] adv безжалостmerry ['meri] а веселый Mexican ['meksikən] n мексиканец mild ['maild] a мягкий: кроткий. тихий mile [mail] n миля mind ['maind] v возражать; иметь в виду; п ум. рассудок might [mait] n сила, мощь misery ['mizən] n страдание, нищета mixer ['miksə] n ам. разг. общительный человек moan [moun] v стонать modest ['modist] а скромный monogram ['monogræm] n монограмма monster ['monstə] и чудовище monstrous ['monstres] а чудовищный moral ['mɔral] а моральный, нрав-

~ a place потесниться; ~ sure удо-

ственный

много motto ['motou] n девиз mosquito [məs'ki:tou] n комар move [mu:v] v двигаться; сдвинуться с места, пошевелиться Mr = Mister ['mistə] n мистер, господин (ставится перед фамилией

мужчины) Mrs = Mistress ['misiz] n миссис, госпожа (обращение к замужней женщине, употребляется всегда с фамилией)

murderer ['mə:dərə] n убийца **титтит** ['mə:mə] v бормотать mutton chop ['matn 'tfop] баранья котлета mysterious [mis'tiəriəs] a таинствен-

ный, непостижимый

#### N

namesake ['neimseik] n тезка native ['neitiv] n туземец; ~ of the odd [od] a странный place местный житель natural ['nætfrəll a естественный, простой nearly ['nɪəlɪ] adv почти neat [ni:t] a аккуратный, чистый neck [nek] n шея necklace ['neklis] n ожерелье **nerve** [nax] n нерв: хладнокровие, мужество nervous ['nə:vəs] а нервный; be ~ нервничать, волноваться net [net] n сетка netting ['netin] n сеть, сетка news-agent ['nju:zeidʒənt] n газетчик, имеющий киоск next (to) [nekst] рядом noble ['noubl] а благородный nod [nod] v кивать головой; n кивок головой none [nan] pron ни один

more [mo:] adv еще; a bit ~ еще не- nonsense ['nonsons] n чепуха, ерунnon-smoker ['non'smouka] n некуряnostril ['nostril] n ноздря note [nout] n банкнота notice |'noutis] v заметить; take no ~ не обращать внимания, не за**notion** [nou[n] n понятие, представnowadays ['nauədeiz] adv в наше вреnuisance ['nju:səns] n неприятность number ['nambə] n число;  $\mathbf{a} \sim \mathbf{of}$  ряд

#### 0

objection [əb'dzekfn] n возражение occasion [ə'keɪʒn] n случай; on one ~ однажды occur [ə'kə:] v приходить на ум; встречаться; случаться offal ['afal] n отбросы offensive [ə'fensiv] а обидный, оскорбительный offer ['ofə] v предлагать office [' $\circ$ fis] n контора; должность, служба; обязанность, функция, пост oil [эі] n нефть old-fashioned ['ould'fæ[end] a crapoмолный only ['ounli] a единственный opinion [ə'pɪnjən] n мнение; взгляд opportunity [эрэ'tju:ntt] n благоприятный случай opposite ['эрәzɪt] adv, prp напротив; против order ['o:də] v приказать; заказать; n порядок; приказ; заказ; out of ~ не в порядке oriental [э:ri'entl] a восточный

outhouse ['authaus] n надворное строение outlive ['autliv] v пережить outright ['autrait] n контур, очертаoutside ['autsaid] adv снаружи **outstretched** ['autstretft] а протянутый overload [,ouvə'loud] v перегружать overlook [.ouvə'luk] v выходить на (об окне)

#### P

раск [pæk] v упаковаться; запол- peso ['peisou] n пезо (исп. монета) нять; п колода (карт) painter ['peintə] n художник pal[pæl] n дружок, товариш Palace Hotel ['pælis hou'tel] Палас-Отель (название гостиницы) pale [peil] a бледный; turn (go, pink [piŋk] a розовый grow) ~ побледнеть pale-boy [peilboi] n мальчик-слуга paralyse ['pærəlaiz] v парализовать parish ['pæn] n приход; a приходский party ['pa:ti] *п* прием гостей; вечер, вечеринка; give a ~ устроить вечер, прием гостей pass [ра:s] v проводить время; проходить; проезжать; ~ оп прохолить мимо passenger ['pæsindзə] n пассажир passion [pæfn] n страсть patience ['peisns] и пасьянс (карточная игра) patriarchal [peitn'a:kəl] a патриархальный pause [pɔ:z] n пауза; v останавли- pope [poup] n римский папа ваться, делать паузу раwn [po:n] v закладывать, отдавать porter ['po:to] n носильщик в залог рау [pei] v платить; ~ attention to pound [paund] n фунт (мера веса). обратить внимание peach [pi:tf] n персик 127

реер (in) [pi:p] v заглядывать peeress ['piəris] n супруга пэра, леди peg[peg] n вешалка penniless ['penilis] а безденежный. белный penny ['peni] n пенни (английская мелкая монета) perch [patf] v садиться (o nmuue) perfect ['pa:fikt] a отличный, совершенный perform [pə'fɔ:m] v исполнять, выполнять persuade [pə'sweid] v убежлать photograph ['foutэgra:f] n фотография pick [pik] v собирать, срывать (иветы, ягоды) picturesque [piktfə'resk] а живописный pitiful ['pitiful] а жалкий, плачевный place [pleis] v поместить; n место plain [plein] а ясный, понятный please [pli:z] v нравиться; доставлять удовольствие pleased [pli:zd] а довольный, радостный pleasure ['ple3ə] n удовольствие point [point] у показывать: ~ out указывать poker ['poukə] n покер (карточная police [pə'li:s] *n* полиция politeness [pə'laitnis] n вежливость politics ['politiks] n политика poorly ['puəli] a predic. нездоровый port [post] n nopt postpone [poust'poun] v отложить фунт стерлингов (английские день-(us

powerful ['pauəful] a могущественный, сильный precede [pri'si:d] v предшествовать precious ['prefəs] а драгоценный prefer [pri'fə] v предпочитать prehistoric [pri:his'torik] а доисторический present ['preznt] n подарок; (oneself) [pri'zent] v представиться presently ['prezentli] adv BCKOpe press [pres] v жать; прессовать; ~ upon навязывать; гладить pretend [pri'tend] v притворяться pretty ['priti] a хорошенький; adv ловольно prevent [pri'vent] v предотвратить previous ['pri:vjes] а предыдущий priceless ['praislis] а бесценный; восхитительный pride [praid] n гордость prince [prins] n принц prison [prizn] n тюрьма private ['praivit] а частный, личный prize [praiz] n приз probably ['probabli] adv возможно, вероятно profession [prə'fefn] n профессия progress ['prougros] n прогресс; зд. rags [rægz] n лохмотья развитие событий **prohibition** [.proui'bɪ[n] *n* запрещение promise ['promis] v обещать; n обеpromptly ['promptli] adv сразу, не- rate [reit] n норма; степень, тариф медленно propose (to) [prə'pouz] v сделать предложение (о браке) prospect ['prospekt] n перспектива protect [pro'tekt] v защищать; покровительствовать proud (of) [praud] а гордый; be ~ of reassure ['ri:ə'ʃuə] v успокаивать гордиться prove [pru:v] v доказать puppet ['papit] n марионетка ригроѕе ['рә:рәѕ] и намерение

push [puf] v толкать put [put] v поставить, положить; ~ aside (away) отложить; ~ in входить в порт: ~ on airs важничать; ~ ир принимать, давать приют; ~ upon обманывать puzzle ['pazl] v озадачивать, ставить в тупик

## Q

quaint ['kweint] а странный, причудливый quarter ['kwo:tə] n четверть; квартал quay [ki:] п набережная (для причала судов) queer [kwiə] а странный quieten (down) ['kwarətən] v утихомириться, угомониться quietly ['kwaiətli] adv спокойно, скромно quiver ['kwivə] v трепетать, дрожать мелкой дрожью

### R

rage [reid3] n ярость ragged ['rægid] а неровный; рваный, в лохмотьях; нечесаный, косматый raise [reiz] v поднимать rather ['ra:ðə] adv довольно; конечно: скорее (чем) ready-made [redi'meid] а готовый; сшитый не на заказ realize ['riəlaiz] v ясно представлять себе rebel ['rebl] n бунтовщик, мятежник rebellion [rɪ'beljən] n восстание, бунт

rebellious [ri'beljəs] а мятежный,

повстанческий

recognize ['rekəgnaiz] v узнавать; признавать кем-л. redouble [п'dлbl] у удваивать refuse [п'fju:z] v отказывать(ся) regiment ['redʒɪmənt] n полк regret [п'gret] v сожалеть rejoin [гі'dʒɔɪn] v воен. явиться из ruddy ['rʌdi] а румяный запаса на действительную служrelief [n'li:f] n облегчение; успокое- rug [гад] n ковер remain [п'meɪn] v оставаться remark [n'ma:k] v замечать, делать run (ran, run) [ran] ([ræn]) v бежать; замечание о чем-л. remarkable [ri'ma:kabl] a замечательный remittance [ri'mitons] и пересылка денег; ~ тап эмигрант, живущий на деньги, присылаемые с родиsabre ['seɪbə] n сабля, шашка reply [ri'plai] n ответ; v отвечать **report** [n'port] *n* залп, звук выстрела **safe** [setf] *a* безопасный; надежный; residence ['rezidens] n резиденция resignation [,rezig'neifn] n заявление об уходе с должности resolute ['rezəlu:t] а решительный respect [ris'pekt] n уважение respectful [ris'pektful] а почтительный rest [rest] v отдыхать; останавливаться restful ['restfəl] а успокоительный restaurant ['restərə:n] n ресторан retired [п'taiəd] a уединенный; отставной retort [n'to:t] v отпарировать (колкость), резко возражать rheumatism ['ru:mətizm] n ревматизм **rib** [пb] *n* ребро rid [rid] v освобождать; to get ~ отлелываться

recall [п'kɔ:l] v вспоминать, при- rock [rɔk] v качать, колебать поминать, воскрешать (в памя- roof [ru:f] n крыша rough [rʌf] а грубый; неотделанный; приблизительный: in the ~ приroughneck ['rafnek] n хулиган row [rou] n ряд row [rou] v грести rub [rab] v тереть ruffian ['rʌfjən] n хулиган, головорез ruin ['ruin] v разрушать; ~s n pl развалины; зд. гибель

#### S

встретиться, натолкнуться

вести (дело); курсировать; ~ across

sacrifice ['sækrıfais] v жертвовать, приносить в жертву be ~ находиться в безопасности safely ['seifli] adv благополучно sail [seil] v плавать, отплывать, кататься на парусной лодке sailor ['seilə] n моряк salmon ['sæmən] n лососина sane [sein] a нормальный, в своем satisfactorily [,sætis'fækterili] adv удовлетворительно satisfied ['sætisfaid] а удовлетворенsave [seiv] v спасать; накопить; сэкономить savings-bank ['seivinzbæŋk] n c6epeгательная касса Scandinavian [skændr/nervjən] a скандинавский scanty ['skæntɪ] а скудный

scar [ska:] n шрам, рубец scarcely ['skɛəslı] adv едва (ли); только что scarlet fever ['ska:lit 'fi:və] m скарлаscent [sent] n духи́ scream [skri:m] v вопить, визжать scrub [skrab] n чистка (щеткой) seat [si:t] v усаживаться; ~ oneself сесть; п место second-best [sekənd'best] a второсортный securities [sɪ'kjuərɪtɪz] n ценные бумаги see off ['si: 'of] v проводить (на вокзал. на пристань и т. д.) seize [siz] v схватить, охватить self-assurance ['selfə' [uərəns] n camo**уверенность** selfish ['selfif] а эгоистичный senator ['senata] n сенатор señor [sə'niɔ:] n ucn. господин sense [sens] n чувство sensible ['sensəbl] а разумный sentence ['sentons] v приговаривать separate ['separent] у разлучаться, расходиться serve [sə:v] v служить, обслуживать settle ['setl] v поселяться, обосновываться shabby ['ſæbi] а оборванный, поношенный shake (shook, shaken) [feik] ([fuk], [feikn]) v трясти(сь) ~ hands пожать руку shape [ferp] n форма shapeless ['feiplis] а бесформенный share [[єә] v делить, разделять; n акция, пай sharply ['[a:pli] adv резко shatter ['fætə] v зд. потрясти shave [feiv] v бриться shawl ['fo:1] n шаль sheer [ʃіә] а чистый, явный, абсолютный

shell [fel] n артиллерийский снаряд shine [fain] v чистить (обувь) show in ['fou 'in] у вводить, приглашать shrewd [fru:d] a проницательный, **УМНЫЙ** shrug [[гла] v пожимать (плечами) shutter ['[ata] n ставень shy [fai] а застенчивый, робкий side street ['said 'strix] n переулок siege [si:dʒ] n осада siesta [si'estə] n ucn. полуденный отлых **sigh** [sai] v вздыхать; n вздох sign [sain] n знак; v подписатьsignore [sɪ'njɔ:r] n um. сеньор, господин signora [sɪ'niɔ:ra:] n um. сеньора, госsight [sait] n зрение; вид; to catch ~ (of) замечать similar ['sımılə] а подобный, похожий simplicity [sim'plisiti] n простота, простодушие since [sins] adv c Tex Hop singlet ['sɪŋqlɪt] n фуфайка sink (sank, sunk) [sink] ([sænk], [sank]) у опускаться: падать; **ту** heart sank у меня упало сердце sip [sip] v потягивать, прихлебывать skin [skin] n кожа; шкура skinny ['skini] а худой, тощий skipper ['skipə] кивер; капитан (торгового судна) slap [slæp] v хлопать, шлепать slender ['slendə] а тонкий, стройный slip [slip]  $\nu$  скользить;  $3\partial$ . опустить slight [slatt] а незначительный, легкий slim [slim] а тонкий, стройный small change [smo:l 'tfeind3] мелкие smart [smart] а шеголеватый

small [smel] n запах; v нюхать snack [snæk] n легкая закуска snub [snab] у осадить, обрезать society [sə'saɪəti] n 3d. «CBeT», CBeTское общество soft [soft] a мягкий, тихий (о голо- startling ['sta:tlin] a потрясающий ce) sombrero [səm'breərou] n ucn. сомб- statement ['steitment] n констатация реро (широкополая шляпа) somewhat ['sʌmwət] adv отчасти, до state-room ['stentrum] n отдельная канекоторой степени sorry ['sori] a predic. огорченный; be station [steifn] п положение (в обще-~ сожалеть; сочувствовать; просить извинения soul [soul] n душа sound [saund] n 3BVK, HIVM soundly ['saundli] adv крепко; sleep steal (stole, stolen) [sti:l] ([stoul], ~ крепко спать sovereign ['sovrin] n соверен (золотая steep [sti:p] а крутой монета в один фунт стерлингов) space [speis] n пространство Spaniard ['spænjed] n испанец specialist ['spefəlist] n специалист specialize ['spefəlaiz] v специализи- stick (stuck) [stik] ([stak]) v вонзать, роваться speedily ['spi:dili] adv быстро, поспешно spirit ['spirit] n дух, душа; high ~s sting (stung) [stin] ([stʌn]) v ужалить; приподнятое настроение splendid ['splendid] a роскошный, stir [sta:] v шевелить(ся); n движевеликолепный spoil [spoil] v испортить spot [spot] n место spotless ['spotlis] а без единого пятнышка spread (spread, spread) [spred] v pacпространяться spring (sprang, sprung) [sprin] ([spræn], [spran]) и прыгать spurt [spə:t] v бить струей squad [skwod] n воен. группа, отряд strike (struck) [strak] ([strak]) v удаsquare [skweə] а квадратный stab [stæb] v наносить удар кинжа- stroll [stroul] v прогуливаться, идти лом

stagger ['stægə] v ошеломлять staff [sta:f] n штаб stare [step] у смотреть пристально, **уставиться** startle ['sta:tl] v удивлять, поражать state [steit] n состояние факта; заявление юта на пароходе стве); у размещать stay [stei] v останавливаться, жить steady ['stedi] а уравновещенный, спокойный ['stouln]) v украсть steer [stip] и молодой вол или бык step [step] n шаг; ступенька steward ['stjuəd] n официант (на пароходе, самолете) втыкать, застрять; ~ together держаться вместе stifling ['staiflin] a душный задеть, обидеть ние, оживление stock [stok] n акция stolid ['stolid] а флегматичный, бесстрастный stomach ['stamak] n желудок straighten ['streitn] v выпрямляться strain [strein] n напряжение stranger ['streindʒə] n незнакомец strengthen ['strengen] v усиливать. укреплять(ся) рить, поразить: п забастовка

не торопясь

stub [stab] n okypok **sturdy** ['stə:dɪ] *a* сильный, крепкий, здоровый suburbs ['sabə:bz] n пригород, окраина (города) success [sak'ses] n vcnex; to be a ~ иметь успех suicide ['siuɪsaɪd] n самоубийство suit [sjut] n костюм;  $\nu$  подходить, соответствовать suitcase ['sju:tkeis] n чемодан suggest [sə'dʒest] v предлагать; подсказывать (мысль) sum [sam] n cymma supply [sə'plai] v снабжать, поставлять suppose [sə'pouz] v предполагать, полагать, допускать surprise [sə'praiz] v удивлять; n удивление, сюрприз surround [sə'raund] v окружать survive [sə'vaɪv] v выжить, остаться в живых suspect [səs'pekt] v подозревать suspicion [səs'pɪʃn] n подозрение swear (swore, sworn) [sweə] ([swo:], [swo:n]) v клясться sweet [swi:t] а сладкий, нежный; swim (swam, swum) [swim] ([swæm], [swam]) у плавать **symbol** ['simbl] n символ.

tactlessly [tæktlisli] adv бестактно take (took, taken) [terk] ([tuk], [teɪkn]) v брать, взять; ~ care of ухаживать, присматривать; ~ notice заметить, обратить внимание: ~ part принимать участие; ~ place иметь место; совершаться; place заменить

talkative ['to:kətiv] a разговорчивый, болтливый talk over ['to:k'ouvə] v обсудить taste [teist] n BKyc tavern ['tævən] n таверна tear (tore, torn) [tea] ([to:], [to:n]) v рвать, отрывать temple [templ] n висок tempt [tempt] v соблазнять tender ['tendə] а нежный terrible ['terəbl] а ужасный terrific [tə'rıfık] а ужасающий terrifying ['terrfarm] а ужасающий therefore ['ðɛəfɔ:] adv поэтому thick [θιk] a густой thief  $[\theta i:f]$  (pl thieves) n BOD thoroughly ['Өлгэli] adv основательно. вполне though [ðou] cj. хотя; несмотря на thread  $[\Theta red]$  n нитка, ниточка throat [Orout] n горло throw (threw, thrown)  $[\theta rou]$  ( $[\theta ru:]$ , [θroun]) v бросать ticket ['tɪkɪt] n билет tickle ['tɪkl] v щекотать tidy (up) ['taɪdɪ] v прибрать; a кругленький (о сумме) tin [tin] n олово, жесть tiny ['taɪnɪ] а крошечный tip [tɪp] n кончик; чаевые (официанту и т. п.) tire [taiə] v утомлять, надоедать; ~ing of устав от tiresome ['taɪəsəm] а надоедливый, утомительный, скучный tobacconist [tə'bækənıst] n хозяин табачного магазина to-night [tə'naɪt] adv сегодня вечером toothless ['tu:Olis] а беззубый total ['toutl] a абсолютный touching ['tʌt[ɪŋ] а трогательный ~ a risk рисковать; ~ someone's towards [tə'wə:dz] prp к, по направлению к

tov [toi] n игрушка; ~ theatre кукольный театр trace [treis] n след, незначительное количество, следы trade [treid] n профессия, ремесло; be in ~ быть специалистом в данной области traffic ['træfik] и движение; трансtragic ['trædʒik] a трагический; тра- uncomplaining [Ankəm'pleɪnɪŋ] a гичный transfer ['trænsfə: | n документ о пе- undo ['An'du:] v расстегивать transform [træns'fo:m] v трансформировать: преобразовывать tremble ['trembl] v дрожать trick [trik] n зд. фокус trifle ['traifl] n пустяк, мелочь;  $\mathbf{a} \sim$ немного, слегка trip [trip] n поездка; рейс triumph ['traiəmf] n триумф triumphantly [trai'Amfantli] adv Topжествующе troop [tru:p] n отряд; ~s войска trouble [trabl] v беспокоить, огорчать; п огорчение, беспокойство; а огорченный troublesome ['trablsəm] а причиняющий беспокойство trousers ['trauzəz] n pl. брюки trousseau ['tru:sou] n фр. приданое trunk [trank] n дорожный сундук, чемодан try [trai] v судить; пытаться, стараться; пробовать tumbler ['tamblə] n бокал (без нож-

матоха, смятение

тить(ся); стать, сделаться; ~ pale

~ out выгонять; оказываться; ~

побледнеть: ~ аway отвернуться;

tower [tauə] n башня

ир появляться; п поворот; потрясение; give someone а ~ напугать, вызвать нервное потрясение

#### U

uncanny [лп'kæni] а жуткий, сверхъестественный uncertain [An'sə:tn] а неопределенный, ненадежный кроткий, покорный uneasily [An'i:zɪlı] adv с тревогой unexpected [Aniks'pektid] а неожиданный unhappy [лп'hæpi] а несчастный united [ju:'naitid] a объединенный; ~ family дружная семья unless [ən'les] сі если не; разве только unlike [An'laik] prp в отличие от unpleasant [An'pleznt] a неприятный, несимпатичный unpretentious [Anpri'tenfəs] a CKPOMный, без претензий unwise [An'waiz] а не(благо)разумный upright ['Ap'rait] а прямой, честный; adv прямо, вертикально upset (upset, upset) [Ap'set] v onpoкилывать upstanding [Ap'stændin] a уверенный в себе urchin ['ext[m] n мальчишка, пострел; street ~ беспризорник

turmoil ['tə:məil] n беспорядок, су- vacancy ['veikənsi] n вакансия, своболное место turn [ta:n] v повернуть(ся); превра- vaguely ['verqli] adv неопределенно,

> vain [vein] a напрасный; in  $\sim$  напрасно

ценность vanity ['væniti] n тщеславие vary ['vɛɔrɪ] v различаться, менятьveil [veil] n вуаль; покрывало vein [vein] n вена verandah [və'rændə] n веранда verger ['və:dʒə] n церковный служитель vestry ['vestri] n церк. ризница vicar ['vikə] n викарий, приходский священник view [vju:] n вид; a point of  $\sim$  точка зрения villa ['vɪlə] n вилла vitality [vai'tæliti] n жизнеспособность

#### W

vivid ['vɪvɪd] а яркий, живой

бый

waiter ['weitə] n официант wake (woke, woken; unu waked, waked) [weik] ([wouk], ['woukn], [weikt] v просыпаться (тж. to ~ ир); будить want [wont] v хотеть; нуждаться в чем-л.; п нужда, потребность war [wo:] n война wardrobe ['wo:droub] n гардероб; ~ trunk сундук wash-tub ['wɔʃ'tʌb] n лохань для стирки, корыто waste [weist] v терять (время) wasted ['weistid] a истошенный, изнуренный watch [wotf] v наблюдать; следить wave [weiv] n волна wave [weiv] v махать; ~ aside отмахнуться, сделать знак кому-л. удалиться

value ['vælju:] n цена, стоимость, way [wei] n путь, дорога; by the ~ кстати; give ~ уступить; in a ~ в своем роде; on the ~ по дороге wear (wore, worn) [weə] ([wo:], [wo:n]) v носить (одежду), быть одетым во что-л.; ~ оп медленно тянуться (о времени); ~ out износить weather-beaten ['weðə ,bi:tn] a 3aкаленный (о людях); поврежденный бурями, непогодой wedding ['wedɪn] *n* свадьба weigh [weil v весить well-off [wel'of] а состоятельный, зажиточный well-read ['wel'red] а начитанный wet [wet] а сырой, мокрый whenever [wen'evə] adv всякий раз когда, когда бы ни while [wail] cj пока, в то время как; vulgar ['vʌlgə] а вульгарный, груп время, промежуток времени whip out ['wip 'aut] v выхватить whole [houl] a целый, весь widow ['widou] n вдова; ~ed овдовевший wild ['waild] a необузданный, дикий; беспорядочный will [wil] n воля willing ['wɪlɪŋ] a (охотно) готовый win (won) [win] ([wan]) v выигрывать (в карты), побеждать wonder ['wandə] v интересоваться, гадать, думать с интересом; удивwonderful ['wandəful] a удивительный worry ['wari] n беспокойство worship ['wə:fip] v обожать, преклоняться worth [wə: $\theta$ ] a стоящий; be ~ иметь цену worthless ['wə:Olis] а ничего не сто-

wound [wu:nd] n paha; v ранить **wrap** [ræp] *v* завертывать wretchedness ['retfidnis] n несчастье, вызванное бедностью или душевными переживаниями

wrinkled ['rɪnkld] а сморщенный

Y

yacht [jot] n яхта

ящий; никчемный

топочтенный

worthy ['wə:ði] а достойный, дос-

### СЛОВАРЬ ГЕОГРАФИЧЕСКИХ НАЗВАНИЙ

Arizona [,æri'zounə] Аризона (назва-						
	ние	штата	в	юго-западной	час-	
	mu	CIIIA)				
-	**	rh 11		1 -		

Balkans ['bo:lkənz] Балканы

Batavia [bə'teɪvjə] Батавия (старое голландское название столицы Индонезии — Джакарты)

Вогнео ['южной] о-в Борнео

Саргі ['кетргі] о-в Капри

Central America ['sentrl ə'merikə] Центральная Америка

China ['tfarnə] Китай

Europe l'iuarapl Европа

Guatemala City [ gwæti'ma:lə 'sıtı] Гватемала Сити (столица Гватемалы)

Hong Kong [hən/kən] Гонконг

Japan [dʒə'pæn] Япония

Kobe ['koubi] Кобе (крупный торговый порт в Японии)

Kuching ['kutfin] Кучинг (город на Sumatra [sur'matra] о-в Суматра острове Борнео)

'si: | Средиземное море

Mexico City ['meksikou 'siti] город Мехико (столица Мексики)

Monte Carlo [mountə 'ka:lou] Монте-Карло (город в княжестве Монако, известный своими игорными домами)

Nicaragua [,nɪkə'ræqjuə] Никарагуа (государство в Центральной Америке)

Paris ['pæris] г. Париж

- Pennsylvania [pensil'veinja] Пенсильвания (штат на северо-востоке США)

Portsmouth ['po:tsməθ] Πορτεμίτ (20род в Великобритании на побережье Ла-Манша)

Rome [roum] г. Рим

Shanghai [sæn'har] г. Шанхай

Singapore [singə'po:] г. Сингапур Soerabaya [surə'barə] Сурабая (порт

в восточной части острова Явы)

Somerset(shire) ['saməsit(fiə)] Coмерсет(шир) (район Англии)

Sorbonne [sə'bə:n] Сорбоннский университет в Париже

Southampton [sau0'æmpton] Cayrгемптон (город на юге Великобритании)

Vancouver [væn'ku:və] г. Ванкувер

Mediterranean Sea [meditə'reinjən Vera Cruz ['verə'kruz] Bepa Kpyc (торговый город и главный морской порт в Мексике)

Vienna [vɪ'enə] г. Вена

Yokohama [.joukə'ha:mə] Йокогама (город и крупнейший порт Японии)

Yucatan ['iu:kətən] п-ов Юкатан

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Учебное издание

### Моэм Сомерсет

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